



Two Ocean Decade Programmes working towards reducing ocean stress

Kirsten Isensee IOC-UNESCO,
GO2NE & GOOD
GOA-ON, & OARS

GO₂NE

Global Ocean Oxygen Network

The Ocean is losing its breath Declining oxygen in the world's ocean and coastal waters



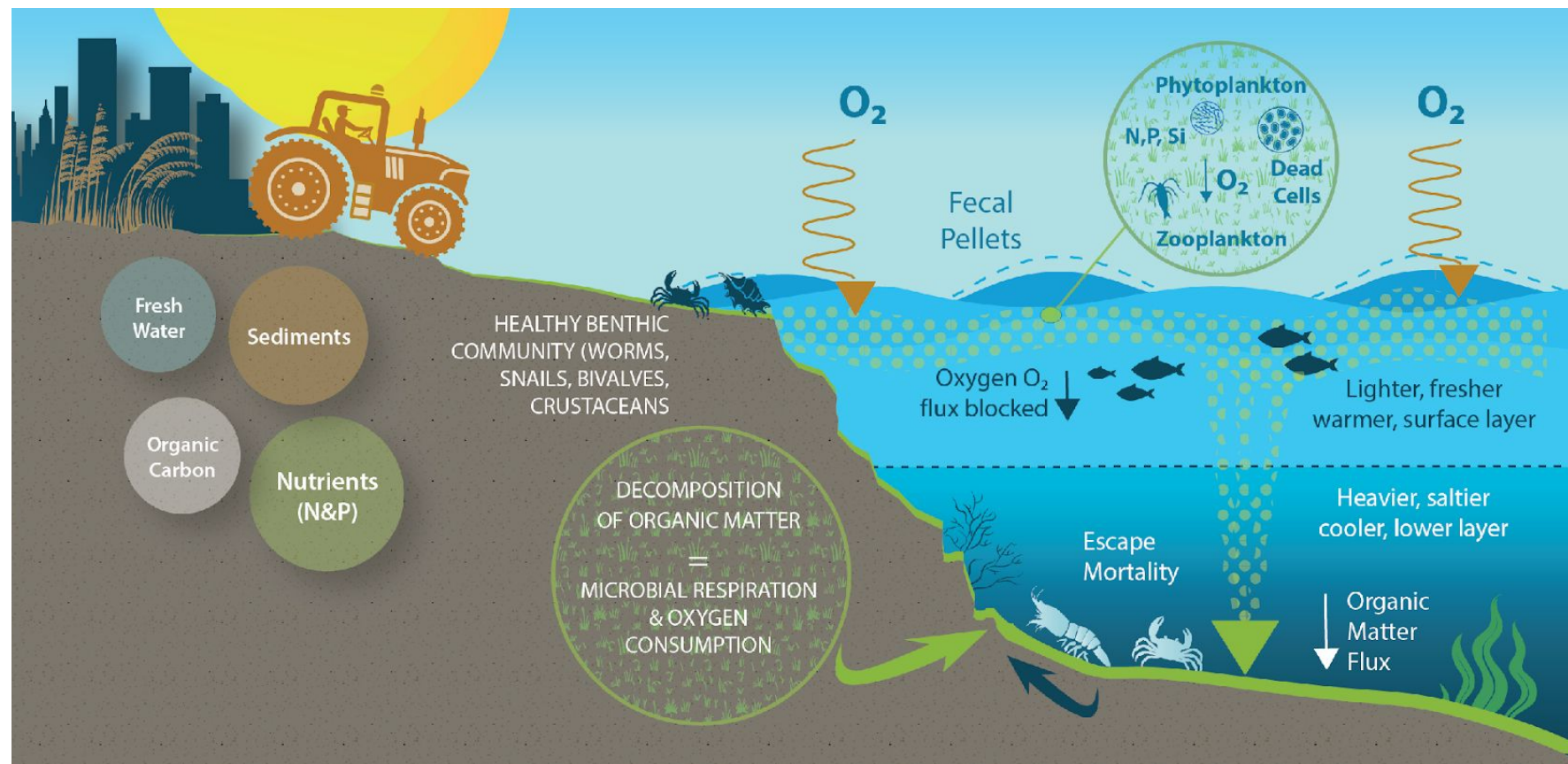
unesco

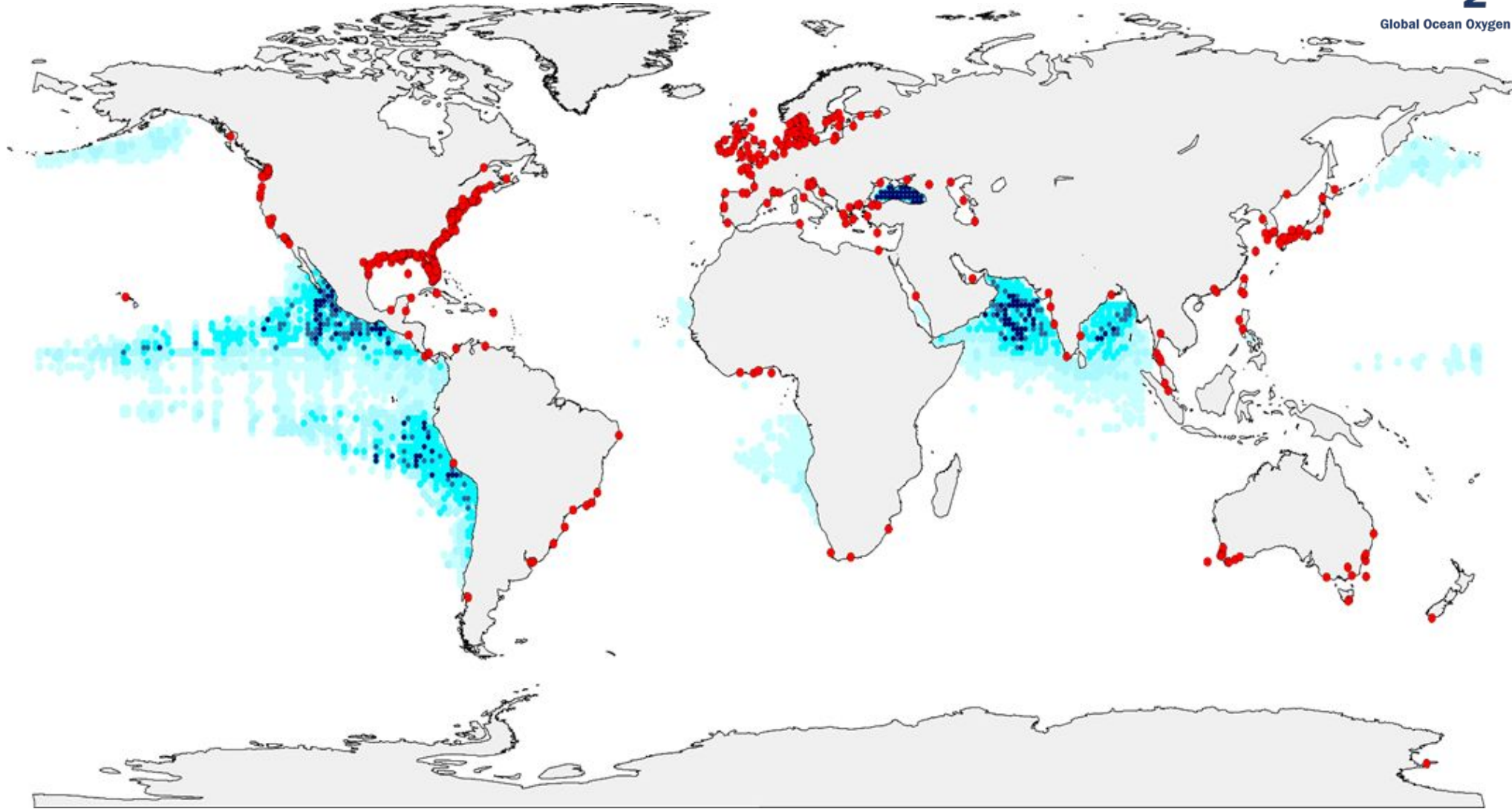
Intergovernmental
Oceanographic
Commission

Andrew Alteri, Denise Breitburg, Francisco Chavez, Sean Crowe, Minhan Dai, Marilaure Grégoire, Véronique Garçon, Dimitri Gutierrez, Shin-ichi Ito, Karin Limburg, Ivonne Montes, **Andreas Oschlies**, Kenny Rose, Jodie Rummer Damodar Shenoy, **Caroline Slomp**, Aileen Tan Shau Hwaim Moriaki Yasuhara

Secretarial support:
Kirsten Isensee, Jeremy Sterling

Previous but still active members:
Gil Jacinto, Lisa Levin, Grant Pitcher, Nancy Rabalais, Mike Roman





