



**unesco**

Intergovernmental  
Oceanographic  
Commission



UNESCO/IOC – NOAA ITIC Training Program in Hawaii (ITP-TEWS Chile)  
TSUNAMI EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS  
AND THE PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER (PTWC) ENHANCED PRODUCTS  
TSUNAMI EVACUATION PLANNING AND UNESCO IOC TSUNAMI READY PROGRAMME  
19-30 August 2024, Valparaiso, Chile

# Local-source tsunami response

---

Kenji Satake  
University of Tokyo

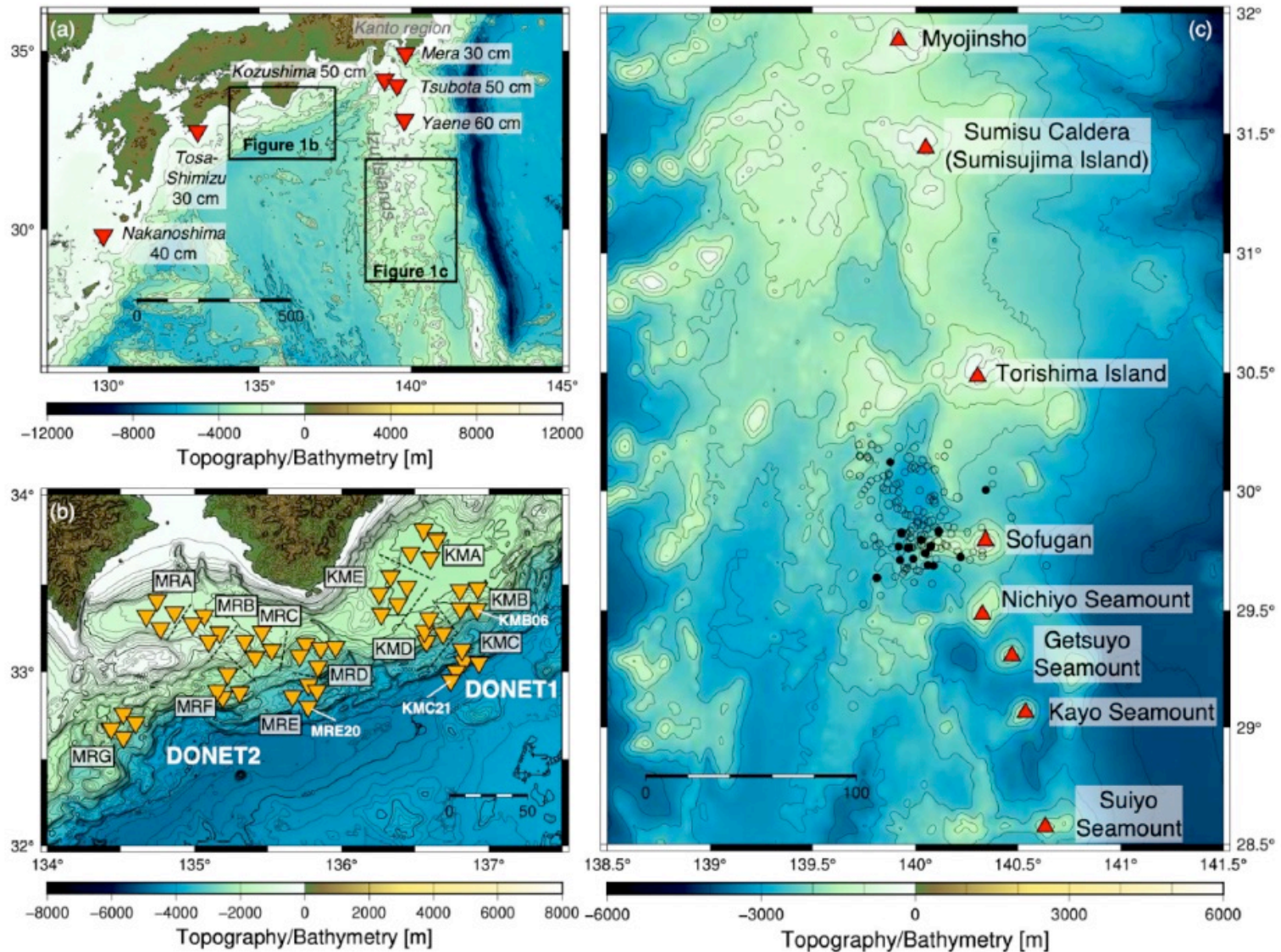


# Recent tsunamis in Japan

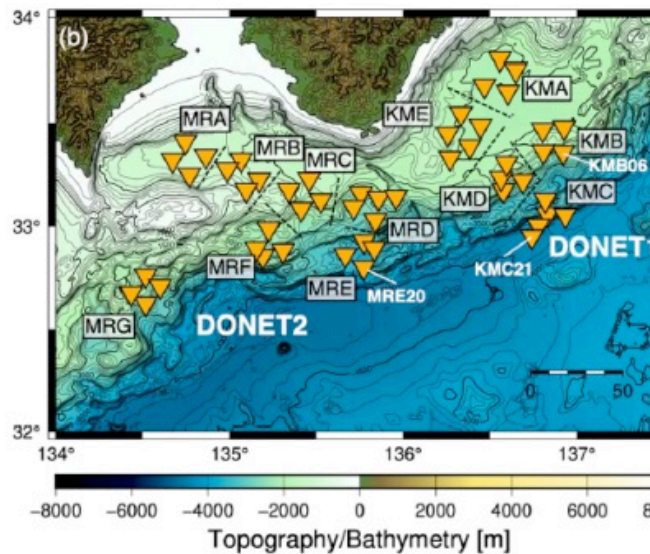
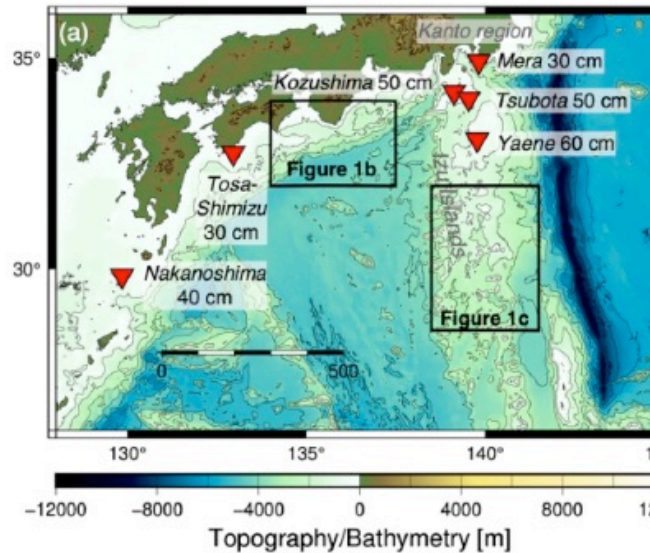
---

- 2023 Sofugan tsunami
- 2024 Noto earthquake
- Nankai megathrust earthquake attention

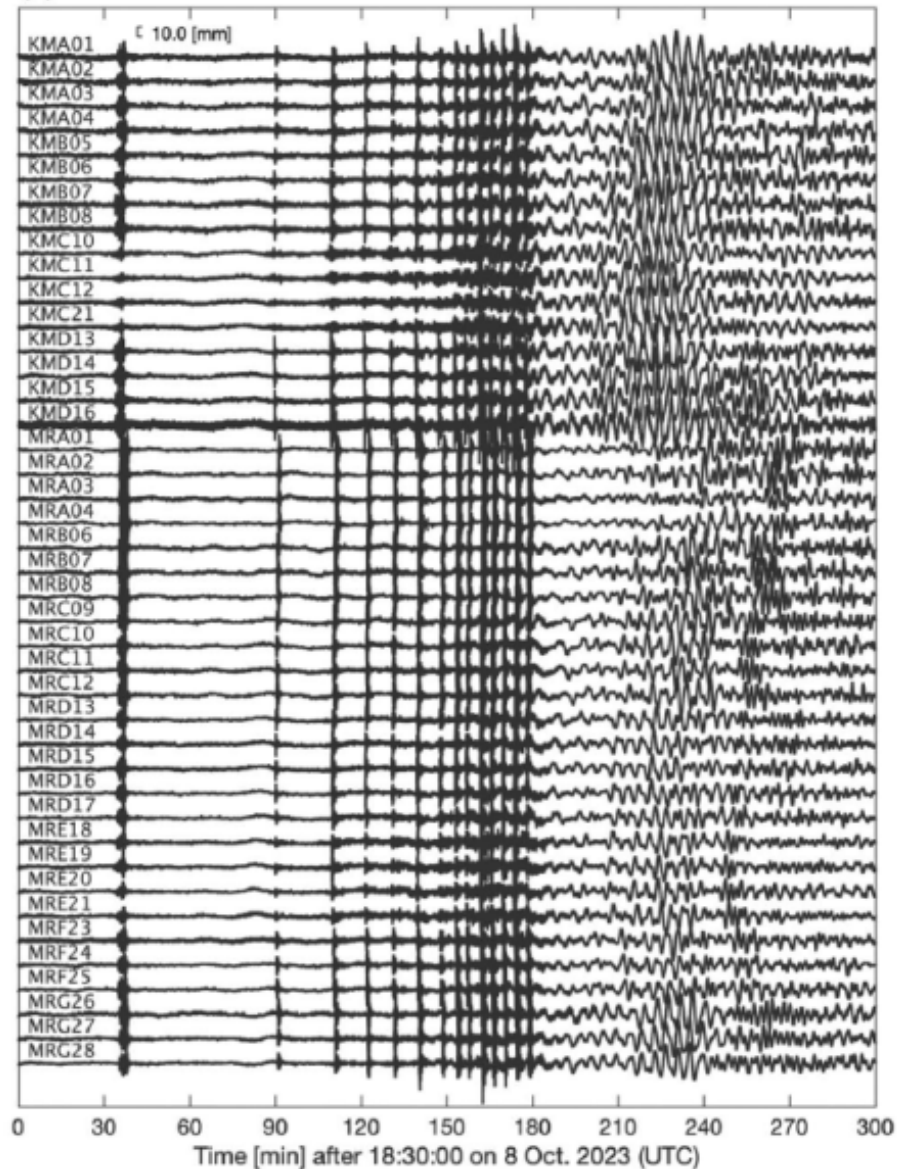
# Sofugan tsunami (October 8, 2023)



