## Sri Lanka





Webinar:
Lessons Learnt during
Exercise IOWave 2023

12 - 13 December 2023

Chathura Liyanarachchige
Disaster Management Centre
chathura@dmc.gov.lk

## **Scenarios Exercised**



Andaman Trench (4 Oct)
Makran Trench (11 Oct)
Heard Island (18 Oct)
Java Trench (25 Oct)

Scenario – Andaman Trench							
Date	Wednesday 04 October 2023						
Time	0400 UTC						
Magnitude	M 9.0						
Depth	10 km						
Latitude	3.3 N						
Longitude	96.0E						
Location	Andaman trench off the west coast of Nicobar Islands, India.						

## **Key Agencies**







Disaster Management Centre (NDMO) Sri Lanka



Department of Meteorology (NTWC) Sri Lanka

## **Partner Agencies**



Child Fund Sri Lanka



World Vision, Sri Lanka



UNICEF



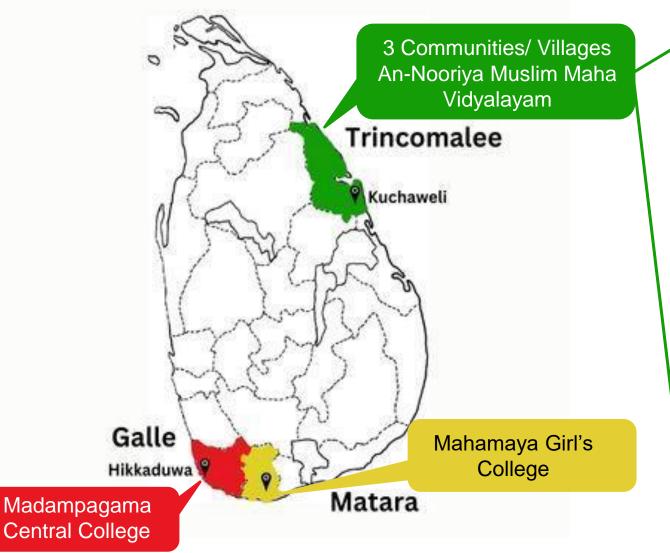
World Food Programme

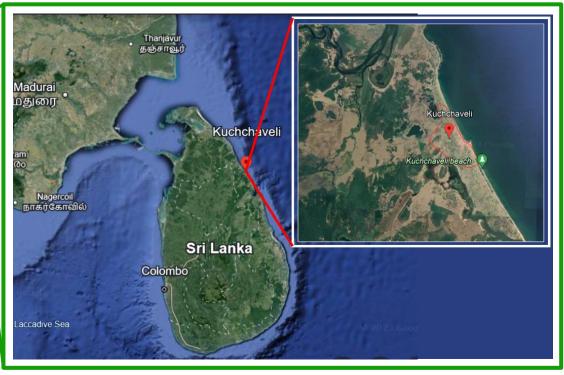
## **Research support:**



## **Exercise Participants**







## Three villages were exercised:

Pudawaikaddu Village Maruthankudah Village Sagarapura Village – A Fishing Community

## **Exercise Participants (Evacuees)**





### **Situational Report from Trincomalee**

Administrative Parview				Affected		School evecuated				-	House Damage d		Uther		Safety Centers							
No	District	Division	GN Division	Disaster	Date of Commenced	Families	Persons	Boys	Girls	Staffs	Deaths	Injured Persons	Missing Persons	Fully	Partially	Small, Medium Enterprises Damages	Damages to critical infastructure	BON	Families	Persons	Remark	
1			Senthoor			287	680											1	287	680	Pudavaikatu Muslim Maha Vidyalayam	
2			Jayanagar			24	49											1	24	49	Seharapura Vihara	
3	Trincomalee	Kuchchaveli	Ts Cassim Nagar (T/An- Nooriya Muslim Maha Vidyalayam Students and Staffs)	Tsunanni		04.10.2023	•	373	155	198	20								1	•	373	T/An-Neeriya Muslim Maha Vidyalayam
Total 311 110				1102	155	198	20								3	311	1102					