GOOD

Global Ocean Oxygen Decade

Global Ocean Oxygen Decade (GOOD):

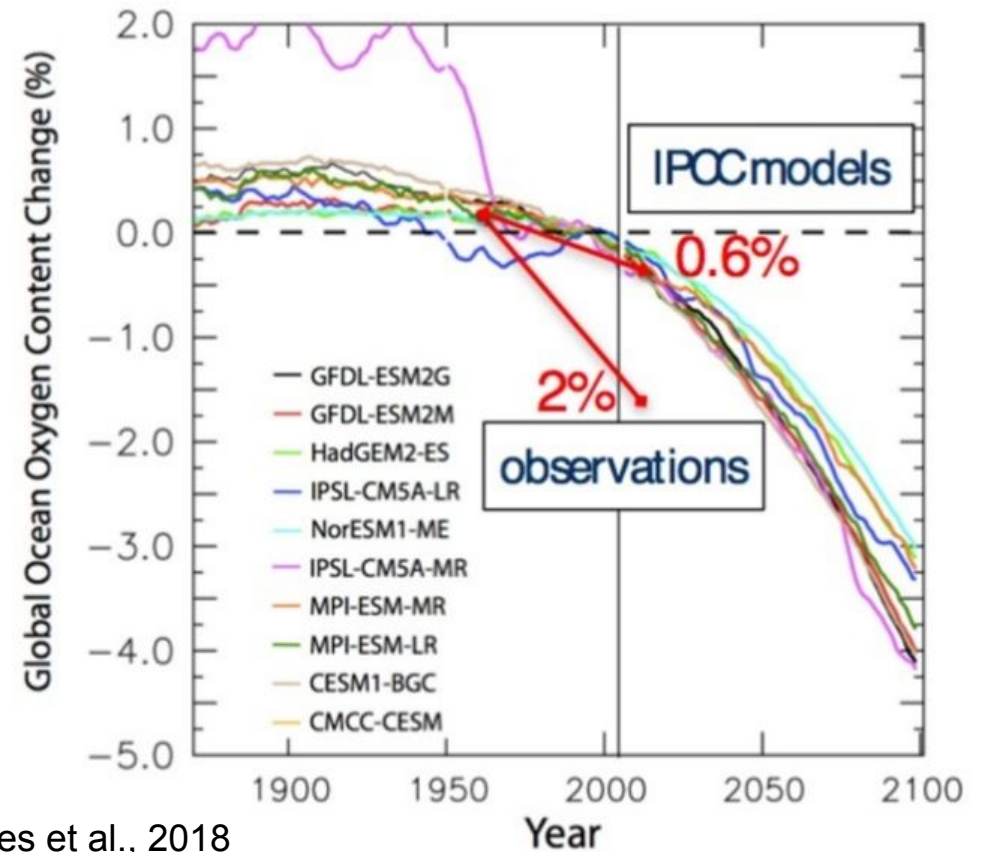
- will raise global awareness about ocean deoxygenation,
- **provide knowledge for action and develop mitigation and adaptation**
- **minimize impacts on the ocean economy** through local, regional, and global efforts, including transdisciplinary research, innovative outreach, and ocean education and literacy.



unesco

Intergovernmental
Oceanographic
Commission

Deoxygenation trend over 1960–2005 differs between 0.6% and 2 %



Oschlies et al., 2018

Activities

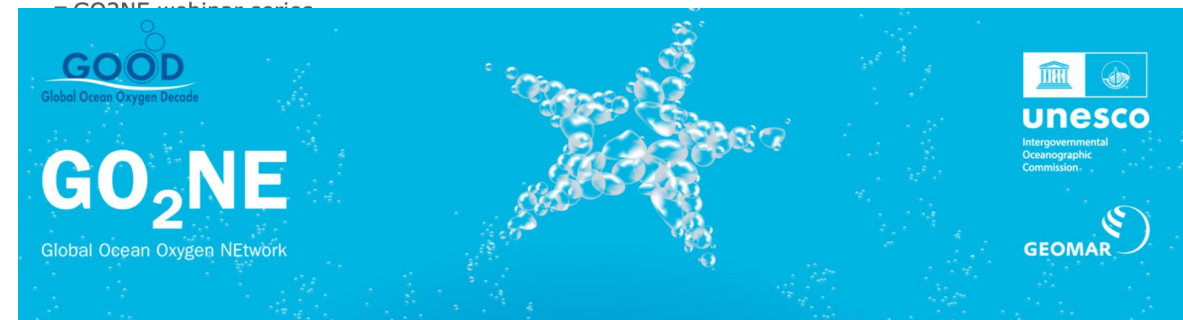
1. Increase knowledge about the causes, impacts and threats of deoxygenation
2. Increased capacity to measure, document, map, monitor and understand ocean deoxygenation,
3. Indicators and related methodologies will be provided to agencies and industries to ensure safe operating spaces,
4. Actionable strategies to mitigate and adapt to ocean deoxygenation on local to global scales.

<https://www.ocean-oxygen.org/>



In the third issue of GOOD News, you can read more about:

- GO2NE working group annual in-person meeting
- ECCWO-5: Ocean Deoxygenation: Physical, Biogeochemical and Ecological Research Advances and Future Needs
- Update of the Global Ocean Oxygen Database and Atlas (GO2DAT) project
- Spotighting Ocean Deoxygenation at World Oceans Day – June 2023
- GO2DAT at the International Ocean Data Conference-II 2023



GO₂NE Webinar Series No.24

20 November 2023 | 17:00-18:00 CET

**Do you want to know more about deoxygenation in the ocean?
Join us for the upcoming webinar!**

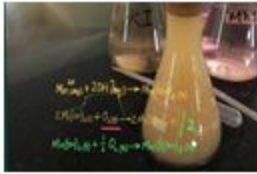


GO₂DAT

COASTAL & OPEN, FAIR, transparent QC & QF

DATASETS

Winkler



CTD



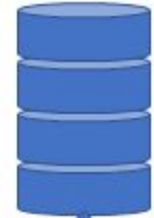
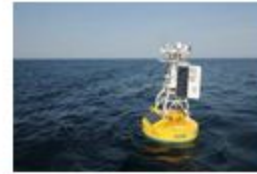
ARGO



Glider



Mooring, emergent, benthic



PRODUCTS: maps and indicators

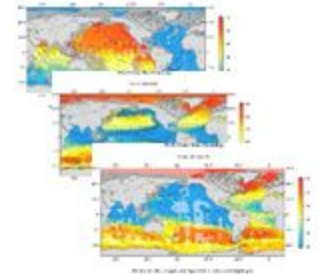
GO₂DAT1

GO₂DAT2

GO₂DAT3

GO₂DAT4

GO₂DAT5



WEB PORTAL



USERS

IOC, WMO, IUCN, FAO, EEA, Civil society, private sector..

IPCC, IPBES, UN-Decade, UNFCCC, SOLAS, GOOS, IMBER, EU Green Deal, ..



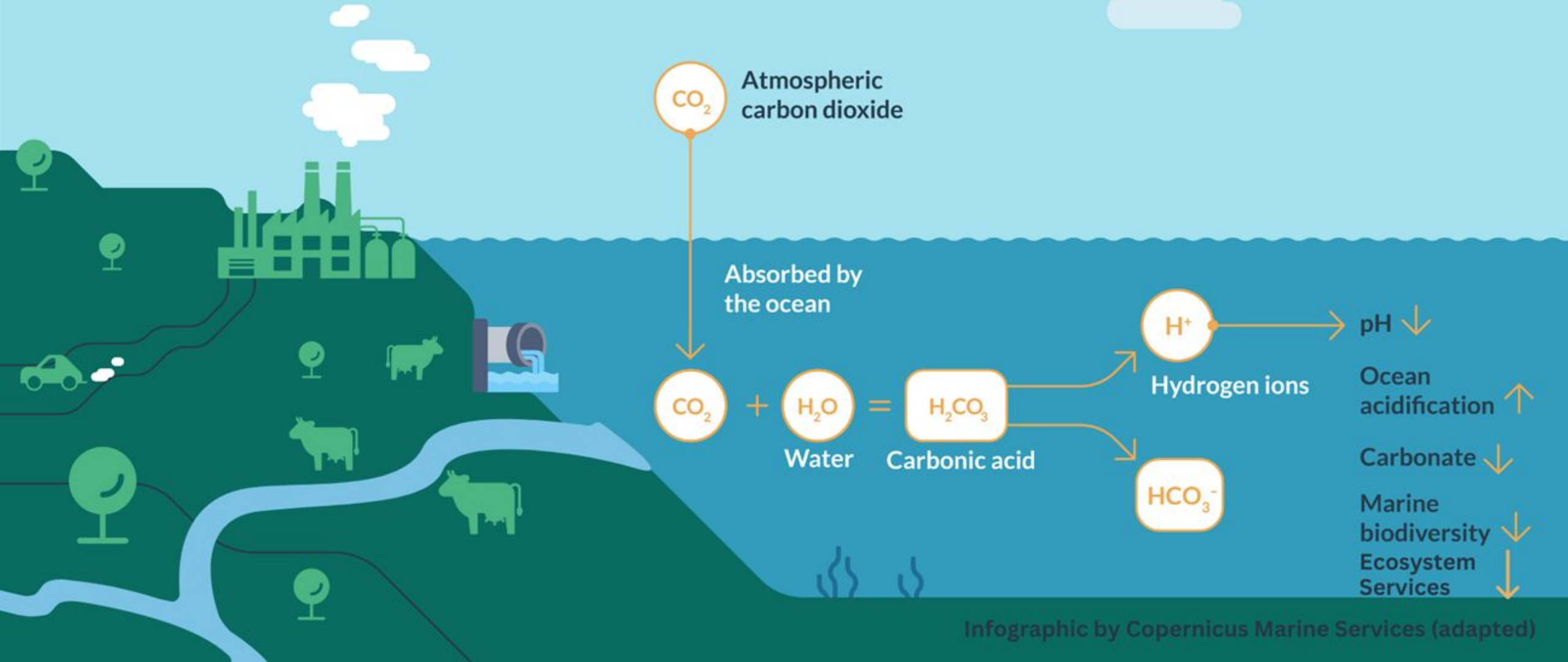
Ocean Acidification Research for Sustainability (OARS)

