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# Evaluation of paleo-tsunamis in Peru – focus on the border Chile-Peru

Carlos Benavente<sup>1</sup> & Michaela Spiske<sup>2, 3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Instituto Geológico Minero y Metalúrgico

<sup>2</sup> State Museum of Natural History, Karlsruhe, Germany

<sup>3</sup> University of Basel, Switzerland





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# Tsunami Research

A goal



Save lives



# Tsunami Research

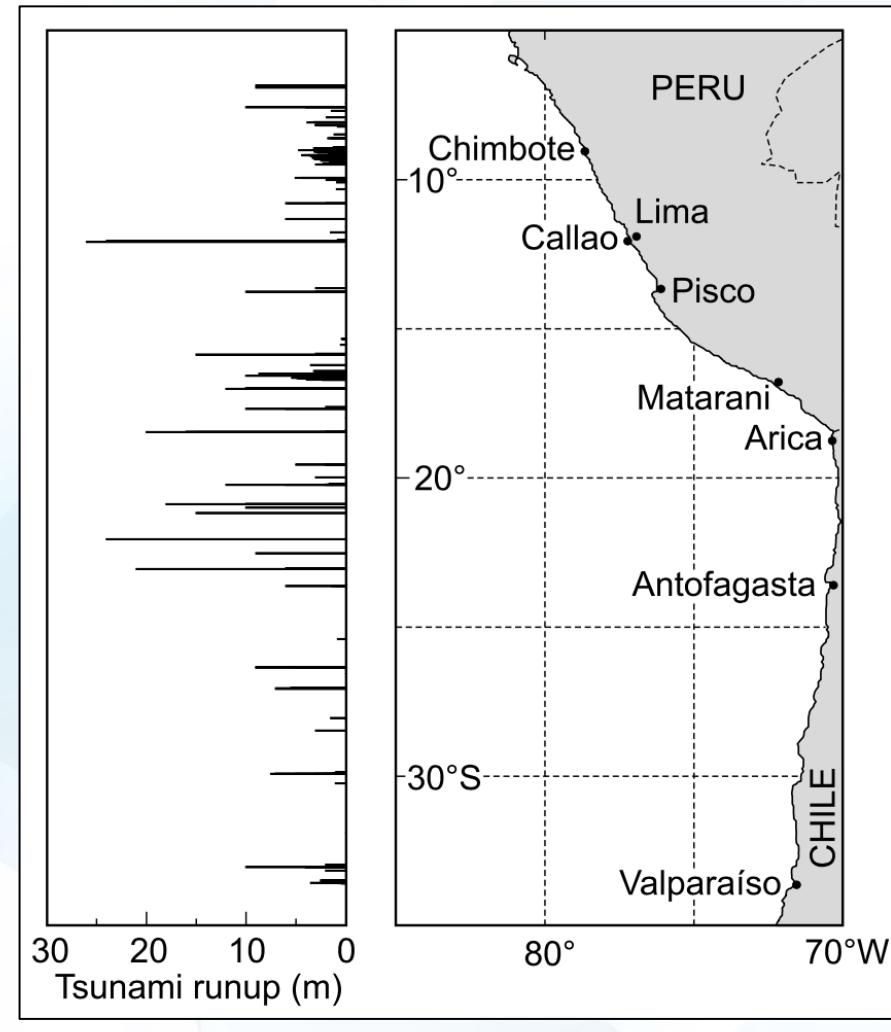
Questions:

1. Where?
2. How big?
3. How often?

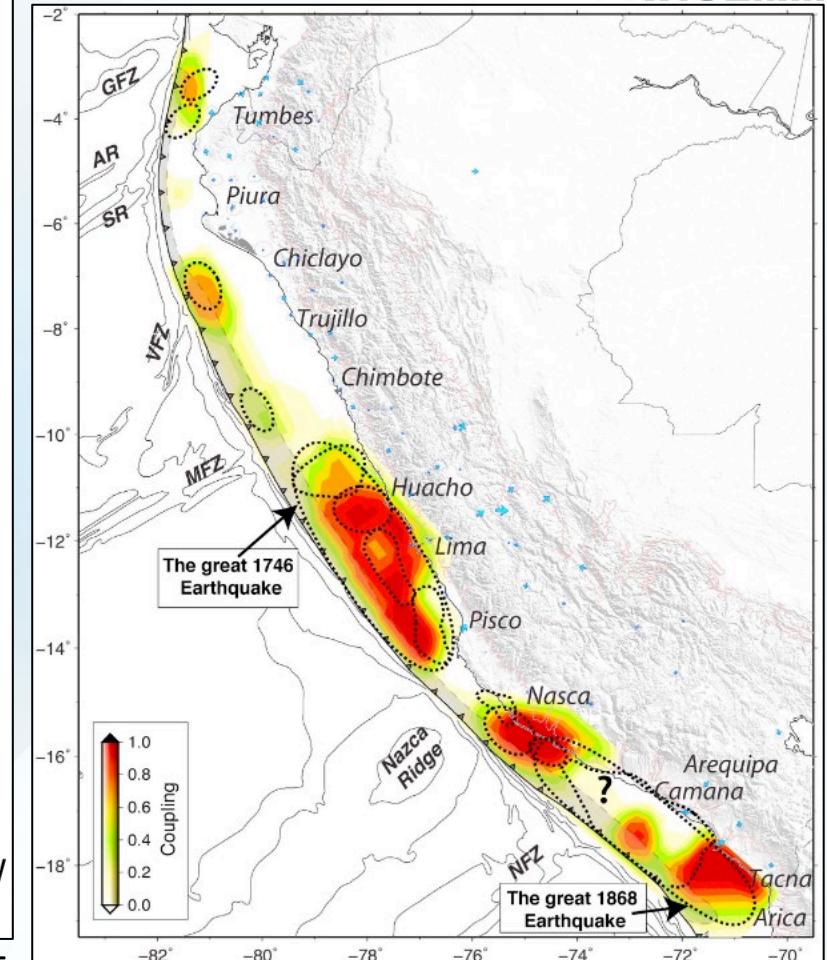
But...