## **Exercise Participants**

- Disaster Management Centre (NDMO)
- Department of Meteorology (NTWC)
- District Disaster Management
   Coordination Units (LDMOs)
- Police and Tri-forces
- Stakeholders from other agencies
- NGOs and CBOs
- Exercise evaluators
- Media
- All the coastal communities











National level meeting for developing the seal-off plan



Exercise day – Officers involvement from National level to the community level

## **Exercise Participants (School Evacuations)**







# **An-Nooriya Muslim Maha Vidyalayam - Tincomalee**

- 400 students
- Education from Grade 6 to Grade 13
- Located very close to the sea (200m)

# Madampagama Central College Galle

- 873 students (566 male, 307 female)
- Education from Grade 6 to Grade
   13
- Located within 500 meters from the coastline

#### Mahamaya Girl's College Matara

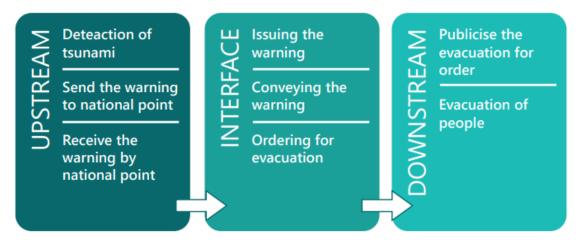
- 977 students, 57 teachers, and 19 non-academic staff
- Education from Grade 01 to Grade 13
- School's close proximity to the coast

Webinar: Lessons Learnt during Exercise IOWave 2023

## **National Tsunami Warning & Mitigation System**

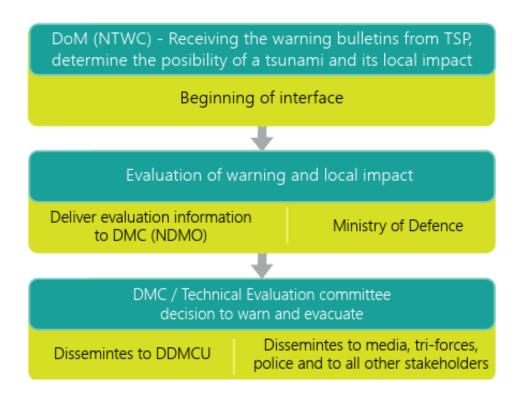


#### Sri Lanka end-to-end TEWMS



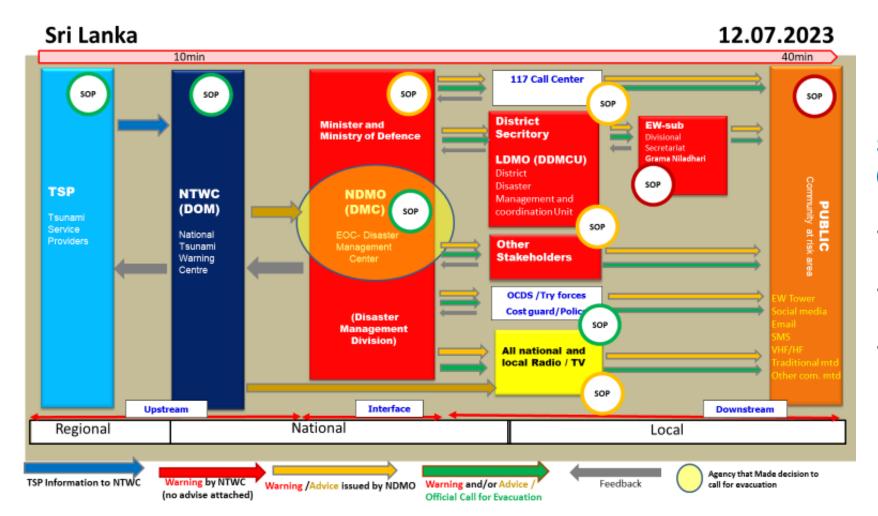
#### In Brief:

- The Department of Meteorology (NTWC) generates national tsunami bulletins
- Disaster Management Centre (NDMO) is mandated to issue evacuation order
- DDMCUs as LDMO
- Decision-making template proposed by DG-DMC is in practice



## **National Tsunami Warning & Mitigation System**





# **Standard Operating Procedures** (SOPs) for:

- National Tsunami Warning Centre (NTWC)
- National Disaster Management Organisation (NDMO)
- Local Disaster Management Organisations (LDMOs)



#### **IOC Circular Letter No 2945**

Member states are requested

Indian Ocean Tsunami Exercise

#### **CONCEPT NOTE**



INDIAN OCEAN TSUNAMI EXERCISE (IOWave23) An Indian Ocean-wide Tsunami Warning and Communications Exercise 4-25 October 2023





DMC

#### Organized by

Disaster Management Center (DMC), Ministry of Defence, Government of Sri Lanka

#### 1. Background

The devastating impact of the 26 December 2004 Indonesia earthquake and Indian Ocean Tsunami tragically demonstrated what could happen without an effective tsunami warning system. Tsunamis may not occur often, but when they do, they can affect coasts, sometimes across an entire ocean.

Following the 2004 event, UNESCO's Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC) was requested to establish an Intergovernmental Coordination Group for the Indian Ocean Tsunami Warning and Mitigation System (ICG/IOTWMS) to promote the exchange of seismic and sea level data for rapid tsunami detection and analysis, to provide warnings for such events, and to coordinate mitigation efforts among its Member States. An efficient and effective end-to-end warning system was needed, ready to react 24 hours a day to any potential tsunami threat, alert those at-risk coastal communities, and motivate them to take immediate and appropriate steps to save their lives.

Under the guidance of the ICG/IOTWMS. Member States collaborated in the development of the Indian Ocean Tsunami Warning and Mitigation System (IOTWMS). The IOTWMS is a system of systems with each Department of Meteorology as National Tsunami Warning Centre (NTWC) and Disaster Management Centre NDMO of the active Member States issuing tsunami warnings to their respective communities based on the tsunami threat information provided by three Tsunami Service Providers (TSPs) of Australia, India, and Indonesia.

The IOC Intergovernmental Coordination Group for the Indian Ocean Tsunami Warning and Mitigation System (ICG/IOTWMS), at its 13th session, decided to organise an Indian Ocean Wave Exercise in 2023 (IOWave23) and established a Task Team to plan and conduct the exercise. The Task Team IOWave23 decided to conduct IOWave23 with four different scenarios on 4, 11, 18, and 25 October 2023.

To date, six IOWave exercises have been conducted (2009, 2011, 2014, 2016, 2018 and 2020). The exercises have been designed to test the receipt and dissemination of tsunami notifications along national tsunami warning chains, as well as test appropriate responses aligned with pre-established Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs). Throughout the IO Wave Exercises, the engagement of coastal communities in tsunami education campaigns, preparedness measures, and evacuation.

The end-to-end tsunami warning system of Sri Lanka was initially tested in the Indian Ocean-wide tsunami warning and response exercise during IOWave16 (September 2016) and IOWave18 (September 2018). Exercise IOWave18 improved upon the previous exercises with all 25 coastal districts participating, and a record 3457 people were evacuated in Selected GNs of four coastal districts. Further, IOWave 20 (November 20) was conducted with limited scope as a national tabletop exercise under the backdrop of the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### Action plan of National Tsunami Exercise IOWave 23

National Tsunami Contact : Major General Sudantha Ranasinghe (Retd) (Director General -DMC)