A Decadal Vision For Ocean Acidification Research To Sustainably Manage Our Oceans.

Jan Newton
(Univ. of Washington)
Kirsten Isensee
(IOC-UNESCO)
Steve Widdicombe
(Plymouth Marine Lab)

Amy Kenworthy
(OARS Project Officer)

Ocean Acidification

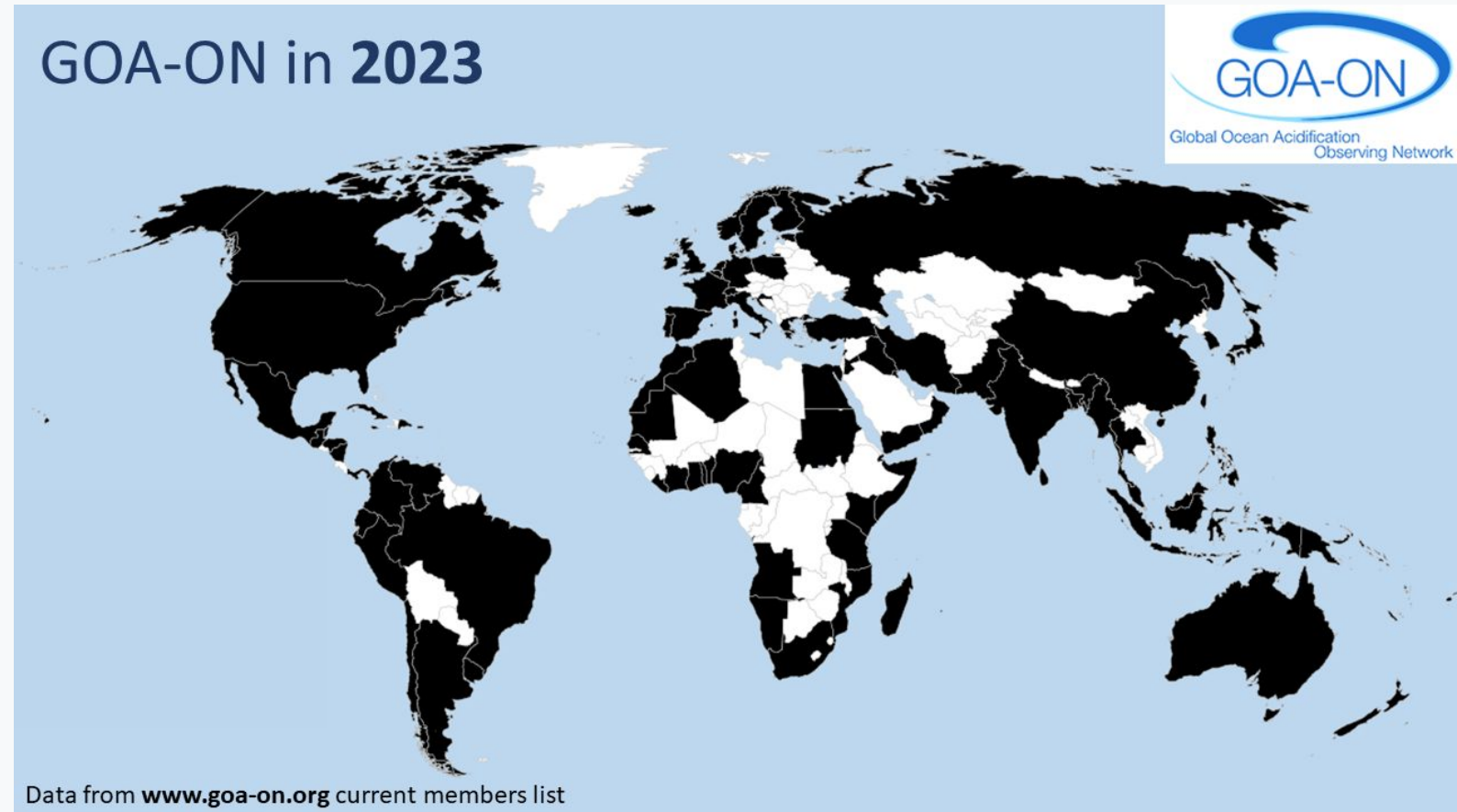


This Global Problem needs a Global Effort

Formed in 2012, the Global Ocean Acidification-Observing Network (GOA-ON) is an international community partnership.



- GOA-ON is a network of 900+ scientists from 114 countries and territories.
- GOA-ON has more than 140 members from 24 Small Island Developing States (SIDS), which translates to 12% of the membership



Regional Hubs

2023



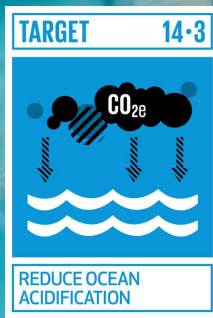
NEW!
Caribbean Hub



Southern Ocean Hub in
formation



The Science We Need for the Ocean We Want



www.oars-un.org

The United Nations
Decade of Ocean Science
for Sustainable Development
(2021-2030)



GOA-ON's response to the UN Ocean Decade

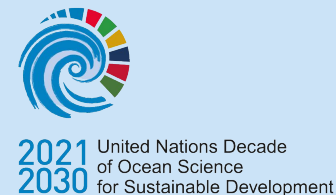


Fostering the co-development of ocean acidification science, including the impacts on marine life and sustainability of marine ecosystems in estuarine-coastal-open ocean environments.

In June 2021, the UN Ocean Decade endorsed the OARS programme.

Proposed by GOA-ON, on behalf of the ocean acidification community, OARS offers a 10-year road map to deliver the ocean acidification science we need.

Creating a Community of OA Action



Ocean Acidification Research for Sustainability
A Community Vision for the Ocean Decade

The OARS Outcome 'Onion'



