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Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission SUBREGIONAL WORKING GROUP FOR THE NORTH WEST INDIAN OCEAN (NWIO) Chair Report

> Dr. Mohammad Mokhtari Chair Ms. Sunanda Manneela, Vice-Chair

> > 18.11.2024

Subregional Working Group For The North West Indian Ocean (NWIO)



Terms-of-Reference

- 1. To evaluate capabilities and ascertain requirements of countries in the northwest Indian Ocean region for providing end-to-end tsunami warning and mitigation services within a multi-hazard framework and within the framework of the ICG/IOTWMS.
- 2. To promote and facilitate tsunami hazard and risk studies and research in the region.
- 3. To facilitate cooperation in the establishment and upgrading of seismic, sea level and GNSS stations and networks and communication systems in the region.
- 4. To facilitate improvement of the education programs on tsunami mitigation in the region.
- 5. To facilitate capacity building and the sharing of tsunami-related data and information in the region.

Members



• Chair: Dr. Mohammad Mokhtari (Iran)

- Vice-Chair : Ms. Sunanda Manneela (India)
- Dr. Dipankar Saikia (India)
- Dr. Behnam Saeidi (Iran)
- Mr. AlYaqdhan Al-Siyabi (Oman)
- Mr. Jaifar Al-Busaidi (Oman)
- Mr. Ameer Hyder (Pakistan)
- Mr. Tariq Ibrahim (Pakistan)
- Major Muhammad Amjad Iqbal (Pakistan)
- Mr. Majed Naser Alshkeili (UAE)
- Mr. Ahmed Awad Alkatheeri (UAE)
- Mr. Mohammed Al-Eryani (Yemen)
- Mr. Ahmed Al-Jabal (Yemen)
- India DMO Representative tba

Current Group is composed of members representing NTWC & DMO from each of the Member states of India, Iran, Oman, Pakistan, United Arab Emirates, Yemen

Progress on Activities



Tremendous progress in the region has been achieved in the past few years, especially in Hazard zone mapping, risk assessment, bilateral arrangements for data sharing, capacity building, etc.

Two major projects in the region

- 1. Strengthening Tsunami Warning in the North West Indian Ocean through Regional Cooperation (funded by UNESCAP)
- 2. West Makran Paleo-tsunami Investigation (funded by IGCP)



Strengthening Tsunami Warning in the North West Indian Ocean through <u>Regional Cooperation</u>

Timely delivery of national tsunami warnings to at-risk coastal communities who are prepared to respond effectively (*Tsunami Ready*)

- Phase 1: Hazard & risk assessment and National tsunami warning chain development (India, Iran, Pakistan + Oman and UAE self-funded)
- Phase 2: Inundation and evacuation mapping capacity development
- Phase 3: At-risk coastal community preparedness



Phase 1: Hazard and risk assessment National tsunami warning chain <u>development</u>

Objectives

- 1. Better understanding of the risk knowledge to inform and underpin warning and mitigation systems in the NWIO to enable appropriate and effective community responses to the tsunami threat.
- Expert Team 1 to jointly develop a seismo-tectonic model for the Makran region to be used for the unified PTHA. The main outcome should be a catalogue of representative tsunamigenic scenarios with recurrence rates. Principles of model construction will be defined (by end of December 2019).
- 2. Expert Team 2 to consider and identify tsunami propagation models, existing and required data sets, amplification factors, etc., to be used for the unified PTHA and future inundation modelling (by end of December 2019).
- **3.** Expert Team 3 to provide guidance on inclusion of tsunamis generated by non-seismic effects such as landslides, mud volcanoes, etc.) and inclusion of Red Sea and Persian Gulf in the proposed PTHA framework, or through other measures to inform risk assessments and decision makers (by end of May 2020).

Progress on Activities

UNESCAP Project, Build tsunami source modelling , PTHA



Probabilistic Tsunai Hazard Assessment extended over the whole region and all earthquake sources



- Meetings of the Makran Probabilistic Tsunami Hazard Assessment (PTHA) in (1) December 2019, (2) May 2020 (3) June 2020 (4) August 2020 & Nov 2021, <u>Based on the prestation in Oman, Jan 2025</u>
- Virtual meetings after COVID-19 impact. No break in progress, but slowed down.
- Initial benchmark PTHA model simulations run at INCOIS [India] and INGV [Italy] with guidance from GFZ [Germany], INGV, and the University of Malaga.
- Examining the possibility of the tsunami threat in the neighbouring Persian Gulf, especially Meteotsunami, and the Red Sea.
- PTHA v1.0 is ready (Based on the prestation in Oman, Jan 2025)
- The results will be shared on a common platform and more site specific inundations will be run at nation level. (A project already began for Chabahar and Krachi)
- To consider hazards from non-seismic and complex sources tsunamis (eg submarine landslides, splay faults, meteotsunami,....), A reginal project is under discussion and the first draft is prepared.
- Working towards data exchange through MOUs
- MoUs between Iran-Oman, Oman-Pakistan?