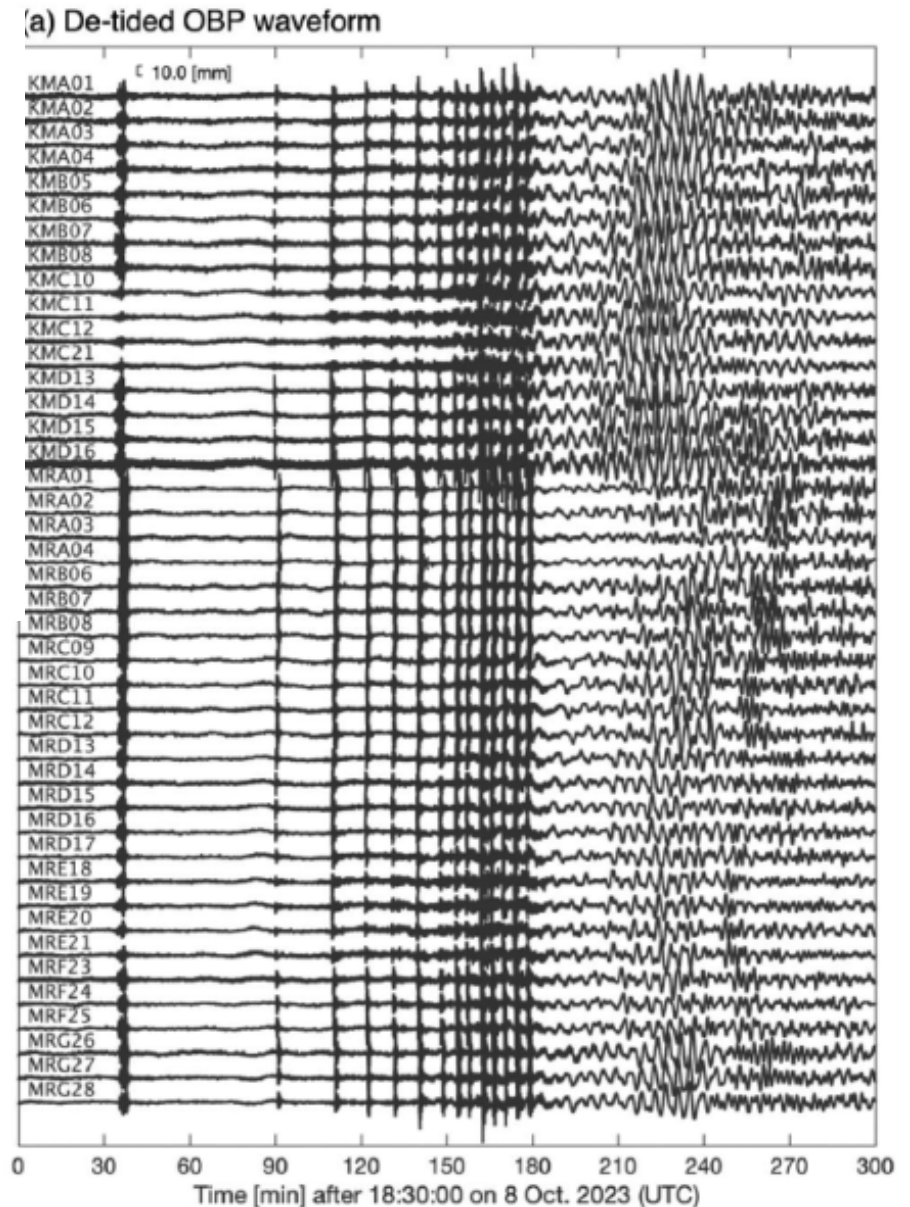
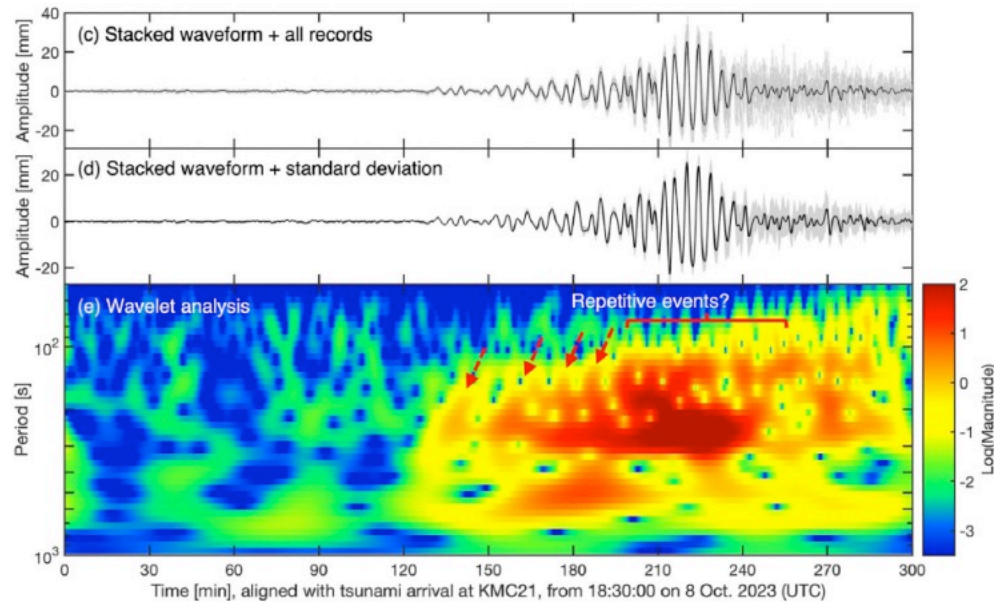
# Sofugan tsunami (October 8, 2023)



(a) De-tided OBP waveform

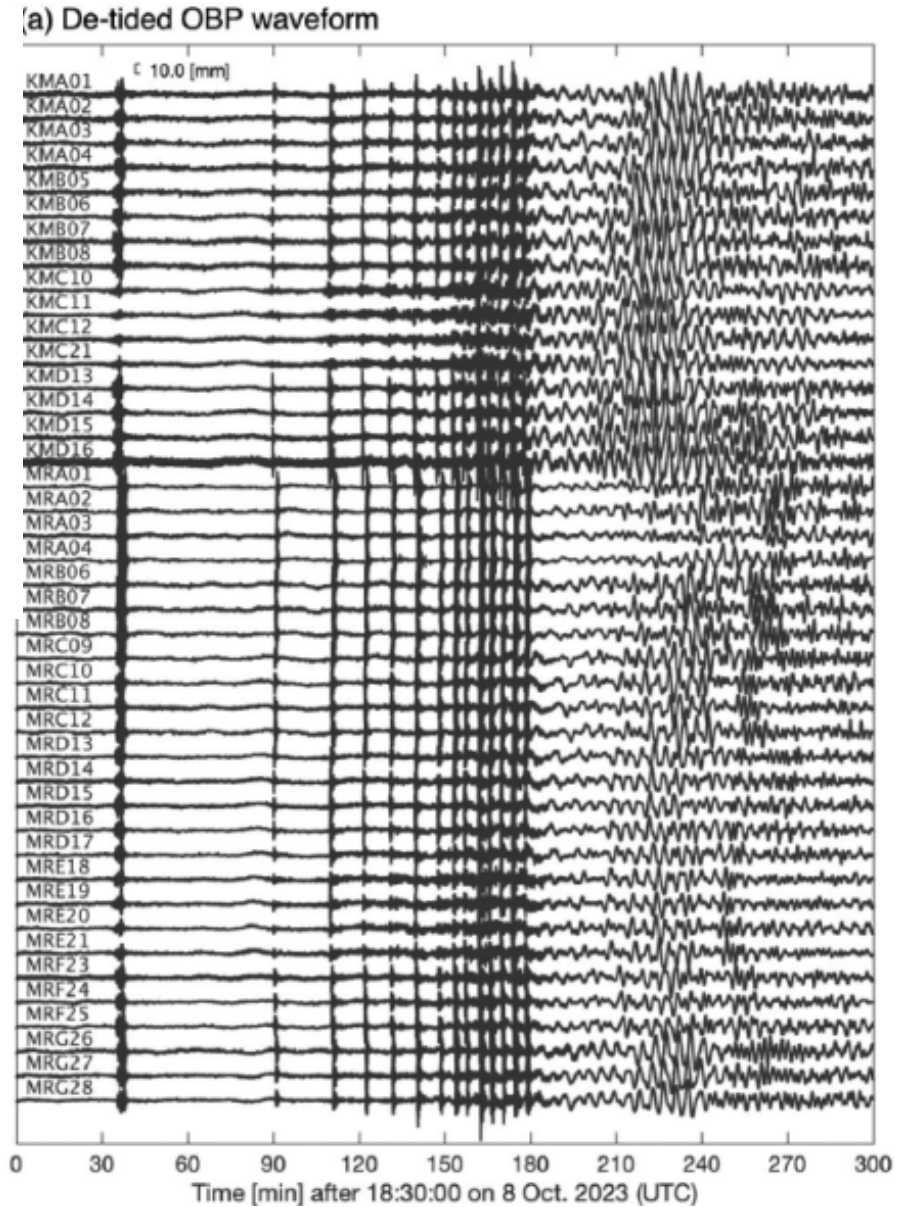
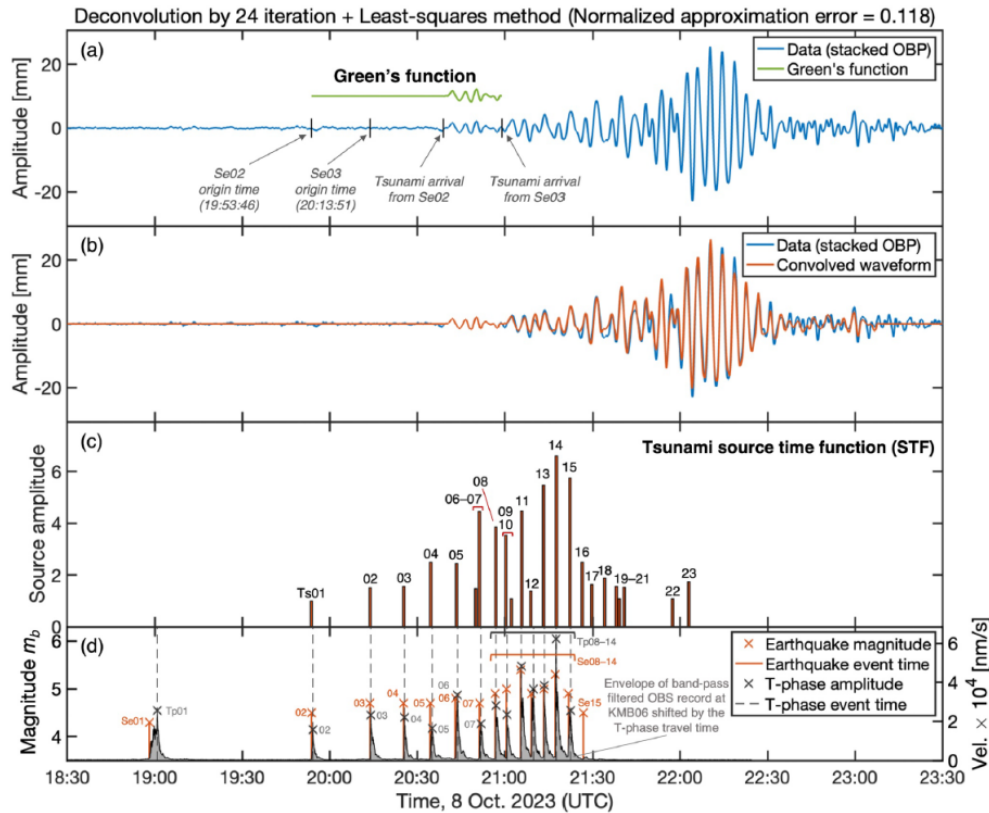