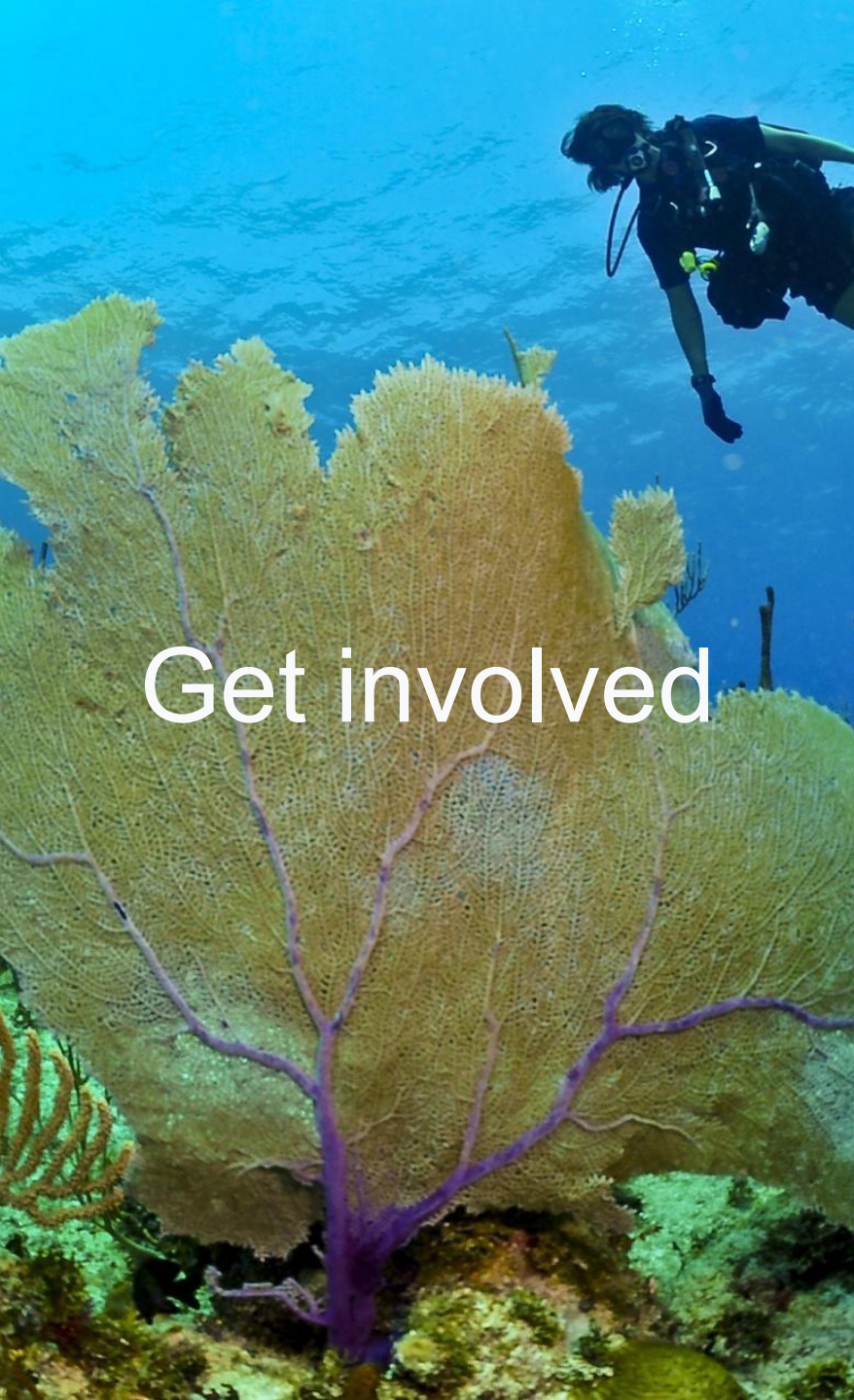
Co-Champions; will provide the leadership for each outcome.

Outcome Working Group; will support the co-champions in setting out the Theory of Change process that will deliver the implementation plan.

Experts and Specialists; will provide targeted knowledge and input for the development and delivery of the Outcome strategy.

Delivery Partners; will develop, lead and deliver specific activities, engagements and outputs that will contribute to the Outcome

Stakeholders and funders; will co-develop and contribute to key Outcome activities, engagements and outputs.



Get involved

Become a Working Group member

Create new projects and actions, as guided by the white papers, the co-champions and the working groups.

Register a Commitment to one or more of the OARS Outcomes.



Ocean Acidification
Research for Sustainability

Register Your Commitment

Join the OARS Ocean Decade
Programme in tackling ocean
acidification.

www.oars-commitments.org



Proposed to the Ocean Decade by:



IOOS
Integrated Ocean
Observing System



 **Smithsonian**



Many US and international
academic and civil society partners

Ocean Shot 

*The National
Academies of*

SCIENCES
ENGINEERING
MEDICINE



ML2030 and the Ocean Decade Vision

Marine Life 2030 Vision: A globally coordinated system that delivers knowledge of marine life to those who need it, seeking to transform the observation and forecasting of marine life for the benefit of all people, promoting sustainable development and ocean conservation.

Ocean Decade Vision 2030: Marine Life 2030 is a network that specifically addresses UN Ocean Decade Challenge 2 “Protect and Restore Ecosystems and Biodiversity. Understand the effects of multiple stressors on ocean ecosystems, and develop solutions to monitor, protect, manage, and restore ecosystems and their biodiversity under changing environmental, social, and climate conditions”.

Other relevant UN Ocean Decade Challenges:

- Challenge 7: Expand the Global Ocean Observing System.
- Challenge 9: Skills, Knowledge and Technology for All.
- Challenge 10: Change humanity’s relationship with the ocean



Guiding Principles

- Identify benefits of marine life to stakeholders.
- Co-design solutions by defining clear science and management objectives.
- Commitment to respect of participants, and to fair and ethical interactions.
- Commitment to share a minimum set of common data on Essential Ocean Variables that can be used to develop Essential Biodiversity Variables.
- Commitment to applying standard data formatting (e.g., DarwinCore) that aid interoperability, integration, and publication of data through relevant open biological and environmental databases (OBIS, GBIF).

26 affiliated projects and growing: <https://marinelife2030.org/affiliated-projects/>



The Global Ocean Observing System



Session 6: Optimising synergy with the Ocean Decade

Part 3: The Decade Coordination Office for Ocean Observing and 11 ocean observing programmes, deep work in the Ocean Decade

Action #97: OASIS (Observing Air-Sea Interactions Strategy)
Meghan Cronin (USA), Christa Maradino (Germany), Seb Swart (Sweden)

Thirteenth GOOS Steering Committee Meeting [SC-13]
Barcelona 13th-16th April 2024

OASIS ACTIVITIES (select)

- Riihimaki et al. (In Press) “Ocean Surface Radiation Measurement Best Practice” – Endorsed by OceanSITES. **We request GOOS endorsement.**
- OASIS and OOPC are helping to develop a longterm partnership between TPOS Equatorial Pacific Experiment (TEPEX) and Pacific Community and Pacific Island-GOOS. **Request help with community building linking GOOS (TPOS), PI-GOOS GRA, SPC, OASIS and TEPEX.**
- Uncrewed Surface Vehicle Network for GOOS (Action #35.3 project linked to OASIS) is working to meet the attributes of an emerging network. USV for GOOS representatives have participated in OCG annual meetings in 2022, 2023, and in May 2024. **Request OCG and GOOS recognize the Uncrewed Surface Vehicle (USV) emerging network and provide guidance.**



2021 United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development
2030

Improved Earth system (including ecosystem) forecasts for a predicted, clean, accessible, healthy, safe & productive ocean

Improved ocean information serving stakeholders around the world

Grand Idea #3
Improved models & understanding of air-sea interaction processes

Grand Idea #2
Satellites optimized for air-sea fluxes

Grand Idea #1
A globally distributed in situ air-sea observing network built around an expanded array of time series stations

Observing Air-Sea Interactions Strategy (OASIS) is harmonizing community recommendations from OceanObs'19 and UN Decade Laboratories... ...into three Grand Ideas

Anderson et al. (2019), Arduin et al. (2019a), Bange et al. (2019), Bax et al. (2019), Canonico et al. (2019), Domingues et al. (2019), Estes et al. (2021), Penny et al. (2019), Pinardi et al. (2019), Powers et al. (2019)

Arco et al. (2021), Bax et al. (2018), Benson et al. (2018), Cronin et al. (2019), Cronin et al. (2021), Fennel et al. (2018), Foltz et al. (2019), Hermes et al. (2019), Maximenko et al. (2019), Smith et al. (2019), Speich et al. (2019), Wanninkhof et al. (2019)

Centurioni et al. (2019), Groom et al. (2019), Harcourt et al. (2019), Jamet et al. (2019), Muelbert et al. (2019), Muller-Karger et al. (2018), Newman et al. (2019), Lombard et al. (2019), Marandino et al. (2022), Kent et al. (2019), O'Carroll et al. (2019), Sequeira et al. (2021), Steinhoff et al. (2019), Subramanian et al. (2019), Swart et al. (2019), Villas Bôas et al. (2019), Arduin et al. (2019b), Bourassa et al. (2019), Gentemann et al. (2020), Gommenginger et al. (2019), Morrow et al. (2019), Rodriguez et al. (2019), Shuter et al. (2020), Vinogradova et al. (2019)

Meinig et al. (2019), Pearlman et al. (2019), Sabine et al. (2020), Smith et al. (2019), Wang et al. (2019)

SCOR Working Group 154 (2020)

PARTNERS

- MARINER
- STUDENT
- BEST PRACTICE EXPERT
- DATA SPECIALIST
- ENGINEER
- PRODUCT DEVELOPER
- ANALYST
- PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR
- INSTITUTION

Air-sea interaction information could be significantly expanded ... by developing a culture of mentorship and partnership

DERIVED VARIABLES

- HIGH RESOLUTION SURFACE ESSENTIAL OCEAN VARIABLES (EOV)
Considered both derived and measured
- ESSENTIAL CLIMATE VARIABLES (ECV)
- ESSENTIAL BIODIVERSITY VARIABLES (EBV)

MEASURED VARIABLES

Making platforms multidisciplinary and multifunctional, the OASIS network can provide high-quality air-sea fluxes that serve multiple stakeholders.