- ❖ Historic records are short and tsunami recurrence intervals are long.

We have the answers to many of these questions (Single events).



Distribution of tsunami run-up heights along the coasts of Peru and northern Chile for the period 1562–2003.





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# Paleotsunami Research

How can geology help tell  
our history?

I am sure you will not be surprised to hear that geologists have a role to play in answering these questions in areas with a short history, such as Peru, whose antecedents are limited to the last 500 years.

We must use other tools that allow us to increase  
the window of observation.



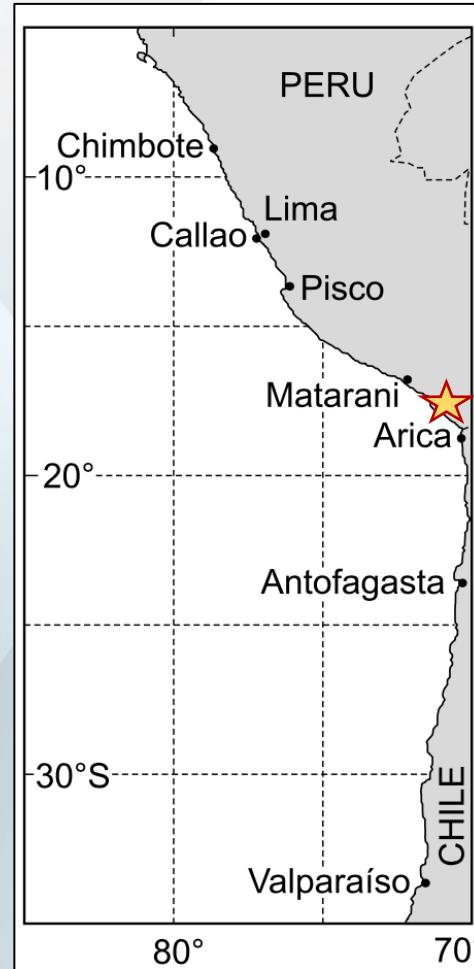


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# Paleotsunami Research



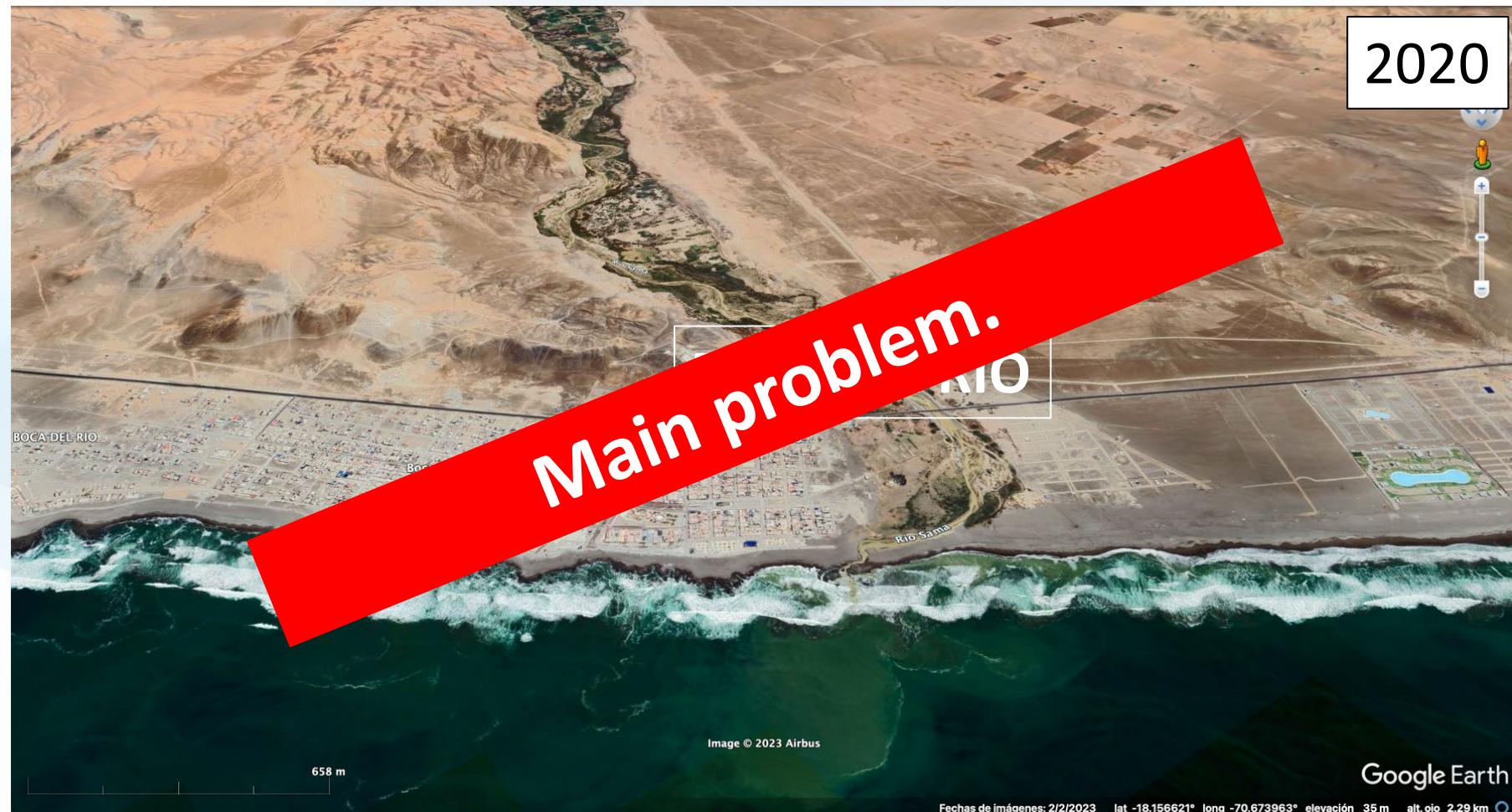
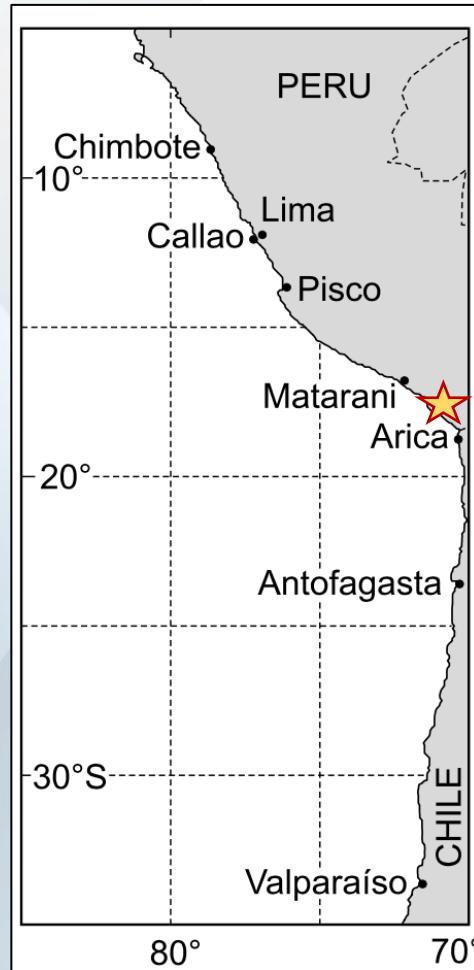