# Sofugan tsunami (October 8, 2023)



Sandanbata et al. (2024)  
<https://doi.org/10.1029/2023GL106949>

# Sofugan tsunami (October 8, 2023)



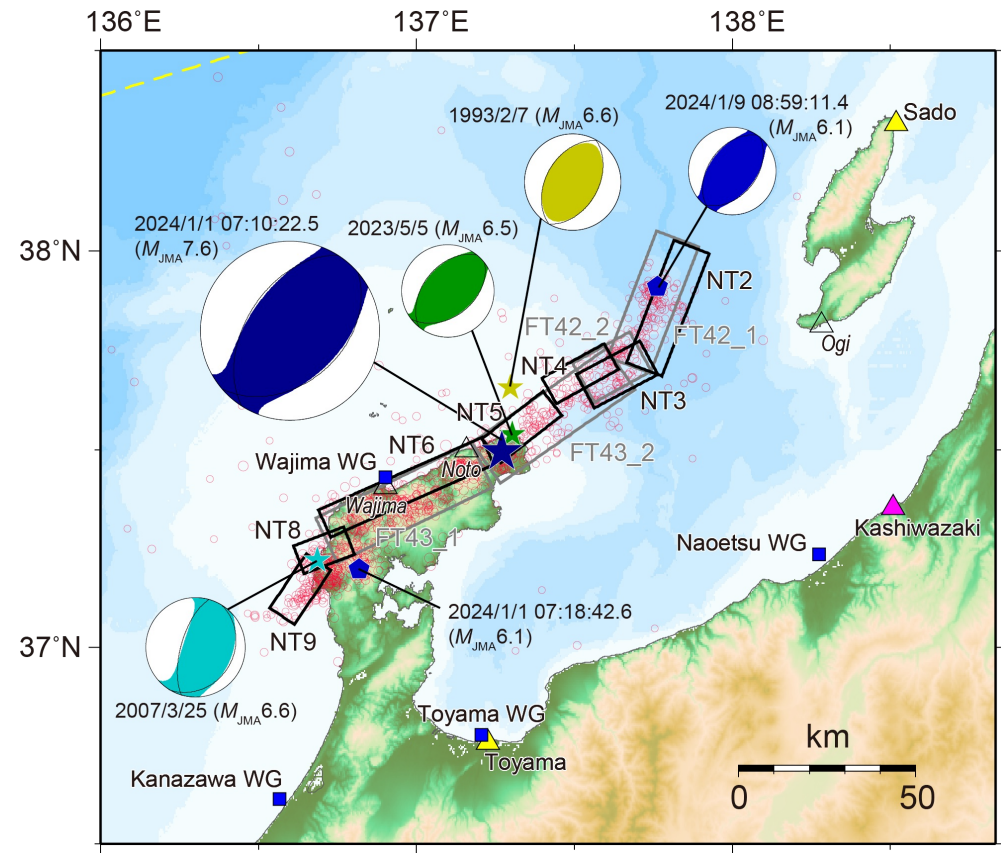
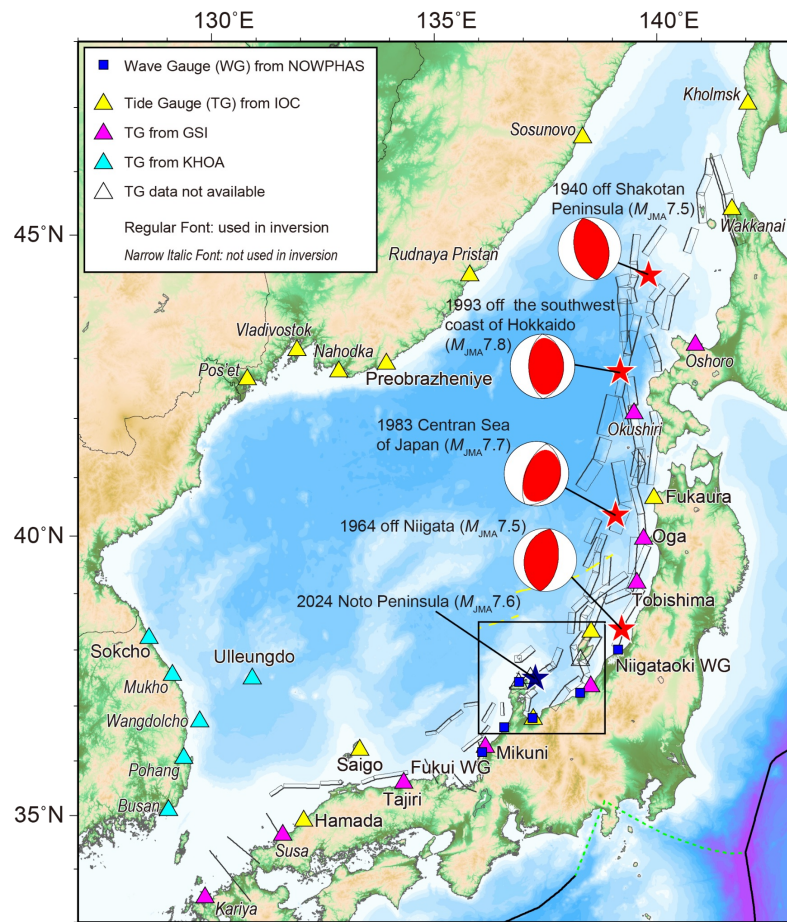
Sandanbata et al. (2024)  
<https://doi.org/10.1029/2023GL106949>

# The Noto Peninsula earthquake and tsunami on January 1, 2024

---

- The earthquake caused 245 casualties, mostly due to collapse of houses
- It also generated tsunami as high as 5 m, but human casualties were minimal
- The inundation area was smaller than tsunami hazard map based on simulation
- Tsunami early warning and its dissemination urged residents to evacuate
- Instrumental tsunami observation failed due to coastal uplift

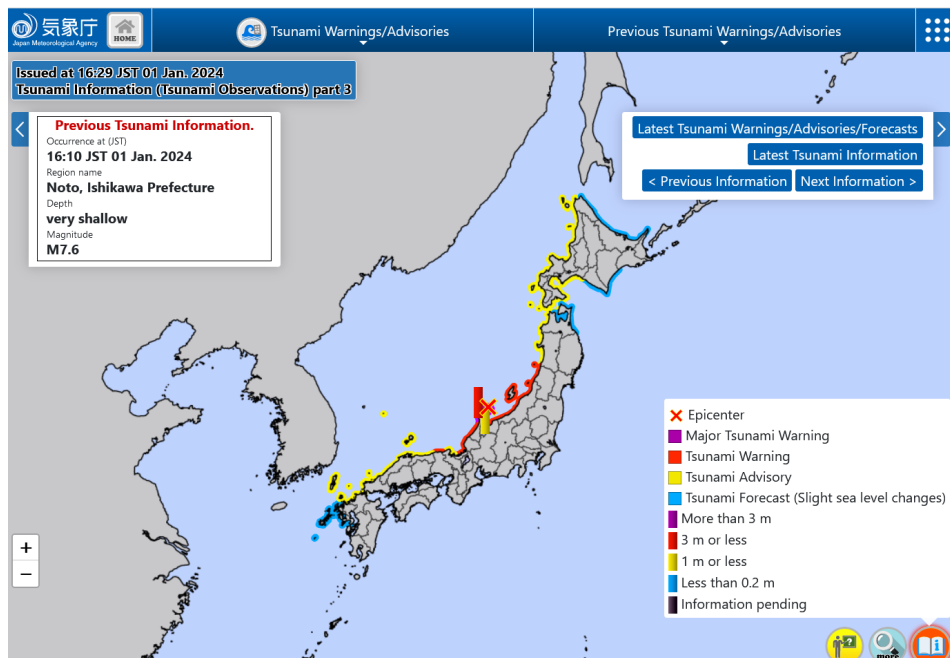
# Tsunamigenic earthquakes along eastern margin of Japan Sea



Fujii and Satake (2024, Earth Planets, Space)  
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s40623-024-01991-z>



# Tsunami warning issued by Japan Meteorological Agency



All times are Japan Standard Time

- 16:06 Earthquake (M 5.5)  
Earthquake Early Warning
- 16:10 Earthquake (M 7.6)  
Earthquake Early Warning
- 16:12 Tsunami warning
- 16:22 Major tsunami warning

<https://www.jma.go.jp/bosai/map.html#5/40.662/136.691/&elem=hist&contents=tsunami&lang=en>

# Tsunami warning issued by Japan Meteorological Agency

4:25 津波警報 山形県 新潟県 富山県  
石川県加賀 福井県 兵庫県北部

津波！避難！

石川県能登地方 大津波警報

石川 七尾 中継

大津波警報

津波到達予想

大津波警報	到達か	5m
石川県能登	到達か	3m
津波警報	到達か	3m
新潟県上中下越	到達か	3m
佐渡	到達か	3m
富山県	到達か	3m
山形県	1日午後 4:40	3m

TSUNAMI English on Audio Subchannel. Radio2

沖縄 小笠原

大津波警報 津波注意報 津波注意報

1/4 01 16:22

# Tsunami up to 5 m inundated soon after the earthquake



地震、その時 記録された揺れと津波

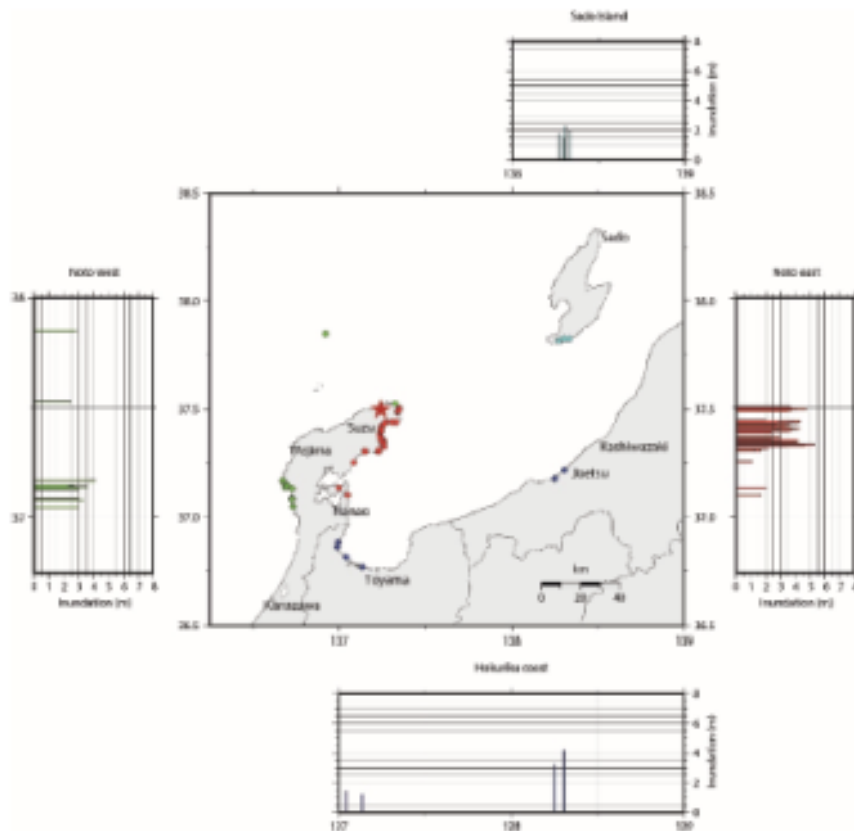
# Tsunami up to 5 m inundated soon after the earthquake



