

DBCP38 – Oct 2022



Convergence Accelerator



BackyardBuoys.org

Sebastien Boulay, SouthSeas Consulting Ltd, sebastienboulay@gmail.com

Partnerships

Principal Investigators

Marshall Islands Conservation Society

Climate Change

Indigenous people have depended on the ocean for a millenia, but climate change is causing less predictable storm surges and coastal hazards, affecting marine safety, water quality, coastal erosion, and food security.

Community-accessible Tech: Spotter buoys

Our solution: Indigenous community-driven stewardship of lower cost, user-friendly technology to provide real-time wave data, adaptable for other ocean data needs.

Challenges = Opportunities

- Limited human capacity and financial investment
- Demand for community autonomy
- Need for wave data to be easy to access and understand

Together we are **co-designing:**

A Community-led Plan for

- Implementation
- Stewardship
- Data delivery apps
- Bridge to Indigenous knowledge
- Education modules

Backyard Buoys. com /QIN

TIME = 12:30 PDT WAVE HT = B FT

WAVE PD = 10 S WAVE DIR = ESE

LINS MAR HOUSE

WIND DIR = NNW TEMP = 50 F ricarini

United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development calls to "promote a more targeted and effective information flow as well as innovative ways of conducting and using ocean science."

Community review, question and listening sessions, fine tune, edit.

Community Research and Implementation Stewardship Plan

Co-Production: A process that takes time and requires trust

Co-production process defined by the following guidelines:

- Respect
- Relationship building = SUCCESS
- Learn to speak in a way that partners understand
- Phrasing questions to create meaningful dialogue
- Flexibility in methods used to collect information
- LISTENING = LEARNING

Backyard Buoys will succeed because...

www.backyardbuoys.org

- It is needed
- It is now possible
- It can be sustained
- The cost of waiting is too high
- The seas are already changing

Review of Year 1: NSF Convergence Accelerator

- Launched by NSF in 2019 to solve national societal challenges by converging or merging on innovative ideas, technologies, etc.
 - Use-inspired and application-oriented
 - Integrates teams across different disciplines and organizations
 - Currently: 7 tracks funded
 - We are part of Track E: Blue Economy
- This is NOT a typical NSF grant!!
 - NSF curricula & meetings
 - Annual meeting to present update
 - Expo in July of each year (virtual exhibit hall)
 - Open to changing of "product" based on feedback
 - Opportunities for investment through track integration for sustainability

UPDATE: FUNDING!

- USD5M
- 2 years
- Around 80 wave buoys to be purchased and deployed
- Interviews in all 3 regions
- Co-design of the
 - **o** Implementation plan (CRISP)
 - Data deliverables: web portal, app, text-a-buoy
- Education Program
- White paper?

Phase II (simplified) Timeline and Deliverables

BACKYARD

Barrow (Utqiaġvik)

•Alaska: Alaska Ocean Observing System (AOOS), Alaska Eskimo Whaling Commission (AEWC), University of Alaska Fairbanks (UAF), Alaska Department of Natural Resources (ADNR), and Alaska Native Science & Engineering Program (ANSEP).

•Pacific Northwest: Northwest Association of Networked Ocean Observing Systems (NANOOS), Quileute Tribe, Quinault Indian Nation, Western Washington University (WWU).

•Pacific Islands: Pacific Islands Ocean Observing System (PacIOOS), Marshall Islands Conservation Society (MICS), National Park of American Samoa (NPSA), Hawai'i Sea Grant, Conservation International Hawai'i.

•Sofar Ocean Technologies

2 days of open conversations and feedback from whaling captains and local community members Technology demonstration

- Virtual attendance of Dr Rick Spinrad (Head of NOAA)
- Sharing of traditional knowledge between communities from Samoa and Alaska

First workshop: August 2022

First workshop: August 2022

Scientists Providing Hyperlocal Data For Tides, Floods, and Sea Level Rise

Democratizing Access

To Ocean-Observing Technology

Over 40 years experience

Deploying Environmental Sensors

\$3.5m funding

From National Science Foundation, NOAA, and Schmidt Technology Partners

350,000+ Hours of Water Level Monitoring

350,000+ Active Monitoring Hours Since 2021

40+ Active Locations

In Partnership With NOAA, 60 Municipalities

Hohonu

Collect, Analyze, Deliver Water Data Hohonu

USD3,100 / Year

1) Data Collection

- 10x cheaper
- Solar-Powered
- No Required Infrastructure
- Can Last Years Without Maintenance

2) Data Analysis

- Tidal Predictions
- Flood Mapping
- Sea Level Rise Benchmarking

3) Data Distribution

- Online Portal
- 2• API Access

Example - Sunny Day Flooding

In this Jan 2022 example, NOAA's prediction was incorrectly below the safety threshold

Kiawah Island, SC is now using Hohonu data to pre-emptively close roads

Hohonu

Example: Tsunami Monitoring & Detection Hohonu

Hohonu data undergoes proprietary real-time data validation and analysis, based upon Federal data standards (QARTOD).

These algorithms automatically triggered detection of a ~10cm tsunami in Hawai'i in 2019

Hurricane Ian – NOAA Benchmarking

Hohonu

NÓAA

Hohonu's captured data in Fernandina, FL are directly overlapping to NOAA"s station located at the same site

Hohonu

Tampa Bay - Water Sucked Out Of Bay

Ian caused water to be sucked out of Tampa Bay and directed south, which was captured by Hohonu's sensor in John's Pass

Georgetown, South Carolina

"Luckily the SC Maritime Museum escaped having water in the building but it was a close thing. We were fortunate to have the camera and tide level sensor as we were able to monitor the situation, as best we could, remotely during the storm." - South Carolina Maritime Museum

DBCP38 – Oct 2022

Convergence Accelerator

BackyardBuoys.org

Sebastien Boulay, SouthSeas Consulting Ltd, sebastienboulay@gmail.com