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# Paleotsunami Research



Fechas de imágenes: 2/2/2023 lat -18.156621° long -70.673963° elevación 35 m alt.ojo 2.29 km



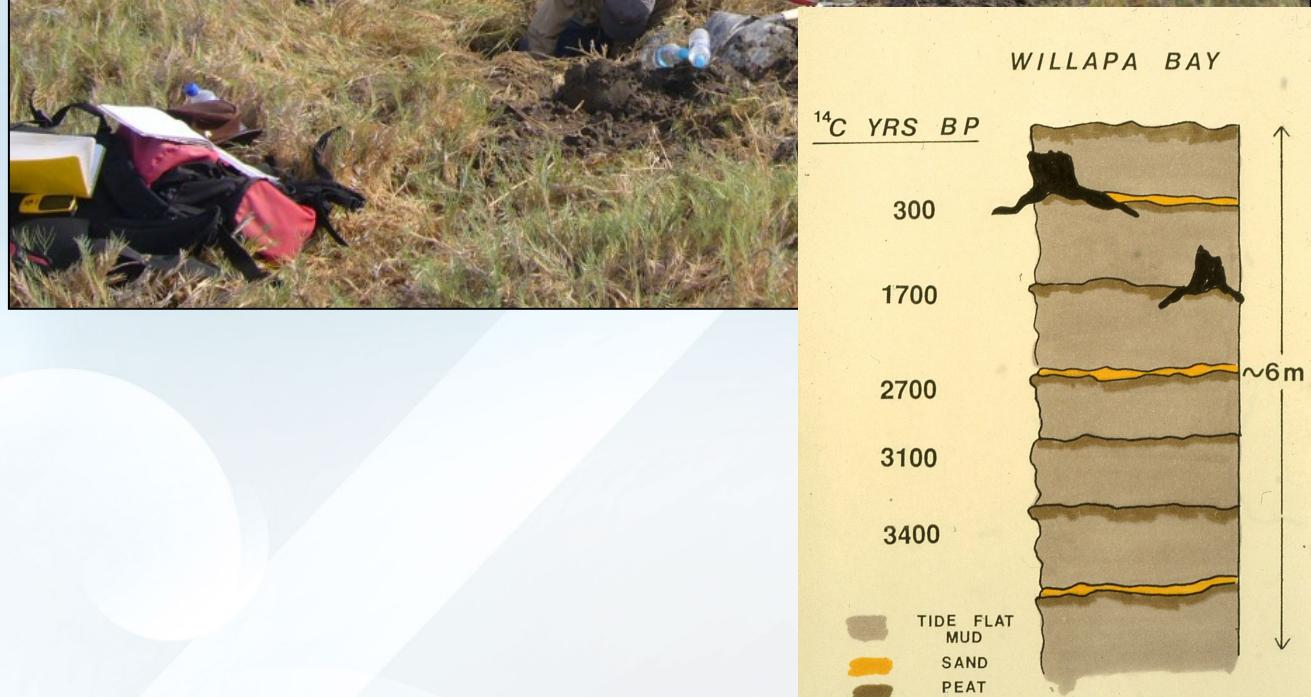
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# Paleotsunami Research

- Tsunami deposits can be preserved in the stratigraphy.
  
- Their identification will help improve:
  - ✓ Hazard maps.
  - ✓ Understand tsunami behaviour.
  - ✓ Calibrate, test and improve tsunami runup models
  - ✓ Educate the public.