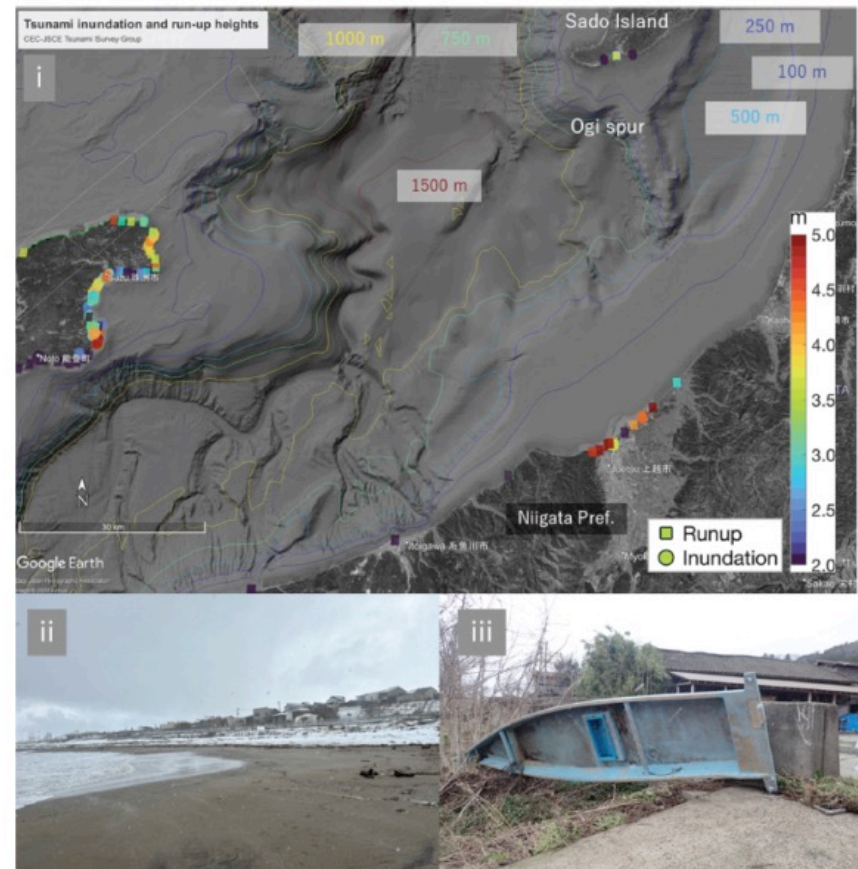
Asahi Shimbun Digital [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h\\_4BlsoWg1U](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h_4BlsoWg1U)

# Tsunami survey by JSCE group

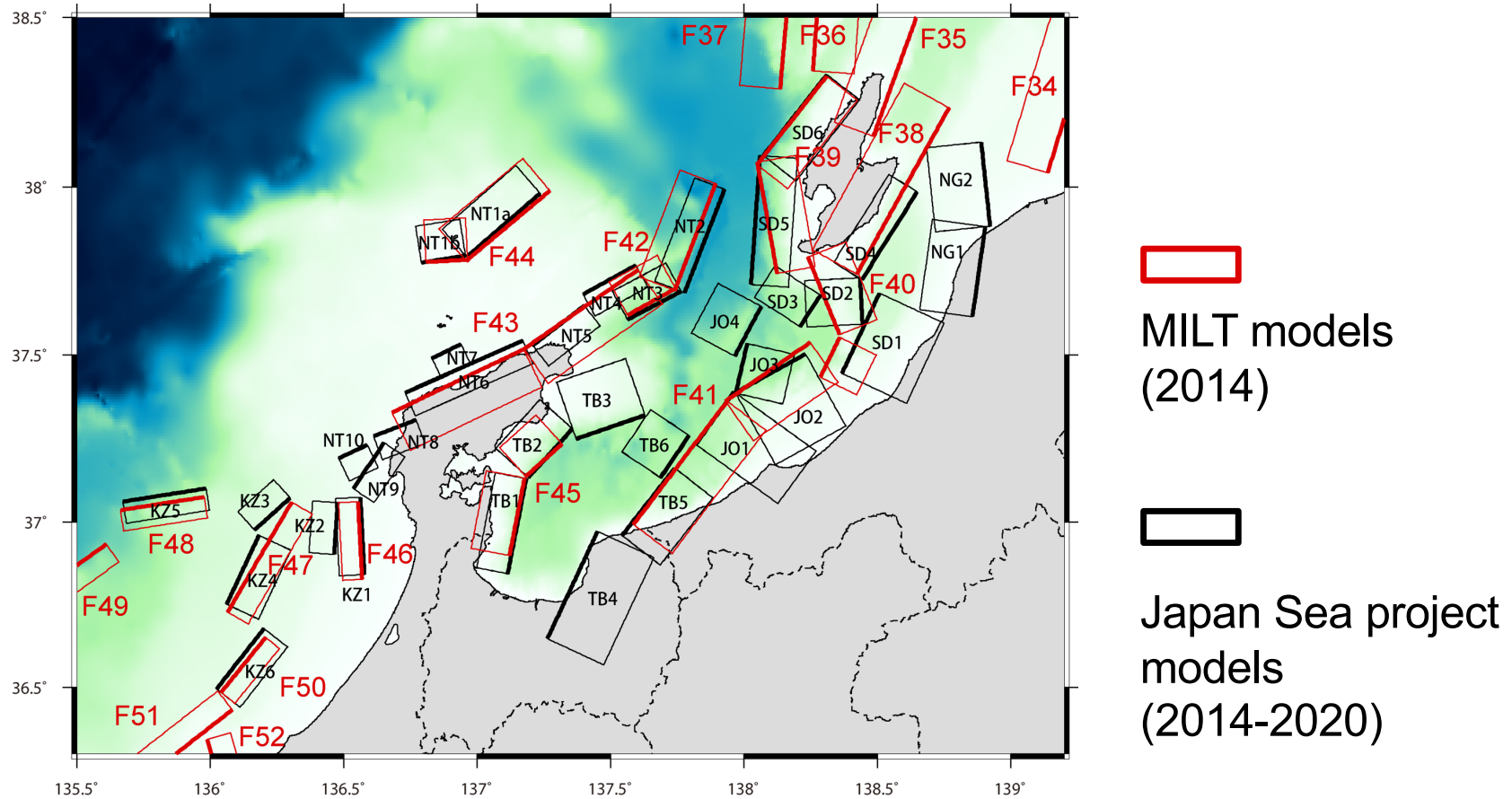
- Maximum runup height ~ 6 m
- Large tsunami on the east coast of Noto Peninsula and Niigata coast