SCALE

- GLOBAL
- REGIONAL
- LOCAL

EXAMPLE

Image: Sarah Battle/NOAA

OASIS Grand Ideas And Theory of Change “Grandest Idea of All”

OASIS FUNDING PITCHES

- (1) Early Career Ocean Professionals (ECOP) Honorariums, travel, page charges.
- (2) Creation of a website and data portal for the “Uncrewed Surface Vehicle (USV) network for GOOS”
- (3) OASIS project office
- (4) Support for community workshops
- (5) Data buys for air-sea interaction observations (e.g. from Saildrone, Inc., Sofar, Inc) delivered to public “Open Data” repositories and modeling & data centers around the world, with support of mission management and scientific analyses
- (6) “Scientist in Residence” scientific extended visits (2 weeks or longer) to SIDS & the Global South and
- (7a) Paid internships to foster international collaboration
- (7b) OASIS Graduate Research Fellowships with advisors & mentors from different institutions & countries



OASIS Face to Face Workshop

February 17-18, 2024
New Orleans, LA USA



More than 54 In Person Participants with ECOPs from Africa, Europe, Australia, Asia, South America, North America. Online participants as well.



2021
2030 United Nations Decade
of Ocean Science
for Sustainable Development

Decade Coordinating Office Ocean Observing

GOOS Steering Committee
April 15, 2024



Terry McConnell
Lead



Emma Heslop
GOOS
IOC/UNESCO



DCO – Ocean Observing

- **Programmes & Projects Overview**
- **Vision & Strategy**

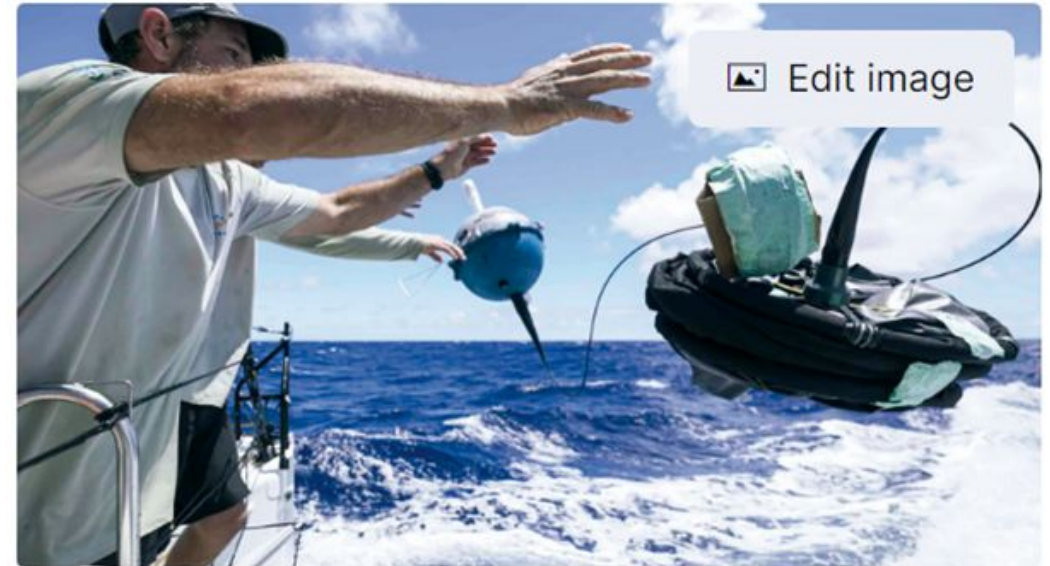


DCO – Ocean Observing

Programmes & Projects Overview

— DCO – Ocean Observing

The Data Coordination Office (DCO) for Ocean Observing unites a community of 11 Programmes and 91 Projects working collaboratively with the GOOS (the Global Ocean Observing System) to expand, revolutionise and operationalize a truly inclusive ocean observing system, where both public and private sector entities collaborate to deliver tangible societal benefits.

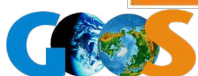


The DCO-Ocean Observing Programmes Group



11 OCEAN OBSERVING PROGRAMMES and 91 PROJECTS
(31% of Decade Actions)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Lead Institution</u>
OneDeepOcean	Ocean network for deep observation	Ifremer, France
CoastPredict	Observing and predicting the global coastal ocean	Alma Mater Studiorum University of Bologna, Italy
Seabed 2030 Project	Bathymetric map of the entire ocean by 2030	Nippon Foundation-GEBCO, Monaco
ODRP-MAE	Research on the maritime acoustic environment	Interagency Working Group for Ocean Sound and Marine Life, US
Marine Life 2030	Global integrated marine biodiversity information management and forecasting system.	Marine Biodiversity Observation Network (MBON).
OBON	Ocean biomolecular observing network	POGO, US
OASIS	Observing air-sea interactions strategy	SCOR Working Group, US
DOOS	Deep ocean observing strategy	DOOS Working Group, US
Ocean Observing Co-Design	Evolving ocean observing through co-design to deliver the information nations need	GOOS, UNESCO IOC
Observing Together	Meeting stakeholder needs and making every observation count	GOOS, UNESCO IOC
Challenger 150	A decade to study deep ocean sea life	DOSI, UK