**Exercise Coordinator** : Director Preparedness

Date	Action	Responsibility	Tentative Budget (LKR)	Remarks
19 <sup>th</sup> June	Initial Planning Meeting	DIR-Prep		EOC Div, Awareness div, Preparedness div, WFP, UNDP, APAD, world vision
30 <sup>th</sup> June	Developed the Concept Note	DIR-Prep		After agreed on the scenario with the scale of the proposed exercise
1 <sup>st</sup> week of July	Initial sensitization of the state minister & Secretary Defense	DG -DMC		Since, this is an international exercise which need to inform President Prime minister, all Ministers, and the member of parliament
23 <sup>rd</sup> of July	Sensitization and planning discussion with all 14 Coastal ADs	DIR-Prep, DD- Com		All 14 coastal district Ads (linked virtually)
23rd of July	National Stakeholder meeting	DIR-Prep	WFP	MoD, DMD, DoM, Tri-forces, police, Humanitarian agencies, Stakeholders.
ongoing	Preparation of TTX guideline, PPT TTX scenario and injects	DIR EOC, DIR- Prep	-	Main scenario done by D-PP and TTX scenarios developed by the EOC
13 <sup>th</sup> September	District ADs meeting	DIR-Prep	-	Trinco, Galle and Matara district must plan for last mile dissemination and evacuation.
Ongoing	District Sensitization	14 Coastal Districts DDs/ADs	WFP	All 14 coastal districts
done	Time synchronized with IOTWMS, DOM & DDMCUs	DD-EW DMC	-	Trinco, Galle & Matara
done	Confirmation of Safety arrangements, Evacuation Centers	DIR EOC, Mil. Cord, Police &NDRSC	-	Safety of observers, officers, community members engaged. Camp Management, developing sit-raps, etc.
done	Exercise arrangement EOC, EOCs in DDMCUs	Director EOC, Mil. Cord, police	-	Exercise execution; assign duties, communication arrangements, operation room arrangements
ongoing	Security arrangements, with shield of plans and plan submission	Military coordinator	-	With three district Ads and military forces (shield off plan)
2 <sup>nd</sup> October	Tabletop exercise	DIR-Prep,	WFP	EOC/Trinco

#### Action Plan of Sri Lanka

Concept Note of Sri Lanka



## **Exercise Planning & Execution:**

## **Awareness and Sensitization of Tsunami Operational Plans**

Efforts extended to all 14 coastal districts in Sri Lanka

#### **Development of Seal-Off Plan**

 A plan to execute in case of a real incident - Authority granted to battalion heads for community evacuation and security

#### **Engagement with Non-Governmental Agencies**

Collaboration due to financial constraints

### **Appointment of Independent Observers**

- From the national to community level
- Evaluate exercise procedures, SOPs and communication channels

#### **Conduct the National Tabletop Exercise (TTE)**

• Simulated situations for response formulation

#### **Press Release and Media Briefing**

- Comprehensive release through major national media channels
- Media briefing to minimise confusion among coastal populations

## Exercise Day – 4<sup>th</sup> October 2023 – Summary

- Tested communication from TSPs to NTWC, NTWC to NDMO, and NDMO to LDMO and other downstream entities and to the community level
- Conducted a functional Tsunami simulation, including people and resource movement, for a realistic on-ground response
- Practised evacuation in selected coastal communities in Trincomalee District and schools in Trincomalee, Galle, and Matara
- Tested the CTRIs of evacuated communities

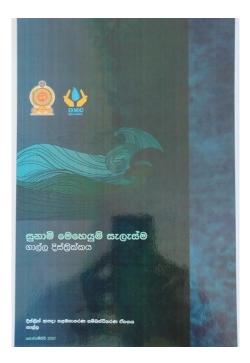
#### **Awareness and Sensitization of Tsunami Operational Plans**

- All Other 14 districts
- ✓ District Stakeholder sensitization.
- ✓ Coastal DS divisional and GND awareness
- ✓ Updating TOPs











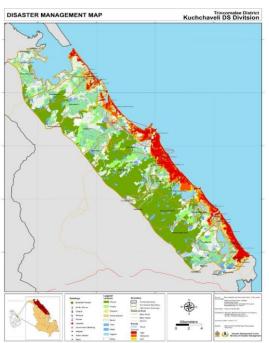
• Trinco;