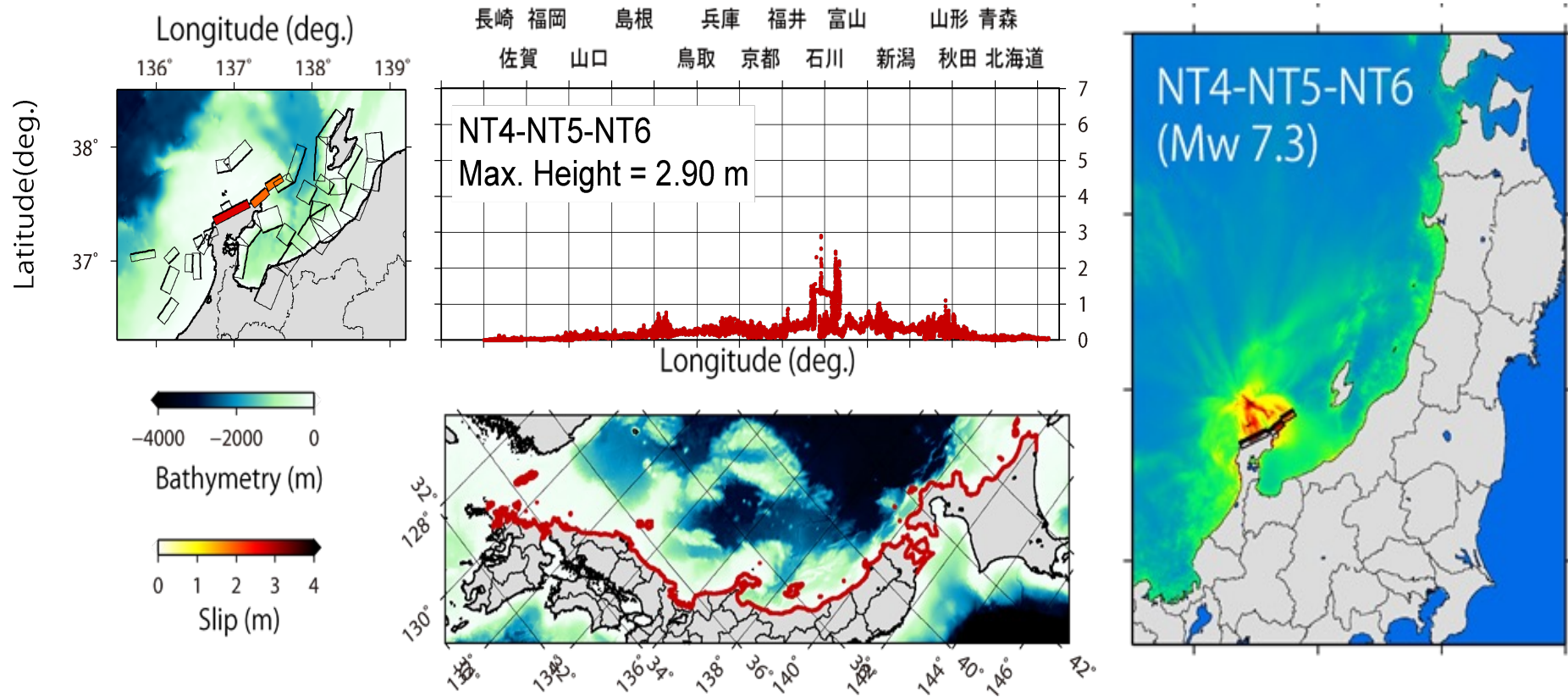
(a) Inundation heights



# Submarine active faults previously mapped

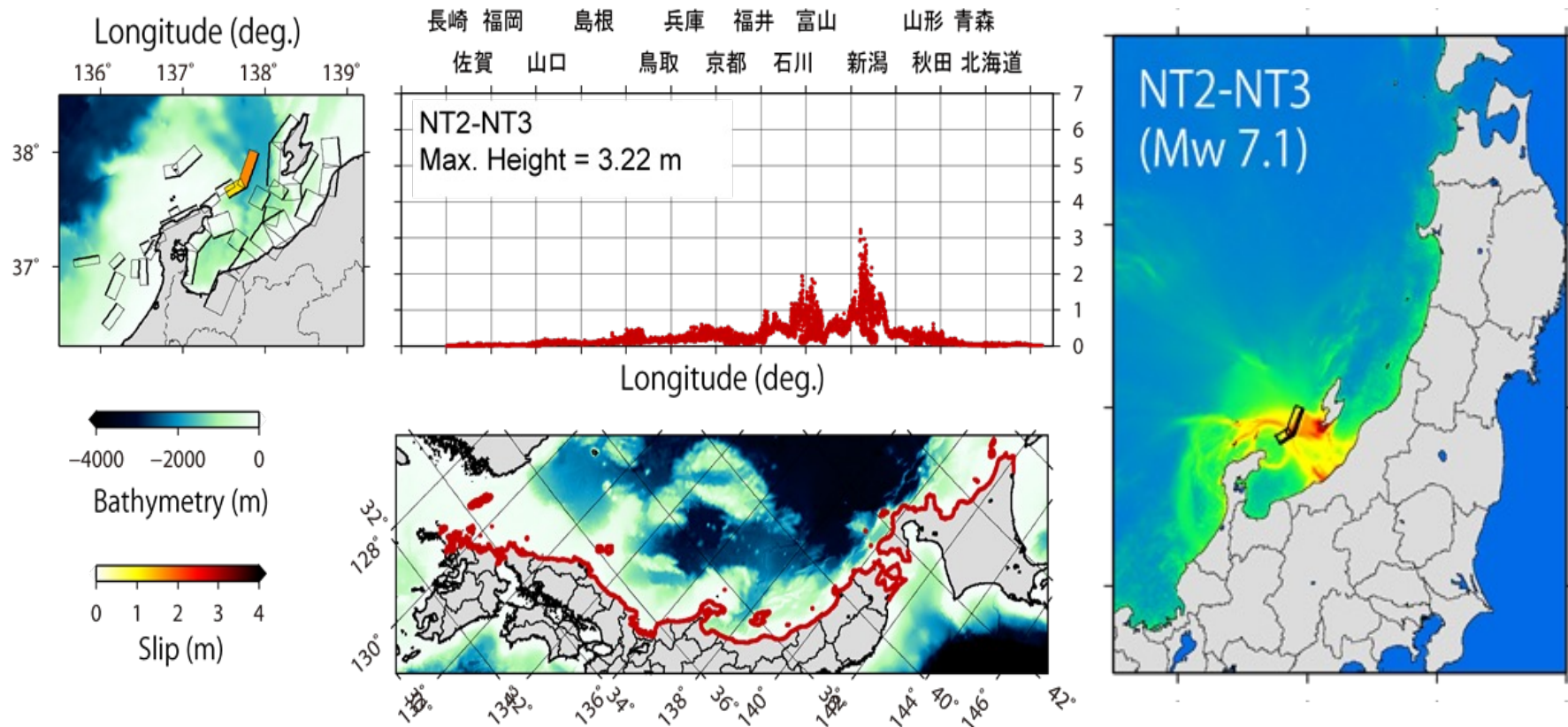


# Predicted tsunami from NT4-NT5-NT6 (Mw 7.3)



[https://www.eri.u-tokyo.ac.jp/project/Japan\\_Sea/JSH27Report/PDF/20\\_H27JSPJ-C3.3.1.pdf](https://www.eri.u-tokyo.ac.jp/project/Japan_Sea/JSH27Report/PDF/20_H27JSPJ-C3.3.1.pdf)

# Predicted tsunami from NT2-NT3 (Mw 7.1)



[https://www.eri.u-tokyo.ac.jp/project/Japan\\_Sea/JSH27Report/PDF/20\\_H27JSPJ-C3.3.1.pdf](https://www.eri.u-tokyo.ac.jp/project/Japan_Sea/JSH27Report/PDF/20_H27JSPJ-C3.3.1.pdf)



# The tsunami inundation area was smaller than hazard map

## 津波浸水想定と今回の津波の浸水範囲の比較

- 今回の地震・津波を引き起こした主な断層と思われる、F43断層による津波の浸水想定と今回の浸水実績を比較した(県が公表している浸水想定は7つの断層による津波の最大包絡)。
- 地震の規模や海岸保全施設の破壊の有無、設定潮位の影響もあり、今回の津波浸水範囲は、F43断層単独の津波浸水範囲より狭い。



### Assumed fault: F43 (Mw 7.6)



断層モデル	Mw(モーメントマグニチュード)
F35	7.6
F41	7.6
F42	7.3
F43	7.6
F45	7.2
F47	7.1
F49	7.4

### 今回の地震の位置・規模

断層の位置	F43
モーメントマグニチュード ※1/2時点 気象庁速報値	7.5

今回の浸水実績※  
 構造物(護岸など)