BOCA DE RÍO



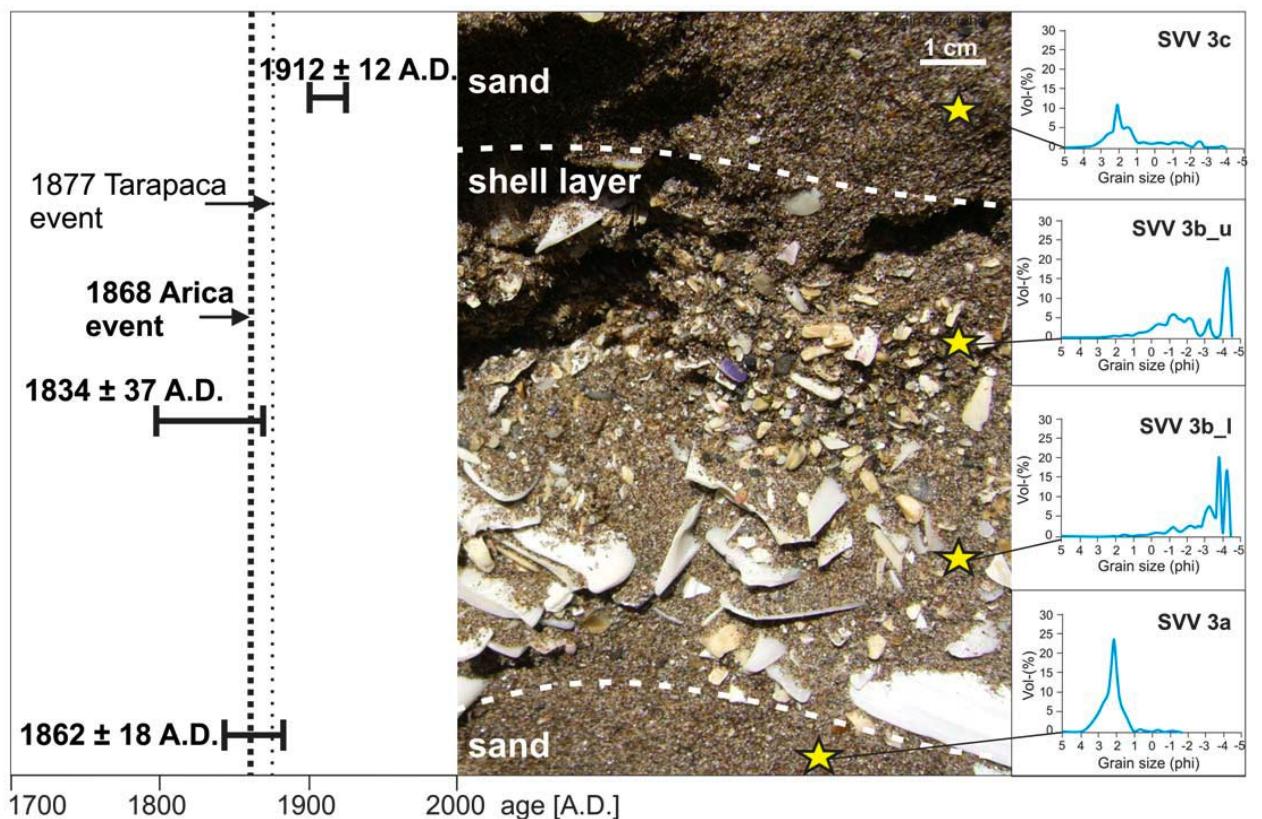
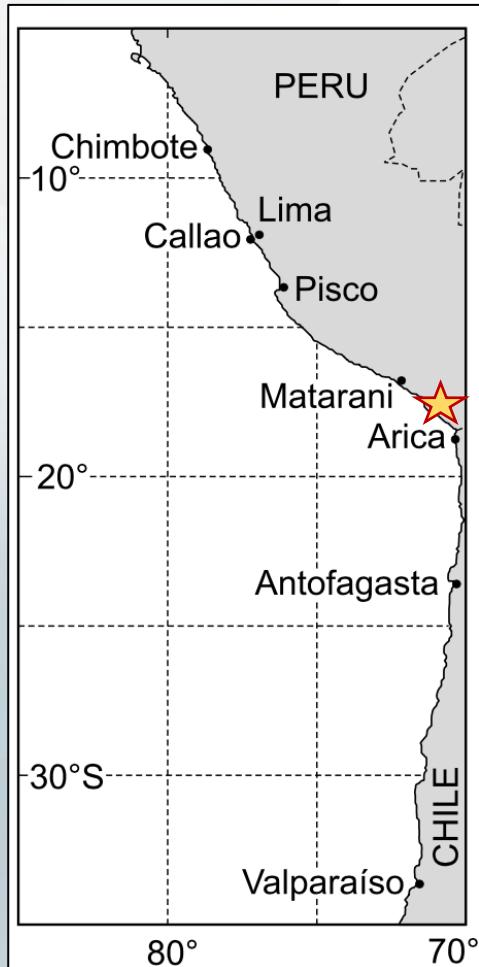
Bourgeois., 2016