Eastern province, Trincomalee district, Kuchawelli DS division

- Pudawaikaddu Village
- Maruthankudah Village
- Sagarapura Village

School An-Nooriya mahavidyalaya











- ✓ District Stakeholder sensitization.
- ✓ Coastal DS divisional and GND awareness
- ✓ Selected school awareness and preparation of School Safety Plan
- ✓ Updating TO Ps; Trinco
- ✓ District Local Media Awareness
- ✓ Community/School evacuation
- ✓ Practicing Military seal off plan
- ✓ Developing the Exercise video
- ✓ Submitting Final Excises





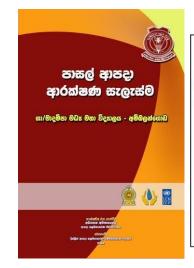


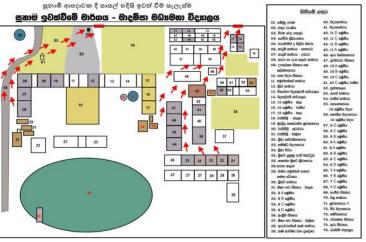


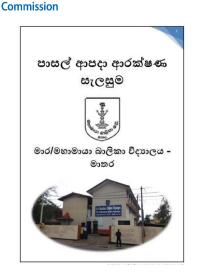
Galle, Matara;

Southern province, Galle and Matara districts

School Matara-Mahamaya Girls Collage Galle-Madampagama Collage











- ✓ District Stakeholder sensitization.
- ✓ Coastal DS divisional and GND awareness
- ✓ Selected school awareness and preparation of School Safety Plan
- ✓ Updating TOPs; Galle. Matara
- ✓ Submitting Final Excises report.



# National Organisation of Exercise IOWave23 Press Release and Media Briefing Media response & informing to all . National Media Briefing, Paper articles, Social media, Web publications, etc.



IOWave 23 exercise banner displayed in trilingual

- ✓ H.E the president
- ✓ Hon. Prime Minister.
- ✓ All the Ministers
- Members of the parliament
- Secretaries of the ministries
- District secretaries
- Chief of the defense staff
- Commanders of the tri forces
- ✓ Inspector general of the police
- Security forces head quatres



**National Media Briefing** 

Paper advertisement published in trilingual 4<sup>th</sup> October

Letters were sent to all stakeholders

# Unesco Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission



#### Exercise Day – 4<sup>th</sup> October 2023 – Summary

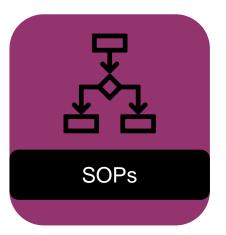
- NTWC (Department of Meteorology) generated the national tsunami warnings
- NDMO (Disaster Management Centre) disseminated the tsunami warnings and public safety messages to the downstream
- Tested communication from TSPs to NTWC, NTWC to NDMO, and NDMO to LDMO and other downstream entities and to the community level
- Conducted a functional Tsunami simulation, including people and resource movement, for a realistic on-ground response
- Practised evacuation in selected coastal communities in Trincomalee District and schools in Trincomalee, Galle, and Matara
- Tested the CTRIs of evacuated communities