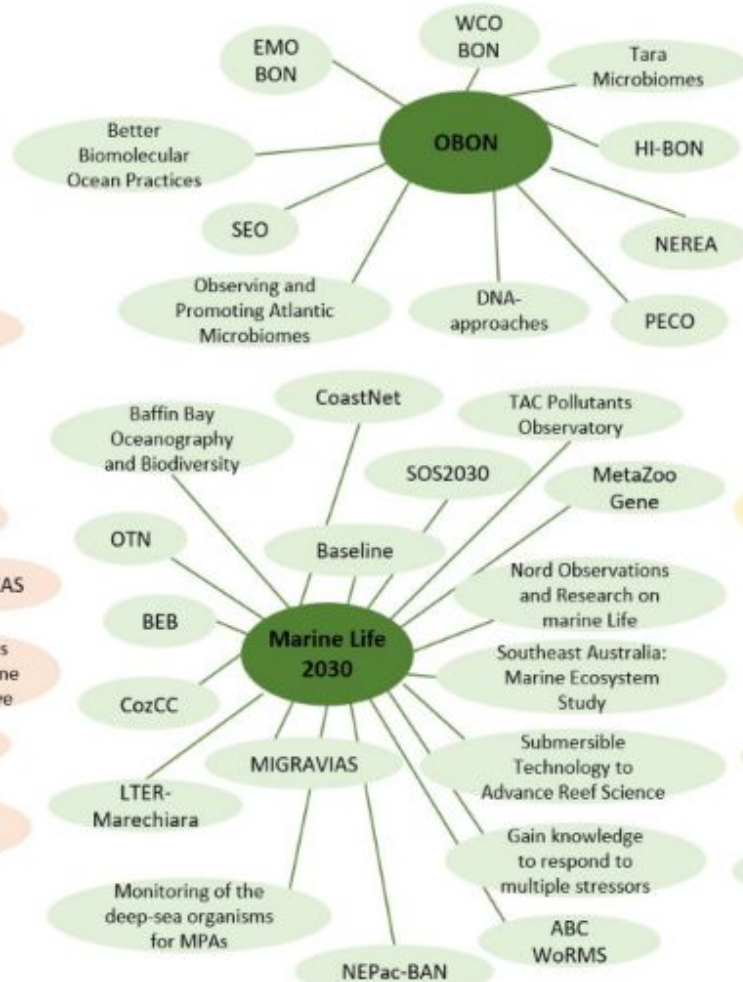


Programmes and affiliated Projects

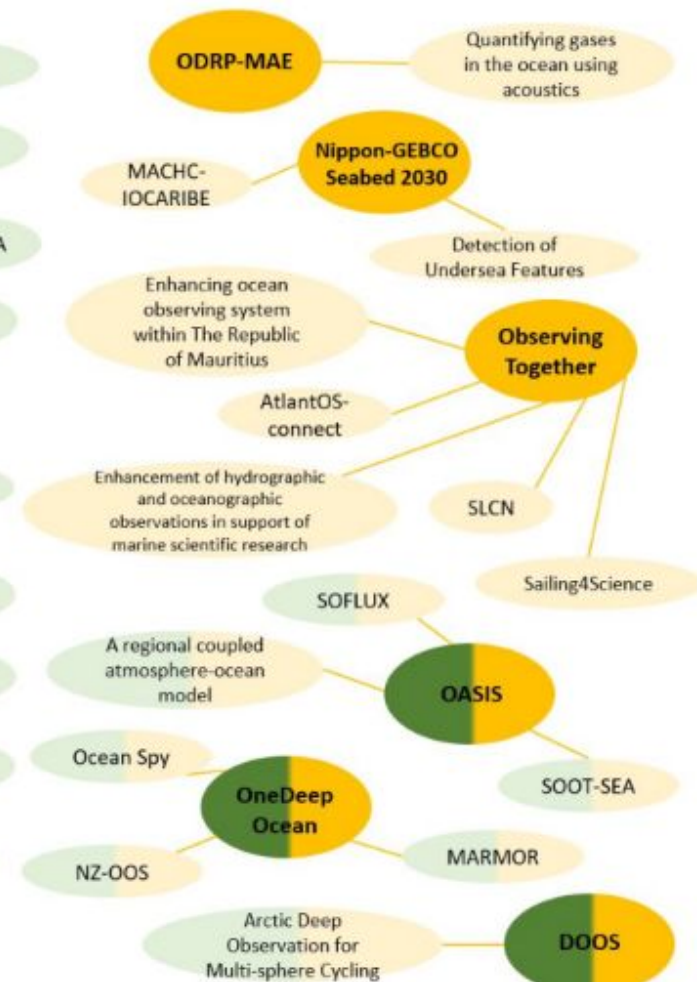
User Solution 2 Programmes – 17 Projects