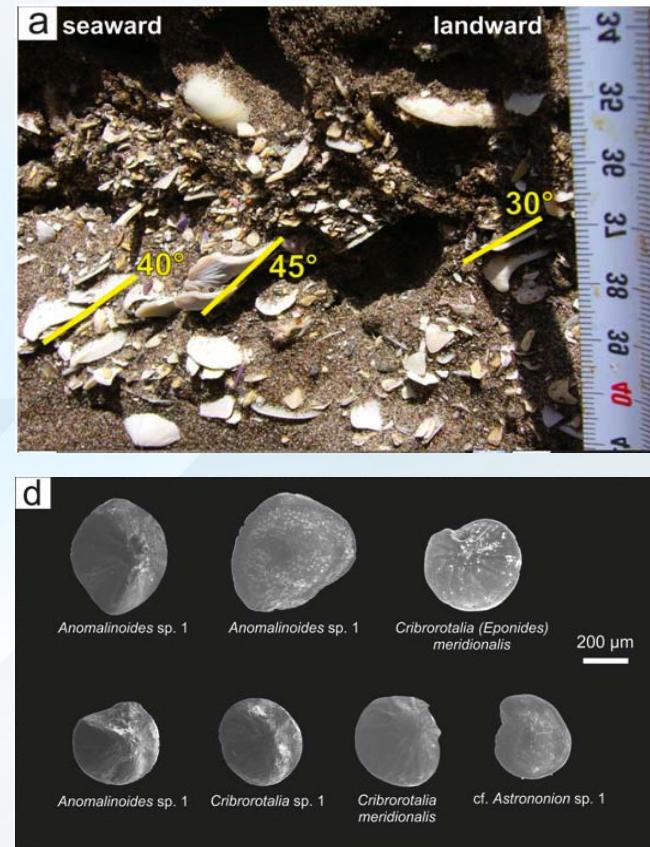
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# Paleotsunami Research



[Granulometry >](#)



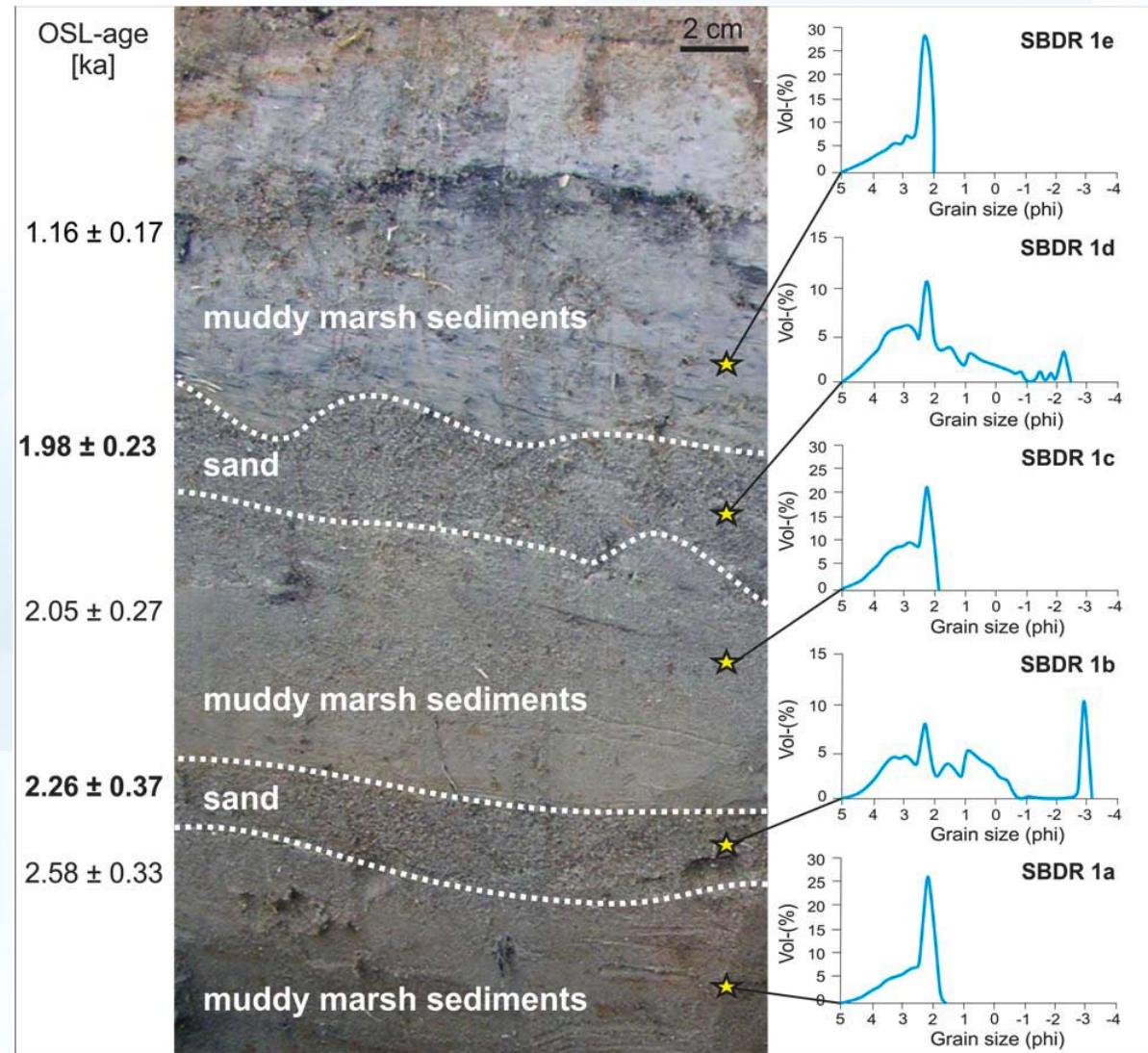
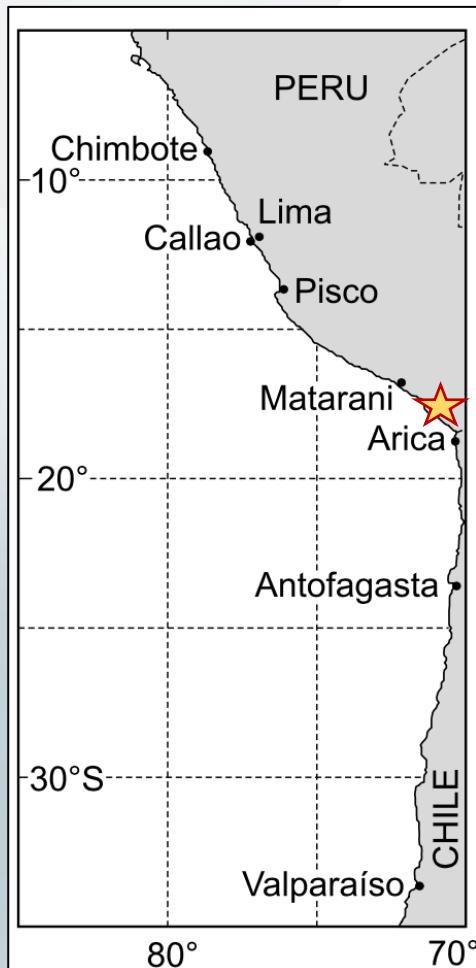
[deep sea benthic foraminifera](#)