## **Lessons Learnt –What Worked Well?**

Objective No	Exercise Objective	Observations
1	Validate procedures are in place to ensure tsunami warnings get to all in the community, including those with disabilities, all genders, elderly, and youth.	Validated
2	Validate the level of community awareness, preparedness, and response.	Validated
3	Validate the Standard Operating Procedures within countries for generating and disseminating tsunami warnings to their relevant emergency response agencies, other authorities, media, and the public.	Within the exercise scope in Sri Lanka, NTWC's and NDMO's SOPs were validated.
4	Validate the Standard Operating Procedures within countries for the issuing of public safety messages, ordering evacuations and where possible issuing all-clear messages.	Validated within a limited scope.  Additionally, during the process, revisions to existing Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) were identified.  Furthermore, the DMC proposed a new decision-making template for issuing public safety messages.
5	Validate the dissemination by TSPs of Tsunami Bulletin Notification Messages to NTWC via Tsunami Warning Focal Points (TWFPs) of Indian Ocean Countries and the reception by NTWCs of the TSP messages. Validate the access by NTWCs to the tsunami bulletins and other products on the TSP websites, and the use of that information for the production of national warnings.	Except for the Indian TSP's bulletins, other information were received.
6	Validate the access by NTWCs to the tsunami bulletins and other products on the TSP websites, and the use of that information for the production of national warnings. Validate the reporting by NTWCs to the TSPs of their National Tsunami Warning Status.	Validated.
7	Validate the reporting by NTWCs to the TSPs of their National Warning Status.	Validated.
8	Validate receipt and understanding by NTWCs of new TSP service for tsunamis generated by non-seismic and complex sources.	Validated.

#### **Lessons Learnt**





- Revisions for existing SOPs: Identified gaps in the existing SOPs such as need for decision-making templates for public safety messages
- Who issues warnings to the general public: Emphasized the importance of clarifying the entity responsible for issuing warnings and their legal authority concerning community warnings in media releases.



- EW Tower Maintenance: Ensure all 77 Early Warning (EW) towers are operational
  and can be manually activated when needed
- Identified missing stakeholders: Ensure EOC has current and comprehensive key contacts
- Communication Testing: Thoroughly test major communication channels, including police communication
- **EW Mechanism**: Recognized the necessity for community-level enhancements, such as a 24/7 operational early warning mechanism and exploring cost-effective alternatives

#### **Lessons Learnt**





- Incorporating more stakeholders into the exercise: Missing stakeholders such as the health sector, fisheries and transport sector were identified
- Full-scale exercise: Need for a full-scale exercise in line with the 20<sup>th</sup> commemoration of the 2004 tsunami was identified.
- Night-time exercise: Need for conducting simulation exercises during nighttime was identified



- **DART Buoys:** DART Buoy's functionality issues were identified while the need for installing more buoys was recognized
- **Hazard/ Risk maps**: Recognized the necessity for scenario-based tsunami hazard/risk maps, where technical assistance from IOTWMS would be incredibly helpful.
- Collaborative research: Need for collaborative research with local and international universities for impact-based warning dissemination strategies
- Collaborative research: Need to test the effectiveness of leveraging social media for effective communication

## **Technical Support from IOTWMS**

- Enhance Support for Near Field Tsunami
   Preparedness: Sri Lanka seeks IOTWMS
   assistance to fortify early warning systems and
   effectively manage potential near-field tsunami
   events in the wake of recent tremors on the
   southern coast of Sri Lanka.
- Improve TSP Communication: Address challenges in receiving critical bulletins from Tsunami Service Providers (TSPs), emphasize continuous communication testing, and devise contingency plans for accessing vital information during incidents where multiple TSPs may fail to provide updates, as observed during IOWave23 with Indian TSPs not being received via GTS.









F-E Region South Indian Ocean

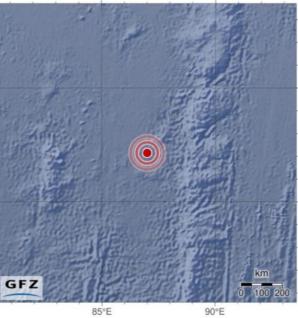
Time 2023-12-04 15:11:25.2 UTC

Magnitude 4.8 (mb)

Epicenter 87.00°E 2.87°S

Depth 10 km (fixed) ?

Status A - automatic ②



## **Images**





**Students from An-Nooriya Muslim Maha** Vidyalayam participating in the exercise



Students from Matara Mahamaya Girl's College participating in the exercise & supported by Tri forces



Camp registration work at one of the evacuation centres



# THANK YOU