※石川県・北陸地整の防災ヘリ等による画像や国土地理院による津波到達範囲の判読結果等を基に設定。

#### 珠洲市宝立正院海岸

#### 今回の浸水範囲と津波浸水想定(抜粋) (抜粋)

津波浸水想定 (H29設定)  
 浸水範囲: 黄色の範囲まで  
 浸水深: 3 ~ 5m  
 最大津波高: 20m  
 到達時間(最短): 1分  
  
 能登半島地震(今回)  
 浸水範囲: 青色の範囲  
 浸水深(速報): 4m程度  
 最大津波高: 不明  
 津波到達時間: 不明

珠洲市 三崎町~宝立町  
 浸水面積 約106ha

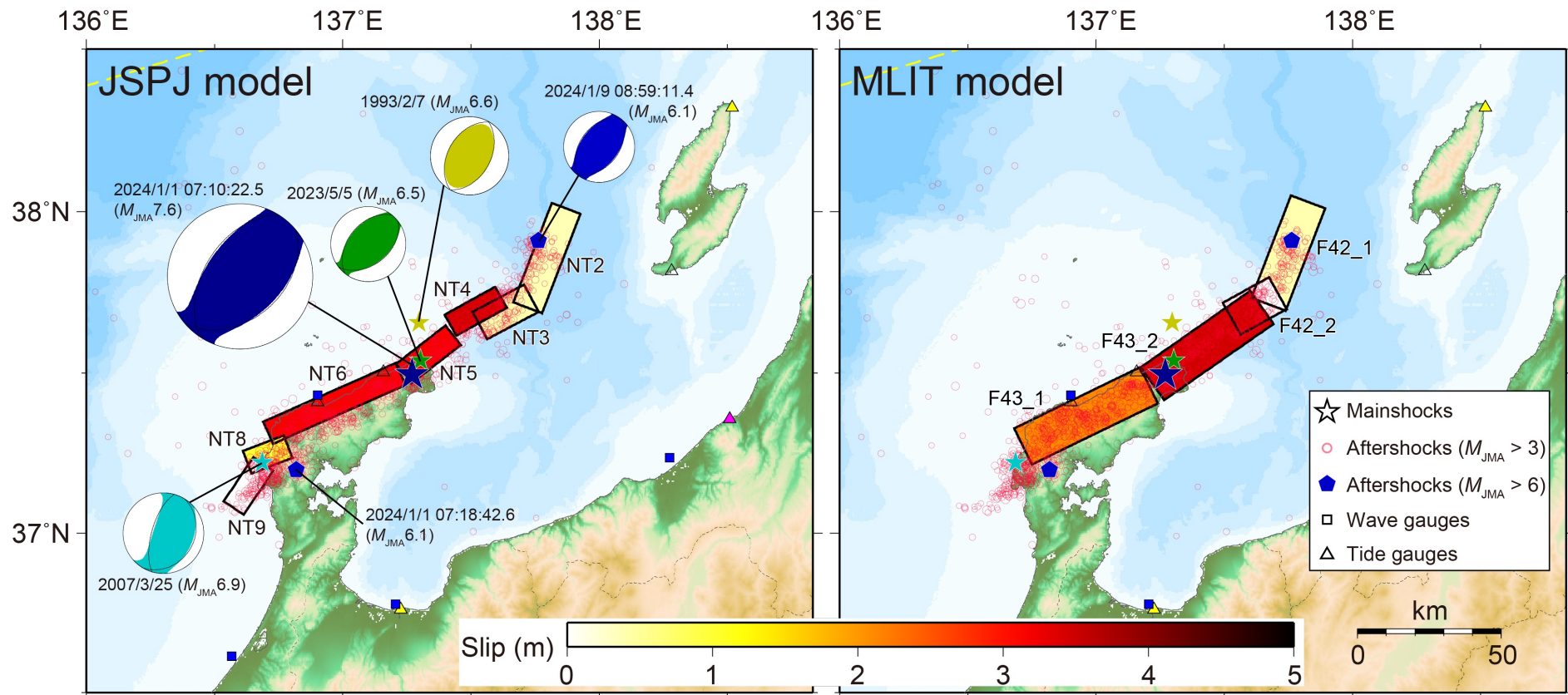
#### 津波による浸水被害

珠洲市宝立町

#### 施設被害

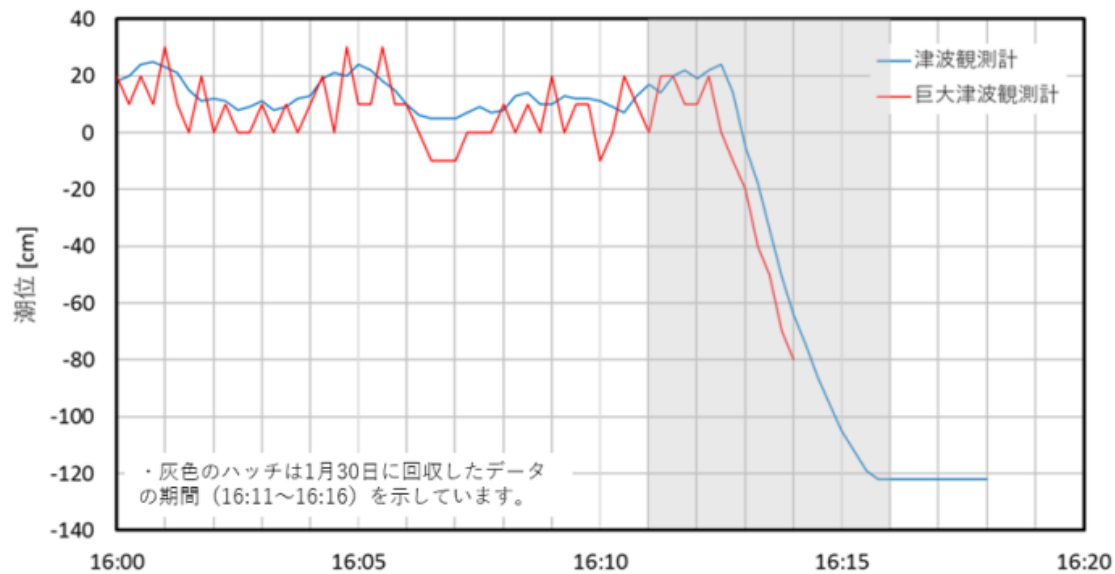
宝立正院海岸(珠洲市)  
堤防護岸損壊  
L=5,130m

# Estimated slips on active faults



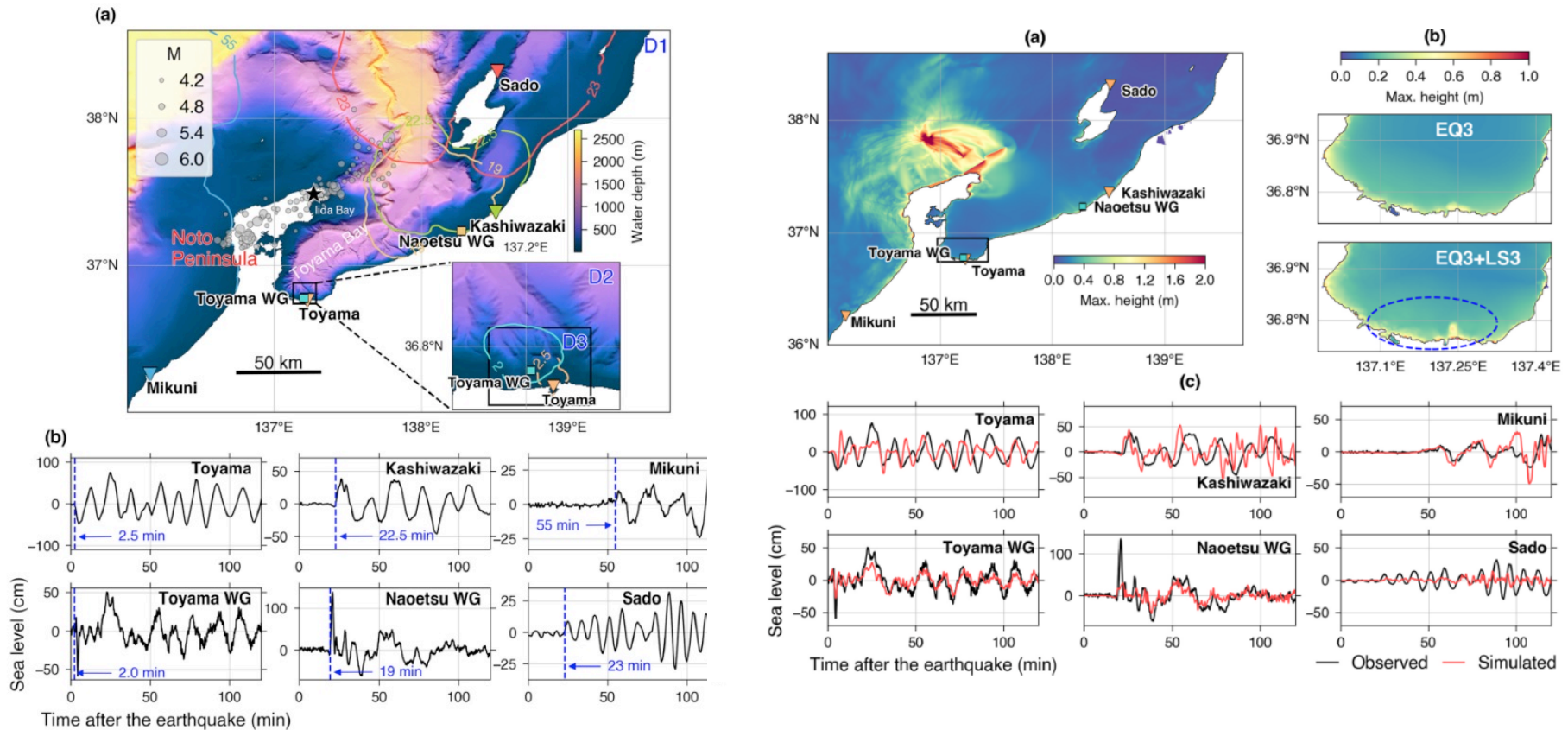
Fujii and Satake (2024, Earth Planets, Space)  
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s40623-024-01991-z>

# Tsunami observation failed due to coastal uplift



[https://www.jma.go.jp/jma/press/2402/01a/nagahashi\\_press.pdf](https://www.jma.go.jp/jma/press/2402/01a/nagahashi_press.pdf)

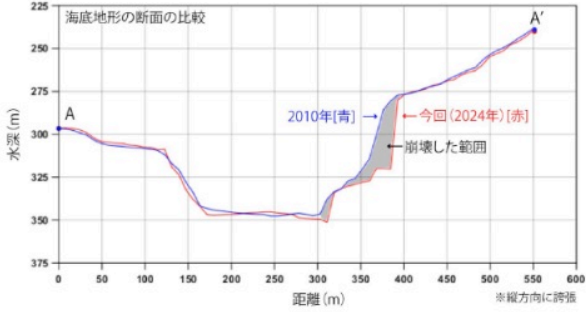
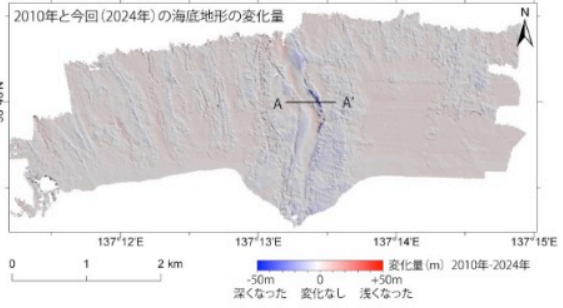
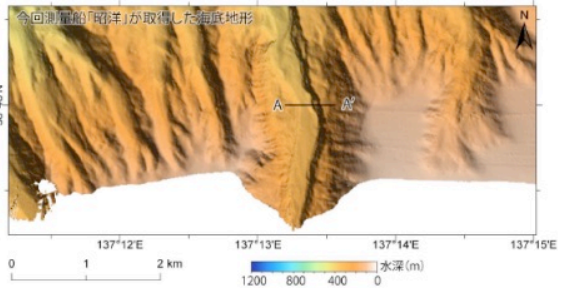
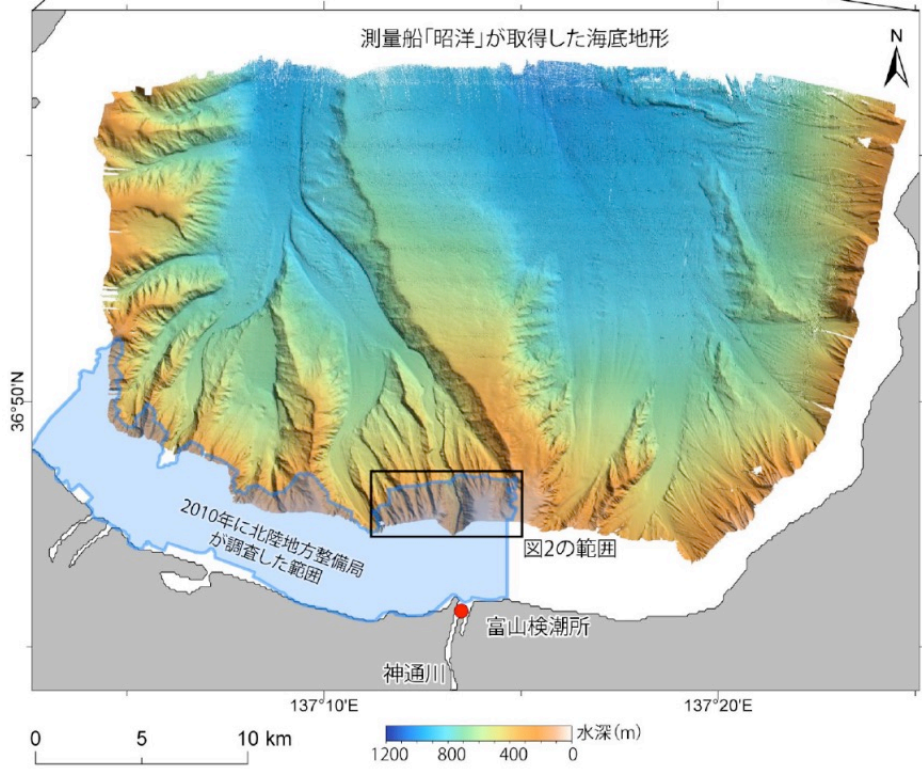
# Early arrival of tsunami at Toyama



Mulia et al. (2024)