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# Paleotsunami Research



- We identify older deposits (2 ka and 2.3 ka).
- They allow for the generation of more hazard scenarios.



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# Paleotsunami Research



ELSEVIER

Available online at [www.sciencedirect.com](http://www.sciencedirect.com)



Sedimentary Geology 200 (2007) 347–361

**Sedimentary  
Geology**

[www.elsevier.com/locate/sedgeo](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/sedgeo)

A simple model for calculating tsunami flow speed  
from tsunami deposits

Bruce E. Jaffe <sup>a,\*</sup>, Guy Gelfenbaum <sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> U.S. Geological Survey 400 Natural Bridges Dr., Santa Cruz, CA 95060, United States

<sup>b</sup> U.S. Geological Survey 345 Middlefield Rd., Menlo Park, CA 94025, United States

- Estimation of the depth and velocity of the flow.
- Estimation of tsunami magnitude.
- And in combination with a dating method we can give accurate information on tsunami recurrence.



- Granulometry
- Thickness
- Mineral Density



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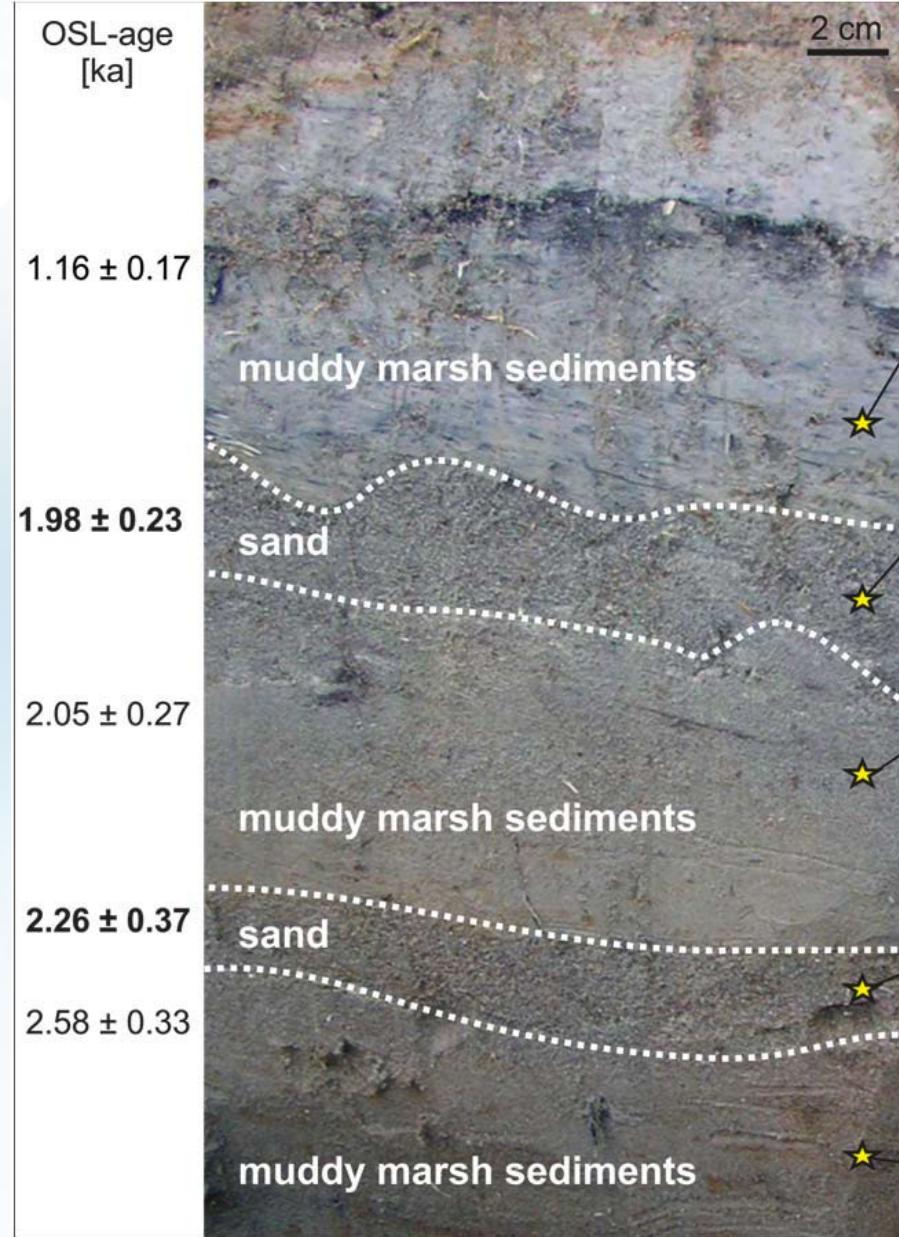
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## Tsunami Deposit: Boca de Rio-southern Peru