Biodiversity 2 Programmes – 28 Projects

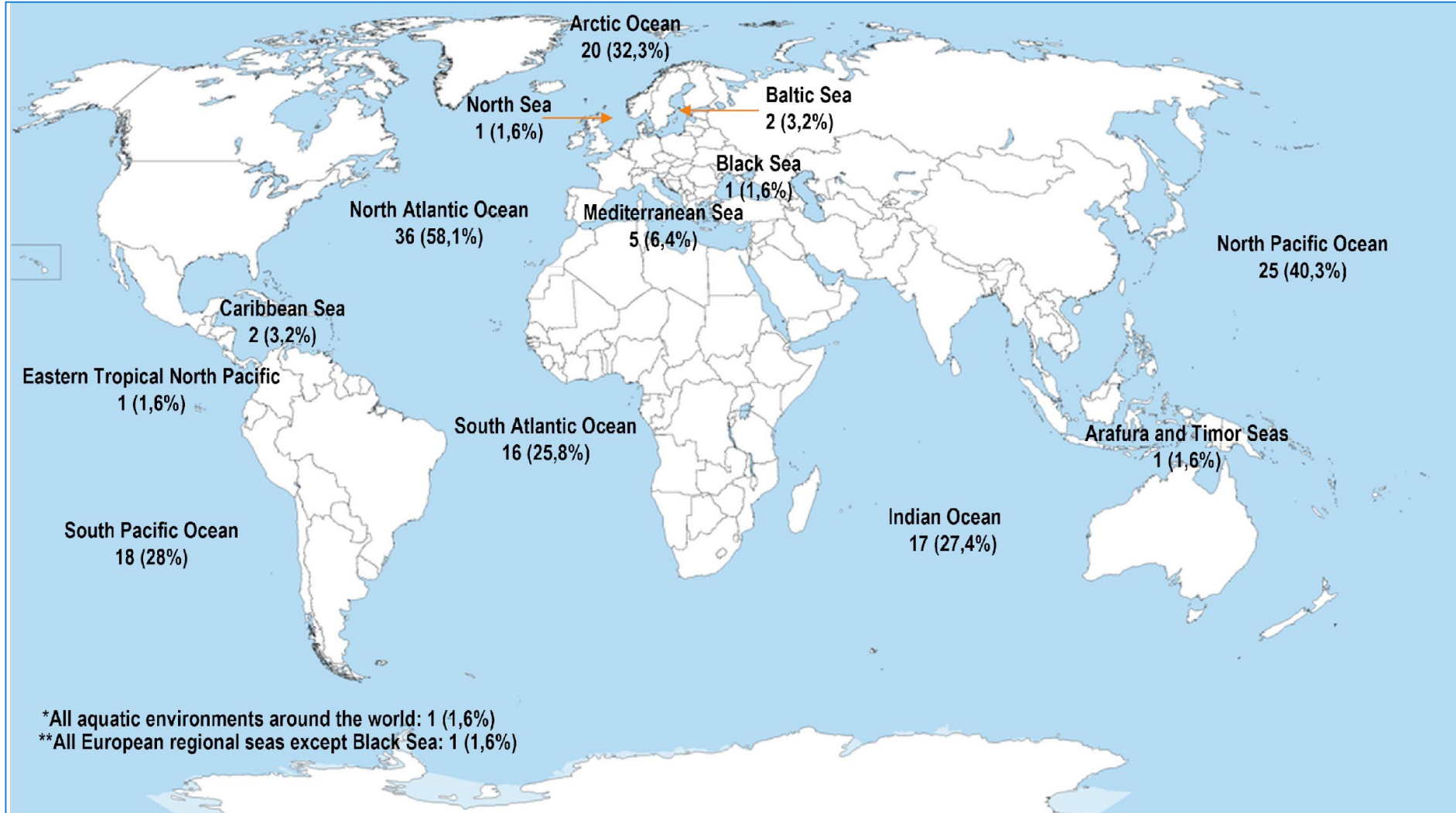


Physics 6 Programmes – 15 Projects



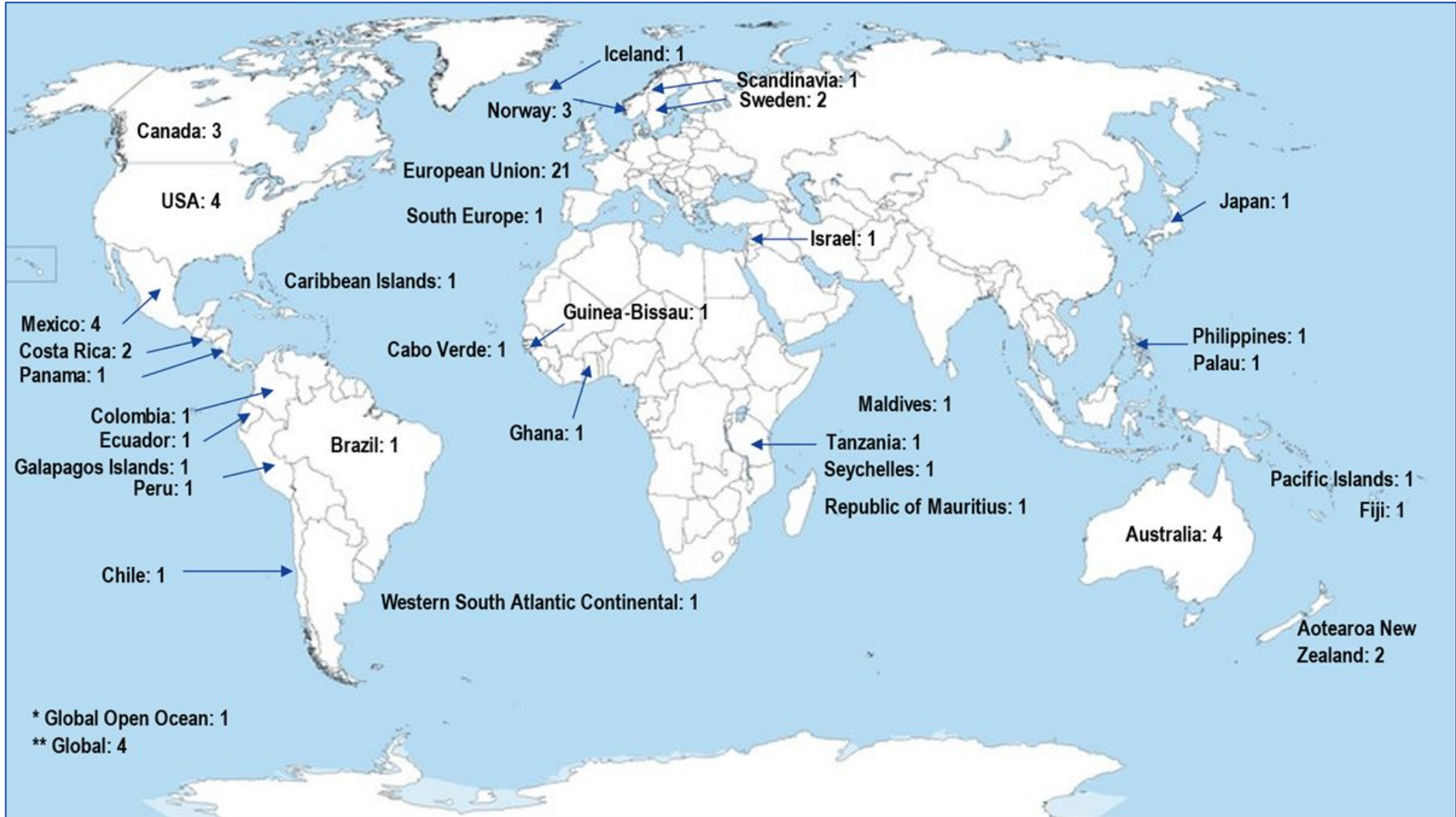
Ocean Observing in the Decade

Project focus areas: Ocean Basins



Ocean Observing in the Decade

Project focus areas: EEZs

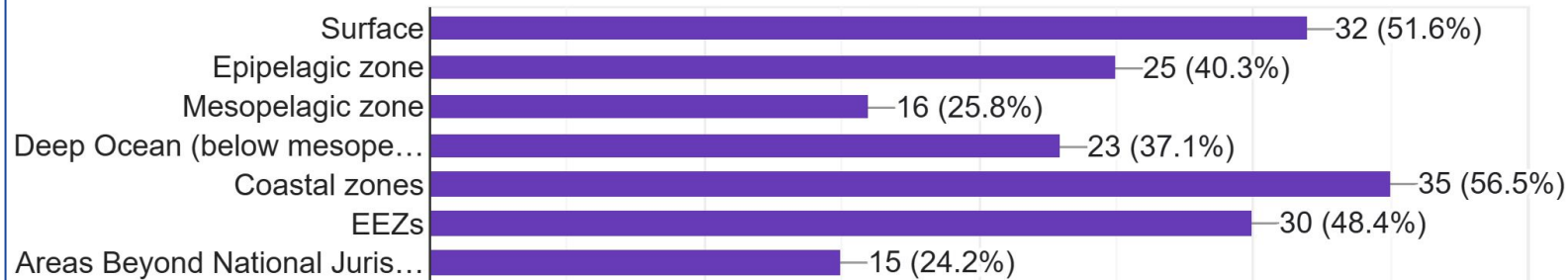


Ocean Observing in the Decade

Vertical Zones and EOVs

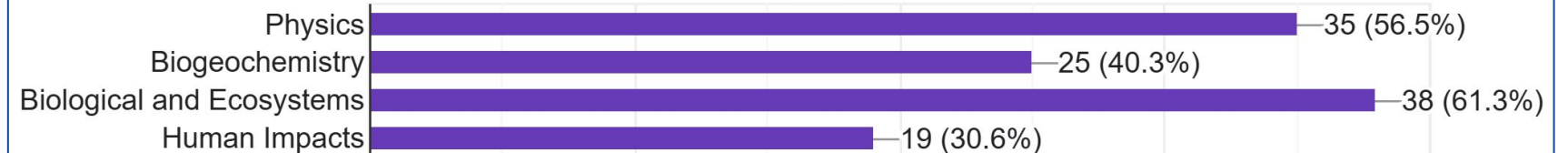
5. What part(s) of the Ocean is your Project active in? (select all that are applicable)

62 responses



6. Please identify the main observing focus of your Action (select all that are applicable)

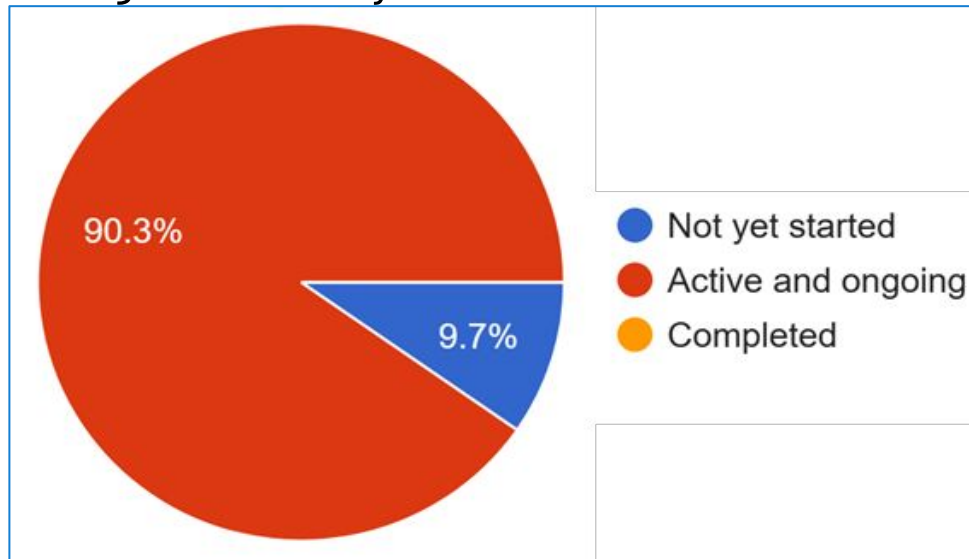
62 responses



Ocean Observing in the Decade

Project status: Stage of activity, Funding, Resources

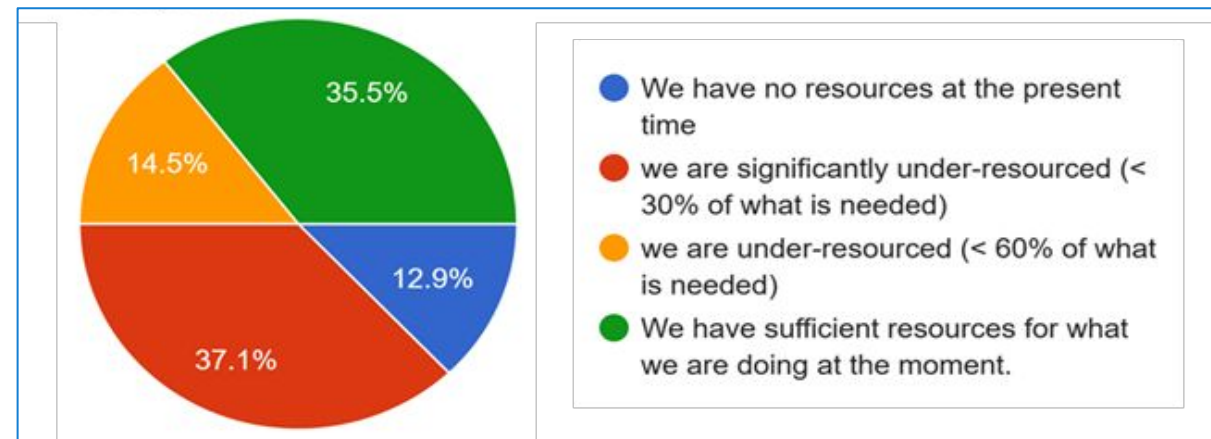
Stage of Activity



Level of Funding



Available Resources



Ocean Observing in the Decade

Comparison of Decade Challenge WGs defined needs vs. Project activity

Ocean Basins

- The North Atlantic and North Pacific oceans have the highest proportion of **active Projects** but is ranked **lowest in importance** for focus with the WGs.
- The Southern, Arctic and Indian oceans are ranked markedly **higher in importance** for focus by the WGs but have a **low to medium** proportion of the active Projects.

Area of desired impact

- Human Impacts **scores the highest** in indicated importance by the WGs. However, this is the **most weakly represented** in active Projects.
- Physics measurements is measured very **low in importance** with the WG but shares a **strong lead** in Project activity.
- Biological and Eco-systems ranks 2nd in importance from the WGs, and indeed **shares the lead** for current active from the Projects.

Vertical and Horizontal focus areas

- Coastal zones, followed by EEZs are ranked in that order by the WGs as having the highest importance for focus. This **matches** what the Projects indicate is currently underway.
- Surface waters are the highest focal interest for the WGs, **matching** the activity of the Projects. The activity in, and importance of, Mid-level and deep waters are generally **equally distributed**

Ocean Observing in the Decade

Comparison of Decade Challenge WGs defined needs vs. Project activity

Physics EOVs

- Sea surface and sub-surface temperature measurements are the **largest area** of activity with the Projects, followed by Sea surface and sub-surface salinity measurements.
- While these are considered of relatively high importance by the WGs, with the exception of surface temperature, they are **superseded in ranking** of highest importance by Sea state, Sea ice and Ocean surface heat flux.

Bio-Chemical EOVs

- The relative ranking of the importance of EOVs in the realm of Bio-chemistry by the WGs is nicely **matched** by the relative activity levels by the Projects.