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.oceaneng.2024.118698>

# Bathymetry survey by Japan Coast Guard



<https://www.kaiho.mlit.go.jp/info/kouhou/r6/k240124/k240124.pdf>

# Nankai trough earthquake attention



## Japan warns of heightened risk of megaquake

9 August 2024

**Shaimaa Khalil**  
BBC News

**Flora Drury**  
BBC News


Reporting from 📍 Japan

Reporting from 📍 London

## Japan lifts 'megaquake' warning after one week

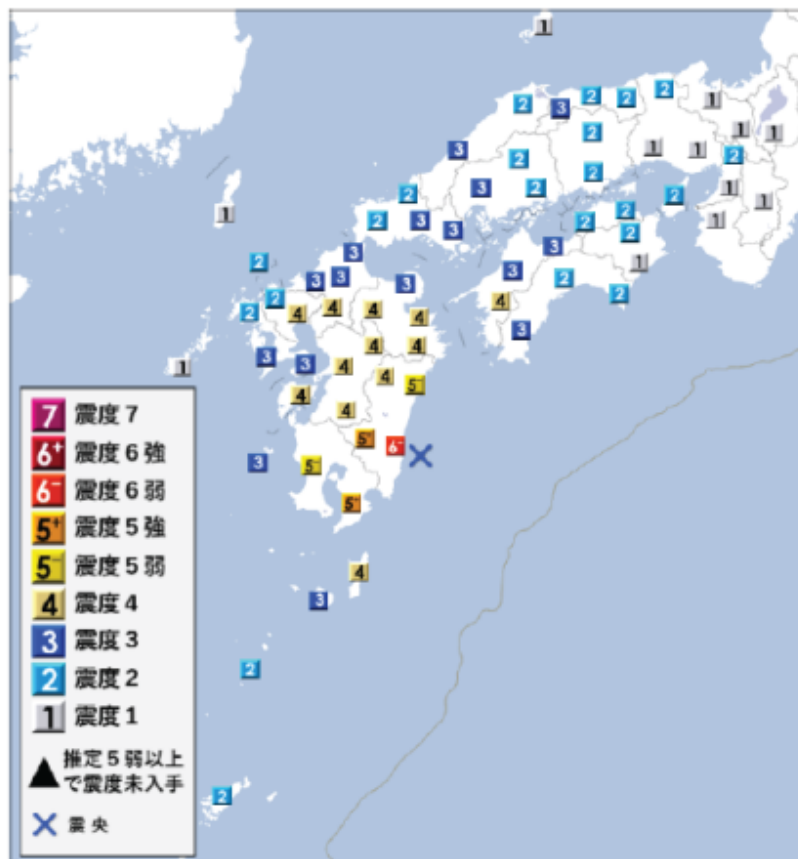
6 days ago

**Jemma Crew**  
BBC News

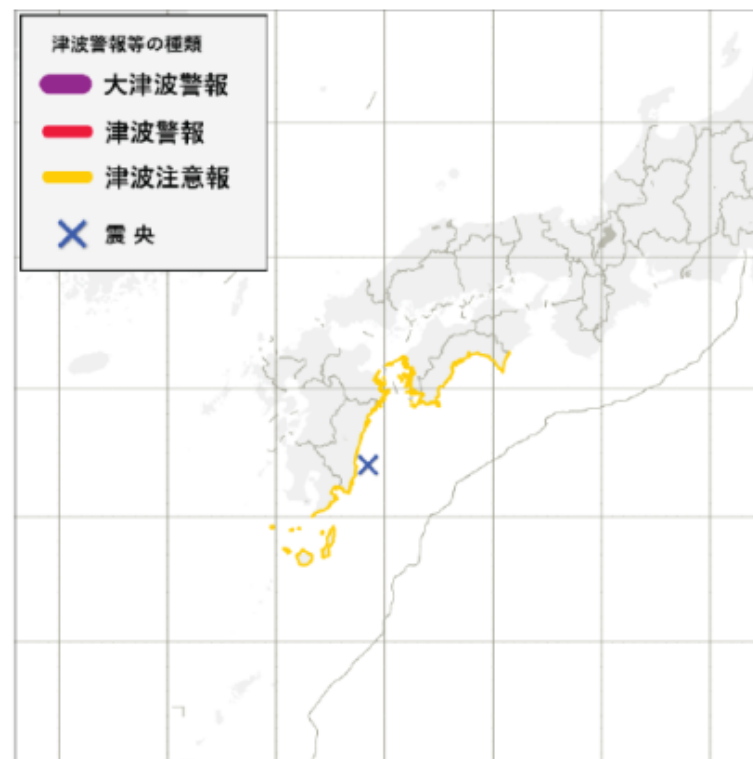
Share 

# An M 7.1 earthquake on August 8, 2024

8月8日16時55分発表



8月8日16時52分発表



# An M 7.1 earthquake on August 8, 2024

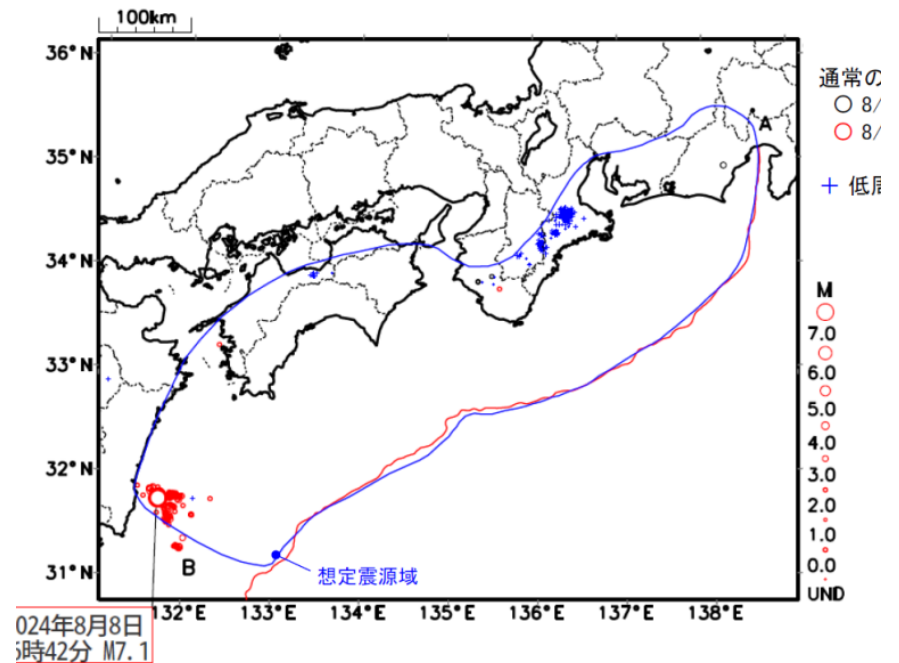
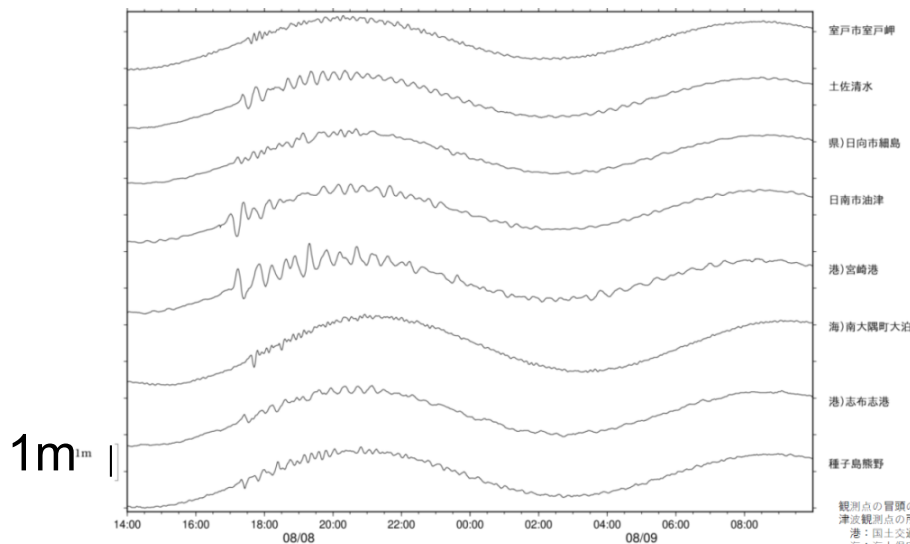


津波注意報：  
宮崎県、高知県

津波注意報：  
愛媛県宇和海沿岸、高知県、  
大分県豊後水道沿岸、  
宮崎県、鹿児島県東部、  
種子島・屋久島地方

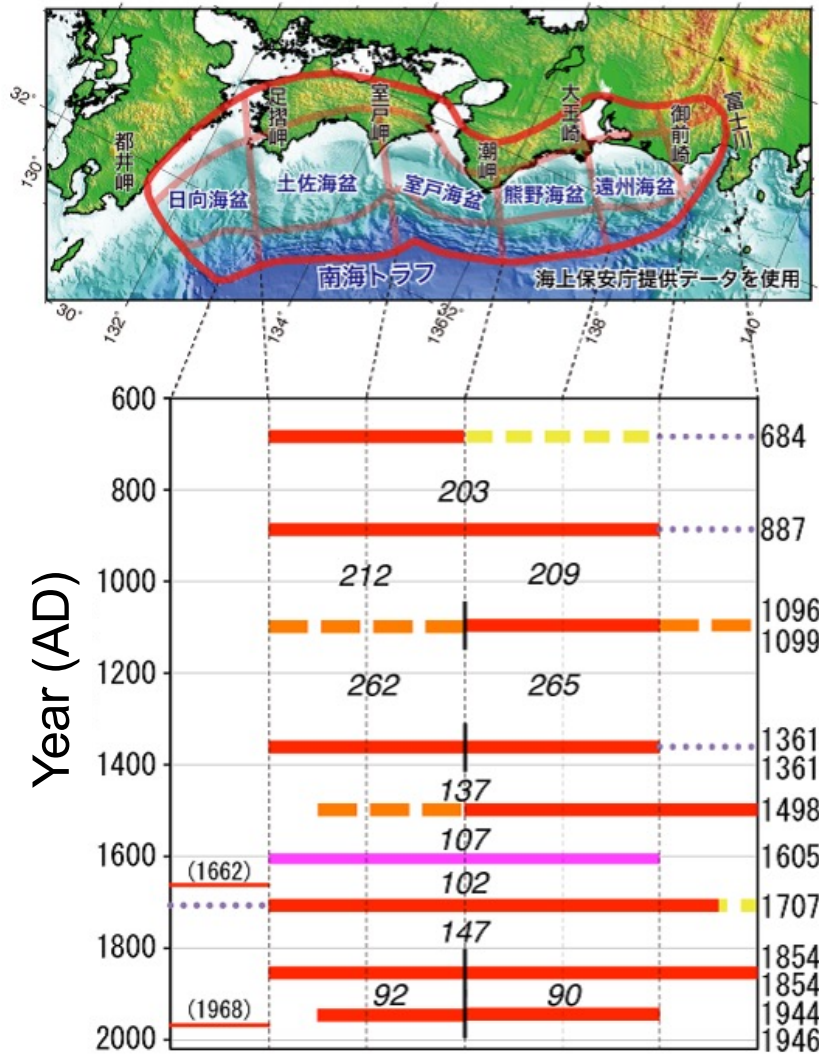
津波注意報：  
宮崎県

津波注意報を  
全て解除



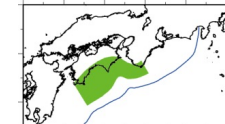
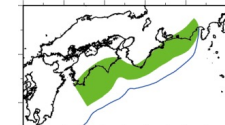
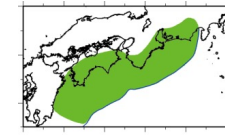
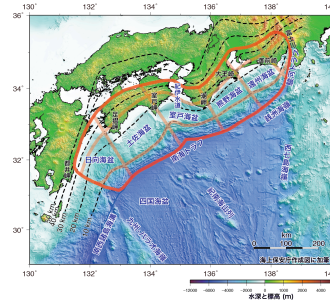


# Nankai trough earthquake attention



UNESCO/IOC-NOAA SHOA  
International Tsunami Information Center

## Long-term forecast (2013)



M9.1  
Max

M8.7

M8.6

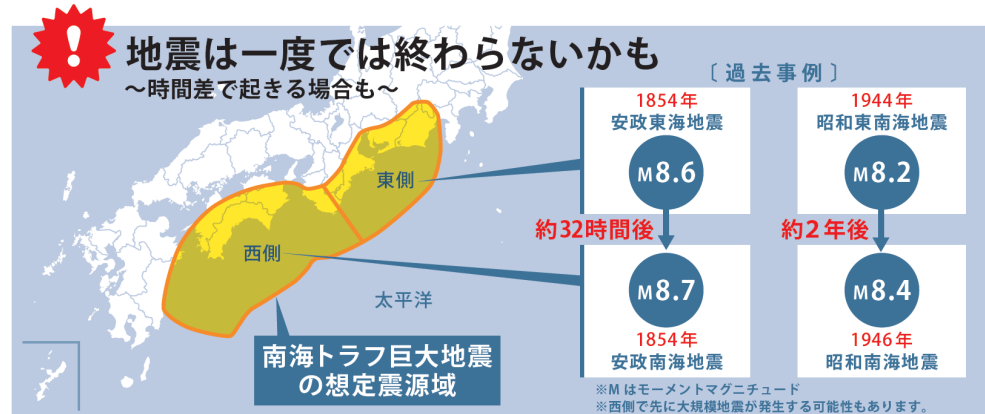
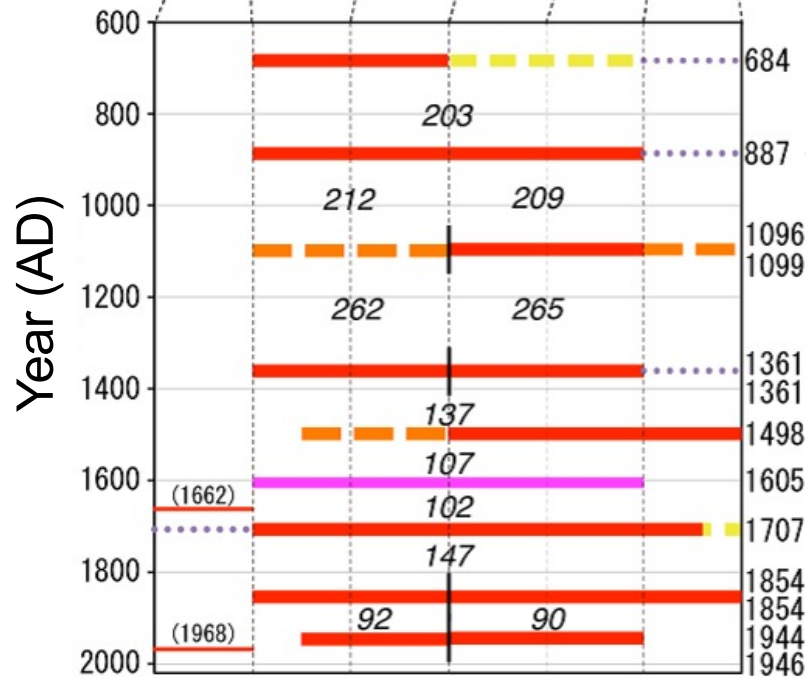
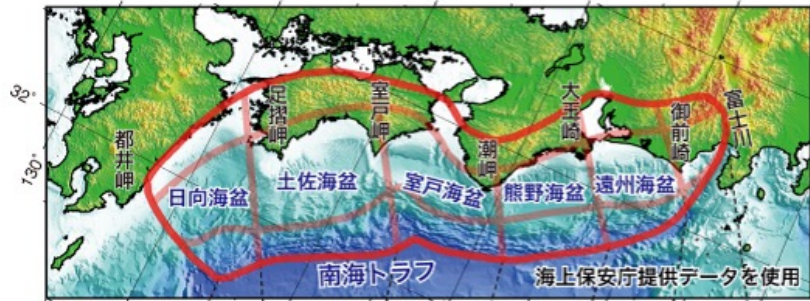
M8.4