# Paleotsunami Research

Model result:  
Flow Depth: 6.1 m  
Flow velocity: 7.8 m/s

Model result:  
Flow depth: 5.1 m  
Flow velocity: 7.1 m/s





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## Final comments





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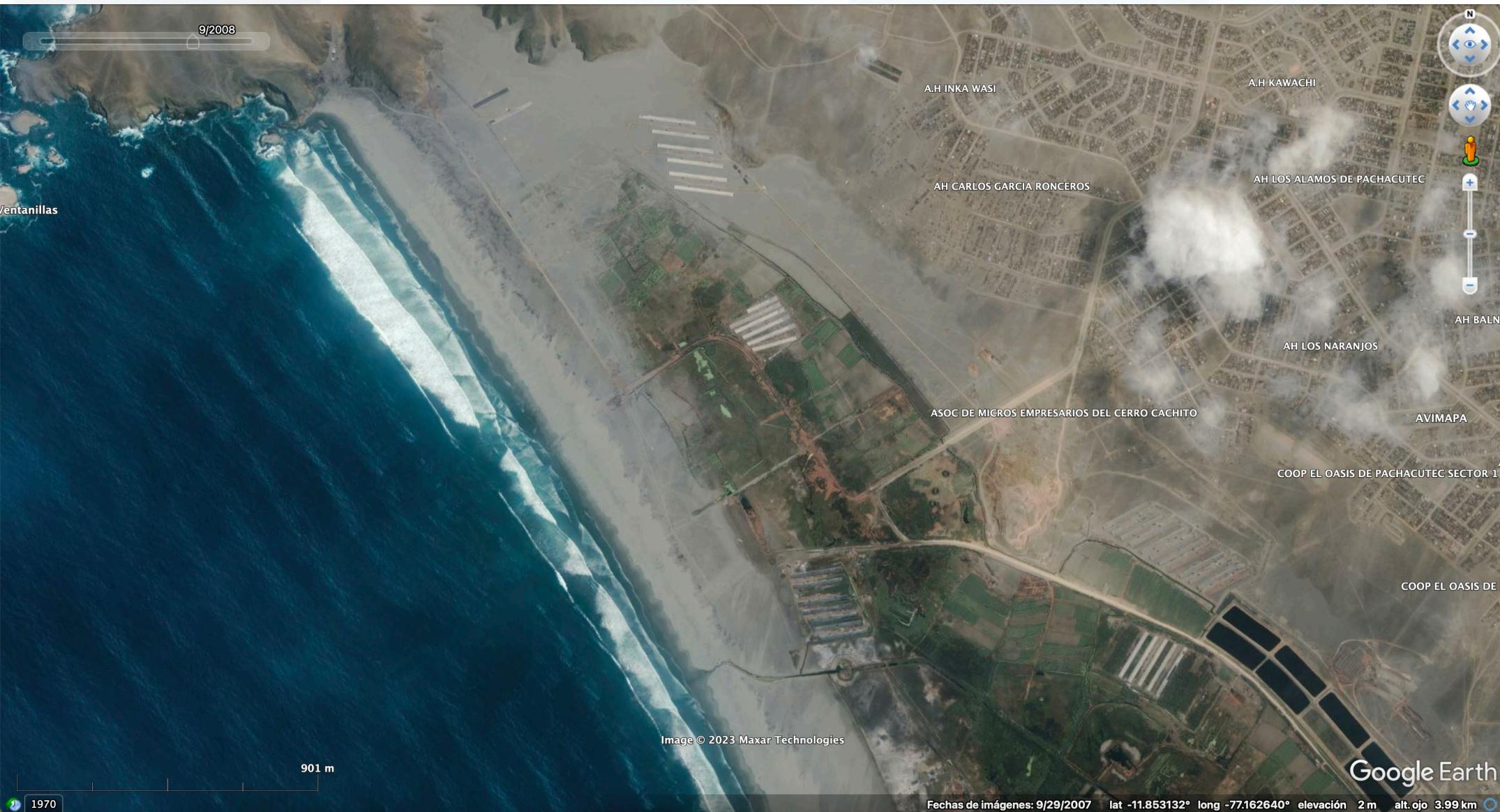


Image © 2023 Maxar Technologies

Google Earth

Fechas de imágenes: 9/29/2007 lat -11.853132° long -77.162640° elevación 2 m alt. ojo 3.99 km

1970



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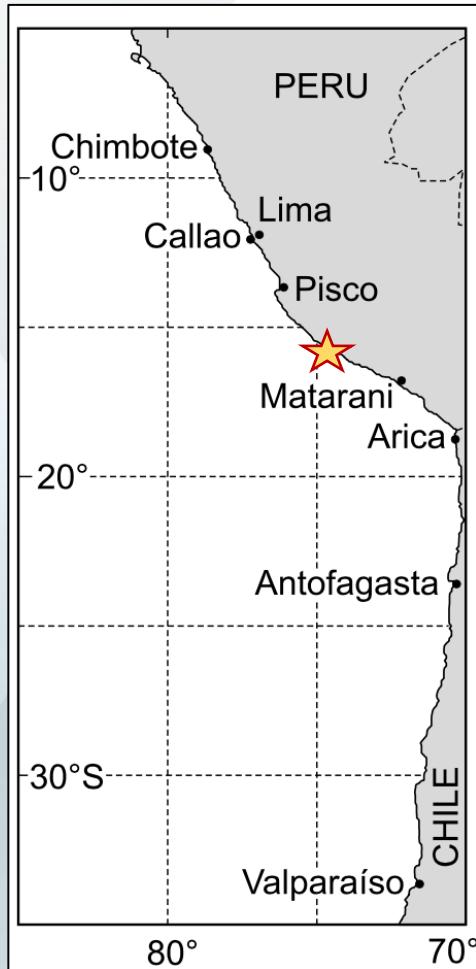




