







UNESCO/IOC - NOAA ITIC Training Program in Hawaii (ITP-Hawaii)

TSUNAMI EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS

AND THE PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER (PTWC) ENHANCED PRODUCTS

TSUNAMI EVACUATION PLANNING AND UNESCO IOC TSUNAMI READY PROGRAMME

7-18 August 2023, Honolulu, Hawaii USA

Emergency Communications – 3 Rs, 1T Reliable, Robust, Redundant, Tested

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3Rs Required for Tsunami Warning

- □ Robust capable of performing without failure under a wide range of conditions (Miriam-Webster); persistence of a system's characteristic behavior under perturbations or unusual or conditions of uncertainty (Wikipedia)
- □ Reliable giving the same result on successive trials, dependable (Miriam-Webster); ability of a system to perform and maintain its functions in routine circumstances, as well as hostile or unexpected circumstances (Wikipedia)
- Redundant serving as duplicate for preventing failure of an entire system upon failure of single component (Miriam-Webster); duplication of critical components or functions of system with intention of increasing reliability of system, usually as backup or fail-safe (Wikipedia)

Warning Communications Are:

- Focused on the people at risk
- □ Ubiquitous same message everywhere
- Reaches all people irrespective of what they are doing & where they are
- □ Easy to access and use
- Do not create added risk
- □ Reliable
- □ Issued with appropriate lead time
- Authenticated, authoritative

An Effective Warning Message Is:

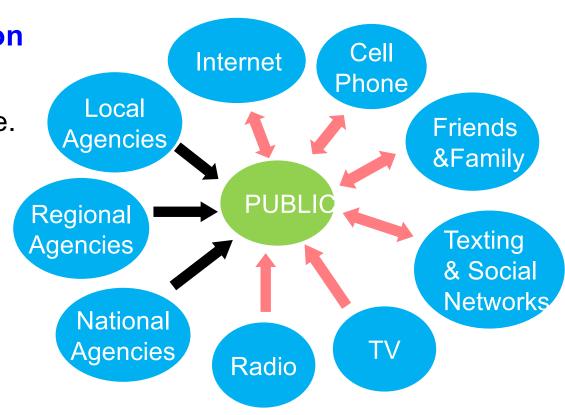
- □ Clear & understandable
- □ Accurate
- Frequent
- Credible
- Specific to the situation
- □ Gives Action specific advice

Effective warnings should reach 95% of the at-risk population

How public gets warning: Reality

Need to Manage Information

- Information flows from many sources at same time.
- Some are official.
 Many are unofficial
- Need to actively work to minimize confusion and convey consistent information



Educate Public Before

- What communication systems/media will be used to issue warnings?
- Who will issue the warnings?
- How will the warnings be issued?
- □ When will the warnings be issued?
- What will the warning messages say?

What Public Needs to Know

- Official sources of tsunami information
- □ Evacuation maps & routes
- □ Local / Distant tsu response differences
- Natural Warning signs
- Warning systems for your community
- What sirens sound like and verbal message (regular testing)
- How to respond to siren sounding
- □ Community support network / orgs

Human Response to Warning

People response differently. Considerations are:

- Ages
- Ethnicities
- Genders
- □ Social status
- □ Previous experience of hazards
- Proximity to hazard
- Responses of others

Using Existing Infrastructures

- □ Radio
- □ Fire Service- Local sirens
- □ Police PA loud-speaker, door-to-door notification
- □ Coast Guard & Port
- Lifeguards
- □ Schools, hospitals, retirement homes

Using Technology

Sound Alert

- □ Sirens
- Church Bells

Voice Alert

- □ Fixed PA loud-speakers
- Mobile PA loud-speakers
- □ Telephone auto dialler; telephone trees
- □ Tone-activated alert radio
- Cell Broadcast
- □ Aircraft (loud-speakers)

Visual Alert

- SMS text messaging
- Aircraft (Banners)

Assessing Technology

- Availability, serviceability
- □ Cost: now & on-going
- □ Time to reach target audience
- Start-up Training/institutional effort
- Recurring Training/institutional effort
- Based on examples of best practice
- □ Easy to understand/interpret
- Withstand
 - beach erosion, coastal instability
 - weather, sea level rise, criminal acts, fire, computer systems failure

3Rs, 1T Required for Tsunami Warning

- □ Robust capable of performing without failure under wide range of conditions
- Reliable giving the same result on successive trials, dependable
- □ Redundant serving as duplicate for preventing failure of an entire system upon failure of single component
- □ **Tested regularly** so that system works during real events

FINAL CONSIDERATIONS

Effective Comms must be Robust, Reliable, Redundant, and Tested

- □ For effectiveness, system must be robust, reliable
- For planning for system failure, system must be redundant, tested
- For sustainability, system ongoing costs and commitment must be realistic









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Thank You

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