Biological and Ecosystems EOVs

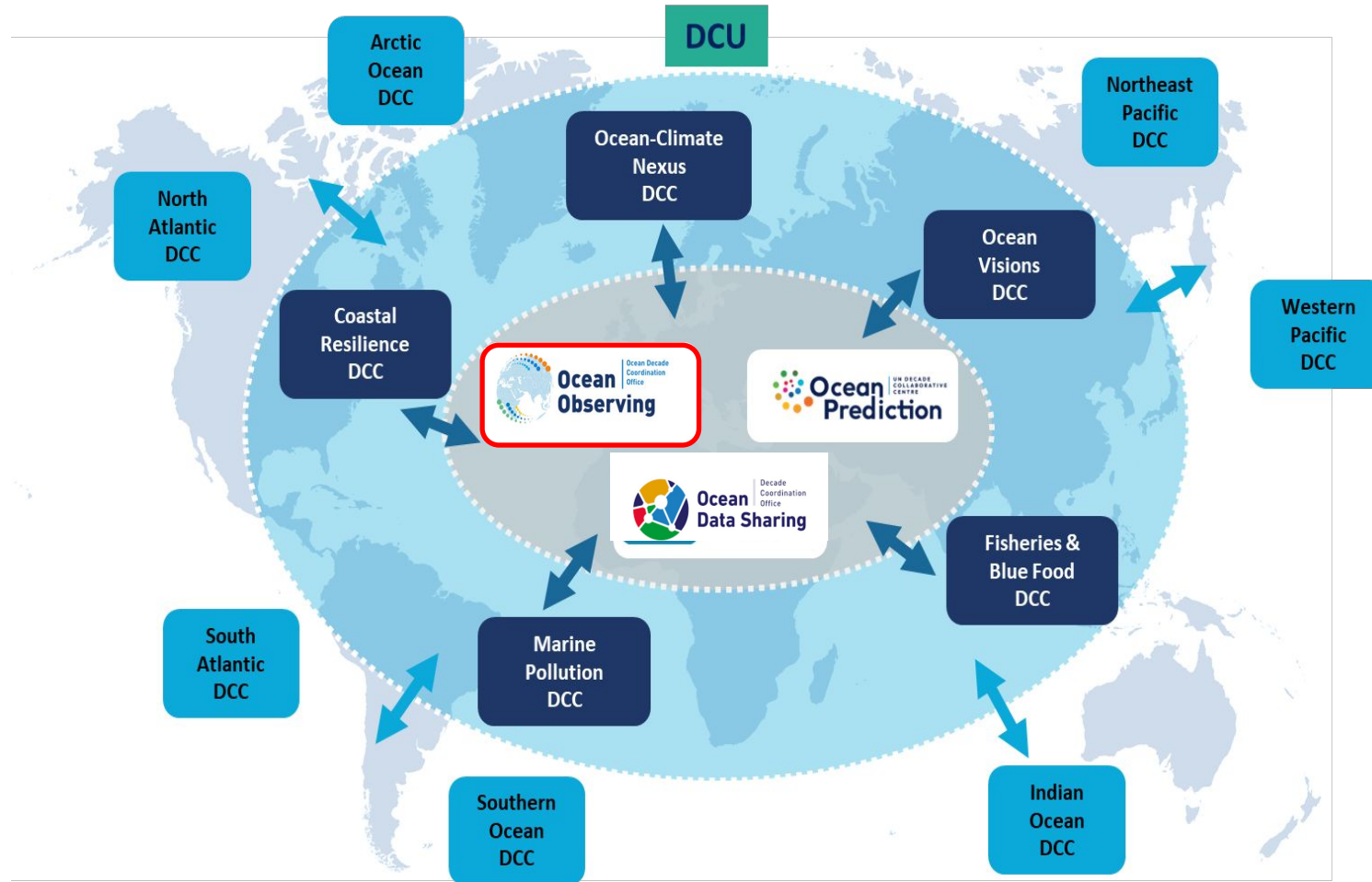
- There are two groupings of **highest interest** from the WGs:
 - Biomass (including Fish) distribution, and
 - Carbon Sink distribution (Mangroves, Seagrass, Macroalgal canopy coverage)Project activity on Biomass measurements is high but is **quite low** in the mapping of Carbon Sink environments.
- Mapping distributions of larger sea life is indicated to be of **lower priority** for the WGs but has a relatively **high Project activity** level.



DCO – Ocean Observing

Vision & Strategy

DCO – Ocean Observing within the Decade



The DCO-Ocean Observing Community

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DCO – Ocean Observing Vision

Institutional strategy:
Cohesive, coordinated and interoperable ocean observing systems; global, regional and national

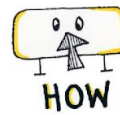
Community Engagement:
Private sector and societal participants in the Blue Economy and a healthy Ocean



Sustained Ocean financing:
Innovative, long-term finance for a sustainable Global Ocean Observing system

Prioritization of societally relevant observing requirements: Geographic & Thematic.

Standardization around universally agreed EOVs, ECVs and measurement & data management best practice.



Capacity Development:
Ensure equitable access to observational data and technology for all stakeholders

Technology Development:
Autonomous & low-cost sensors. Complementary use of remotely sensed & in-situ data



A global ocean observing system responsive to the needs of end users; enabling a healthy, resilient ocean and sustainable blue economies.

END-USER APPLICATIONS



— DCO – Ocean Observing

Digital Ocean Data Eco-system

- The DCO – Ocean Observing will work jointly with the DCO – Ocean Data Sharing and the DCC – OceanPredict towards the implementation of a FAIR ocean data digital eco-system
- ✓ Enable scientists to find and access data
- ✓ Support for decision makers to make informed choices
- ✓ Empower the “Blue Economy”

— DCO-OO, DCO- ODS and DCC – OP Coordination



— DCO – Ocean Observing

The Ocean Decade’s Data & Information Strategy recognizes three key underpinning components that need to be well coordinated and interconnected to create a productive Digital Ecosystem:

- ❑ Observations and data collection,
- ❑ Data management and sharing, and
- ❑ Analytics modelling and prediction.



**Ocean Decade
Data & Information
Strategy**

Vision
A trusted, inclusive, and interconnected ocean data and information ecosystem that is actively used for decision making to support sustainable ocean management.

Mission
To catalyse a solution-oriented, global digital transformation for the digital ecosystem we need to overcome the Decade Challenge.

Strategic Objectives

1. Develop an ocean digital ecosystem that encourages the sharing and equitable access of multidisciplinary data, information and knowledge by all.
2. Improve data and information discovery and usability across the ocean digital ecosystem.
3. Build trust in data and information shared across the ocean digital ecosystem.
4. Prioritize digital solutions that support decisions for sustainable ocean management.
5. Expand, empower, and mobilize global communities to advance and maintain the ocean digital ecosystem.

Enablers
Technological Innovation // Partnerships // Durable Resourcing // Policy & Regulatory Frameworks

The United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development (2021-2030)

Download the Data & Information Strategy



DCO – Ocean Observing

The Vision



A truly global ocean observing system
responsive to the needs of end users;
enabling a healthy, resilient ocean and
A sustainable Blue Economy.



— DCO – Ocean Observing

What is needed



Prioritization of societally relevant observing requirements: Geographic & Thematic.

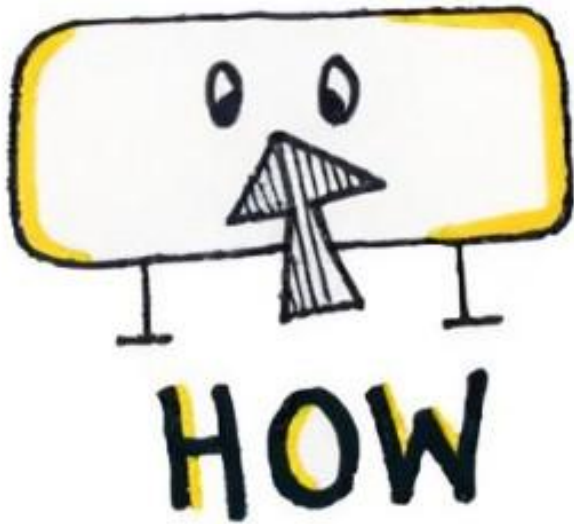
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Technology Development: Autonomous & low-cost sensors. Complementary use of remotely sensed & in-situ data

DCO – Ocean Observing

How we achieve this vision



Institutional strategy:

Cohesive, coordinated and interoperable ocean observing systems; global, regional and national

Community Engagement:

Private sector and societal participants in the Blue Economy and a healthy Ocean

Sustained Ocean financing:

Innovative, long-term finance for a sustainable Global Ocean Observing system



GOOS: At the heart of the Decade

GOOS | At the heart of
the Ocean Decade

GOOS is the global home of ocean
observing expertise.

**Challenge 7: Expand the 'Global Ocean
Observing System'** aims to ensure a
sustainable ocean observing system
endures well past the year 2030.



2021
2030 United Nations Decade
of Ocean Science
for Sustainable Development





Ocean Decade
Coordination
Office
**Ocean
Observing**



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Discussion