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# Paleotsunami Research





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# Paleotsunami Research

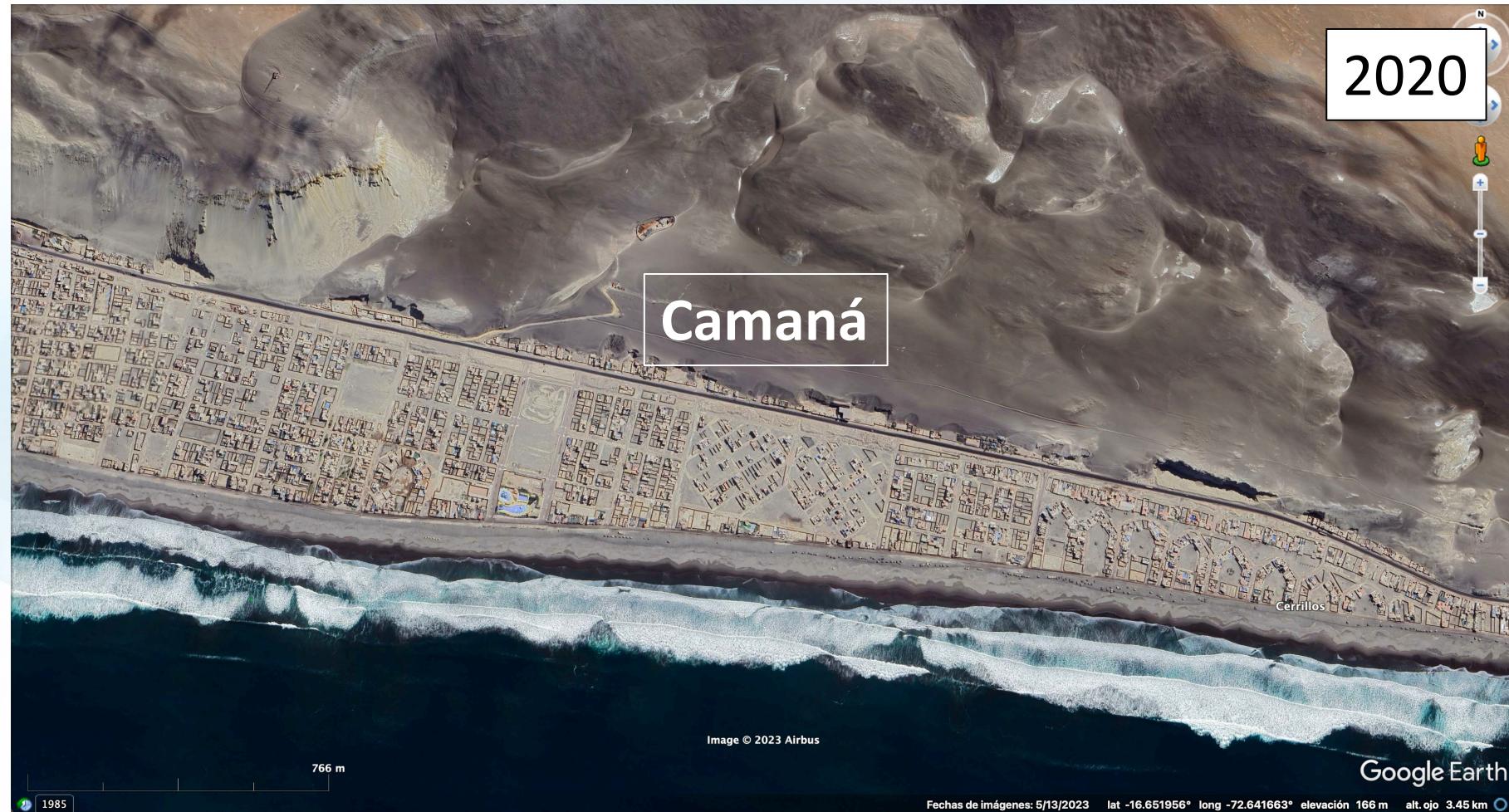
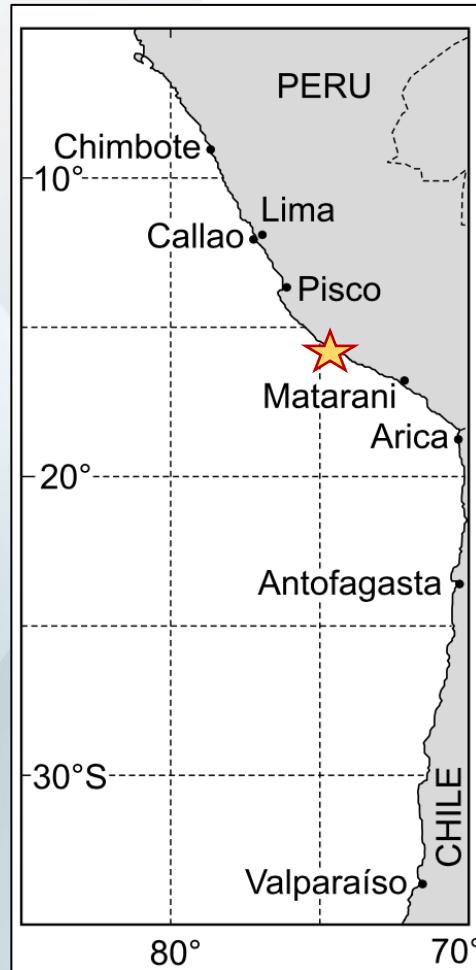


Image © 2023 Airbus

Google Earth

Fechas de imágenes: 5/13/2023 lat -16.651956° long -72.641663° elevación 166 m alt.ojo 3.45 km

766 m

1985