Maximum source based on geomorphology, historical data, seismicity

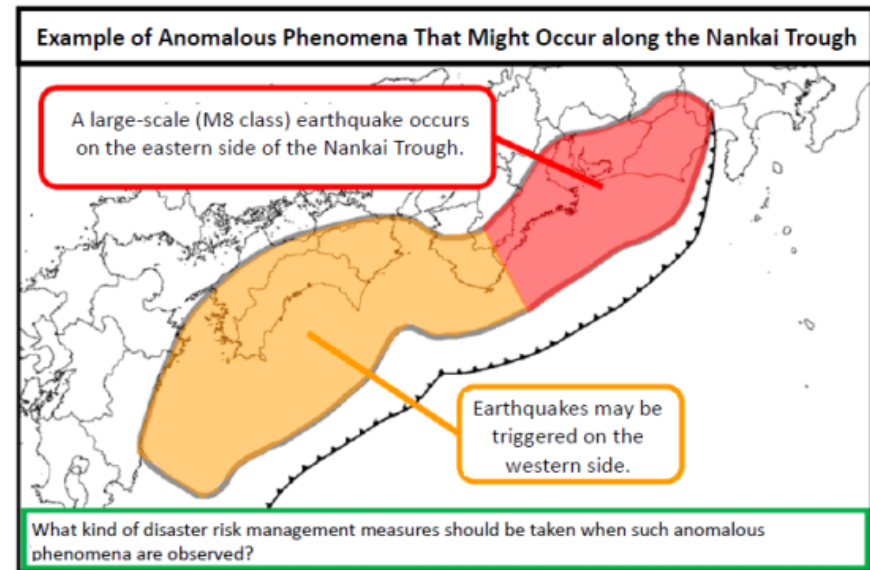
Variability

	Size	30 yr prob
Nankai Trough	M8~M9	70 - 80%

# Nankai Trough Earthquake Information



When an earthquake of  $M_w \geq 8.0$  occurs



# Nankai Trough Earthquake Information

When an earthquake of  $M_w \geq 7.0$  occurs

When a slow slip is observed

**The case of a limited area rupture causing limited damage (possible foreshock with a magnitude between 7.0 and 8.0)**

✓ Some residents start evacuation.  
✓ No major damage has yet occurred in most regions.

**The case of a slow slip causing no damage**

✓ No shock or tsunami. Transportation infrastructure operates as normal  
✓ Attracting higher interest from the public as an unprecedented case

**Review earthquake preparedness, raising the alert level, etc.**

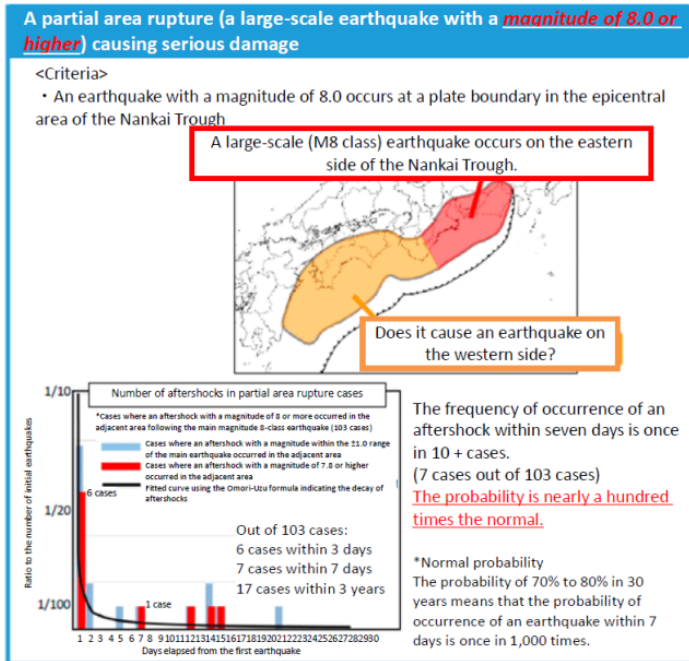
(Limited area rupture case) Disaster management measures are implemented over a week of maximum alert period in principle  
(Slow slip case) Disaster management measures will be continued until it is confirmed that no new change has occurred after the same amount of time as the period in which the change in the slip was observed.

- Example of items to review for earthquake preparedness**
- [Residents]
- Check if the furniture is securely fixed
  - Check means for confirming family members' safety
  - Evacuation routes
  - Check the inventory of household emergency supplies
- [Companies]
- Check means for confirming employees' safety
  - Check evacuation instructions for facility users and evacuation routes for employees
  - Inspection of facilities and equipment
  - Check if the furniture and equipment are securely fixed.

- Example of disaster management measures taken according to the situation**
- [Residents]
- Be ready for evacuation (prepare emergency bags, etc.)
  - Voluntary evacuation to houses of relatives or acquaintances
  - Stay in a safe room with no objects with a risk of collapse or fall
- [Companies]
- Traffic control along the coasts
  - Increase parts inventory
  - Restrict the use of rooms whose ceilings have objects that may fall
  - Backup and storage of electronic data and important documents

# Nankai Trough Earthquake Information

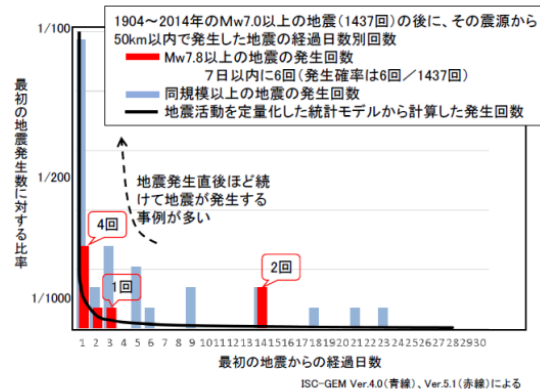
## Probability increase



Probability of Nankai eq. is  
 70 – 80 % for 30 years  
 = 0.1 % for one week

Global earthquake catalog (1904-2014) shows  
 103 eqs. with  $M_w \geq 8.0$ . Among them,  
 7 eqs. with  $M_w \geq 8.0$  within 7days and 50 km

$7/103 = 6.7 \% \rightarrow 67$  times increase



1437 eqs. with  $M_w \geq 7.0$ . Among them,  
 6 eqs. with  $M_w \geq 7.8$  within 7days and 50 km

$6/1437 = 0.4 \% \rightarrow 4$  times increase

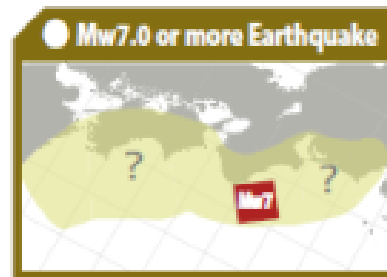
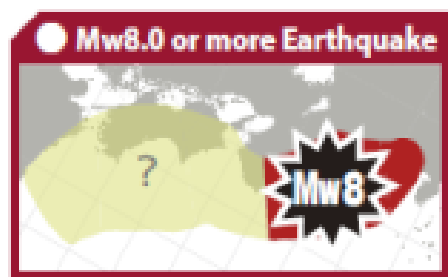
# Nankai Trough Earthquake Information

## Keywords of Nankai Trough Earthquake Extra Information

Nankai Trough Earthquake Extra Information is issued with the title Nankai Trough Earthquake Extra Information (Megathrust Earthquake Alert) with appended keywords. Examples of keywords and disaster prevention measures are shown below.

Keywords	Conditions
<b>Under Analysis</b>	When analysis is underway to determine whether anomalies relate to the Nankai Trough Earthquake
<b>Megathrust Earthquake Alert</b>	For an earthquake of Mw <sup>*</sup> 8.0 or more considered to have occurred at a plate boundary with an anticipated focal region along the Nankai Trough
<b>Megathrust Earthquake Attention</b>	For an earthquake of Mw7.0 or more considered to have occurred with an anticipated focal region and surroundings along the Nankai Trough (except in Megathrust Earthquake Alerts) For an unusual slow slip considered to have occurred at a plate boundary with an anticipated focal region along the Nankai Trough
<b>Analysis Complete</b>	When the results of analysis indicate that the anomalies are not classified into either Megathrust Earthquake Alert or Megathrust Earthquake Attention output

\*Mw: Moment magnitude. It is a type of magnitude calculated based on the scale of rupture area along source fault, average slip, and rigidity of rocks.



# Nankai Trough Earthquake Information

	<b>Alert</b>	<b>Attention</b>	<b>Complete</b>
2 hours to 1 week	- Be prepared - Evacuation if needed	Be prepared	Normal life, but remember eq. potential
1 week to 2 weeks	- Be prepared	Normal life, but remember eq. potential	
After 2 weeks	- Normal life		



**unesco**

Intergovernmental  
Oceanographic  
Commission



UNESCO/IOC – NOAA ITIC Training Program in Hawaii (ITP-TEWS Chile)  
TSUNAMI EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS  
AND THE PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER (PTWC) ENHANCED PRODUCTS  
TSUNAMI EVACUATION PLANNING AND UNESCO IOC TSUNAMI READY PROGRAMME  
19-30 August 2024, Valparaiso, Chile

# Thank You

---

**Kenji Satake**  
University of Tokyo  
satake@eri.u-tokyo.ac.jp