2. Improvement of warning services at NTWC level and the organization of the national warning chains to assure timely warnings. The main task being done



- Key stakeholders involved in the national tsunami warning chains brought together to enhance ownership, communication and coordination across national and local levels
- Series of virtual National Consultative Meetings with India, Iran, Oman, and Pakistan
- National tsunami warning chains developed, tested and refined for each country
- Evolution of national tsunami warning chains at different stages between the countries
- <u>Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) completed for NTWCs, DMOs,</u> and Broadcast Media
- Pilot communities identified and Local Disaster Management Organizations and other stakeholders engaged
- Several Workshops and Webinars: February 2020, November 2020, June 2021, September 2021, twice in October 2021
- COVID-19 guidelines provided to all IOTWMS Member States in 2020



3. Inundation Mapping and Evacuation Maps Workshop for Pilot areas



Two workshops one after each other were conducted for the five Member States in Oman, April 21-25, 2024

Phases 1, 2a and 2b of the project and related initiatives were briefed along with the UN Ocean Decade Tsunami Programme and the UNESCO-IOC Tsunami Ready Recognition Programme (TRRP)

Discussed principal concepts and approaches for tsunami inundation mapping and evacuation planning

Review of existing tsunami inundation maps

Training in tsunami evacuation mapping using existing global approaches, standards, methodologies, and best practices outlined in Phase 2b

The framework is defined for next steps

Tsunami evacuation plan (TEP) to be developed by each Member State and conduct a mockdrill by August



Progress on Activities IGCP Project, IGCP 740



West Makran Paleo-tsunami Investigation

Objectives

- Investigate the relationship between great earthquakes and associated tsunamis in Makran Subdcution Zone, duration of the tsunami recurrence, probability of it happening in populated places, identification of the most affected places, extent of the potential damage, time needed for tsunami hazard alert, probability of major earthquakes occurrence, leading to the reduction of humanitarian and property damage.
- Develop a building stone for further analysis to support the identification of the most probable tsunami occurrence from geological point of view, including identification of the major locations that have been affected by past (paleo) tsunami.
- During workshop of the first meeting after trenching a proposal to make the paleotsunami compulsory was discussed.

Trenching locations at Makran, IGCP 740





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Progress on Activities Outlook



- There is need to study more such past tsunamigenic events from the Arabian Sea, to build a catalogue spanning at least the *Holocene period*.
- Similarly, compared to tsunami the data of storms is extremely limited and needs to be augmented using past geological record.
- Such information is a pre-requisite for better coastal hazard vulnerability assessment, which is crucial to keep in mind for safety of fast-developing coastal infrastructure.
- A multi-proxy approach involving sedimentology, geochemistry, micropaleontology and landward extent of the deposits plays a vital role in determining the source of the wave.
- Try to Study along UAE, Oman and Pakistani shorelines.



Non-Seismic Tsunami Hazards, Seismic reflection profile showing the potential offshore land slide in the East Makran.

Progress on Activities



Status of Action Items from Intersessional Steering Group November 2024

Actions & Recommendations	Status
Requests the ICG/IOTWMS to encourage all Member States to work on their tsunami warning chain to minimize the number of steps (between the NTWC and the Public) in the warning chain, and with clear authorization of responsibilities amongst the NTWCs, NDMOs, LDMOs, and Public.	As part of UNESCAP Project Warning Chains of all MSZ member states were refined and SOPs are being prepared
NWIO-WG member states are urged to exchange real-time data with the TSPs. It is also strongly suggested to go toward the multi-lateral.	Currently bi-lateral agreements between member states is in progress
The reaction to non-seismic and complex tsunami source events needs to be considered more seriously and in addition, they need to be incorporated into tsunami early warning systems including community evacuation and emergency plans.	'The non-seismic events need to be further studied to incorporate them in TEWS
On-job training also needs to be initiated among NWIO member countries, maybe when international travel is safe we can start with one-by-one member states.	Oman personnel were given training in India (December 2023)
Initiate building knowledge-based database of risk assessment (approaches adopted for hazard, vulnerability and risk assessment) that is accessible to all Member States (possibly IOTIC site or other portal).	Yet to initiate. NWIO will coordinate with IOTIC
Paleotsunami study has been initiated in Iran by the University of Hormozgan, to be extended in the region, this can help us to know more about historical seismicity and also achieve the required Mmax for hazard studies. It requires further extension and funding	The first field visit for trenching is expected to be in June 2023 and the analysis ongoing
Encourage the participation of North West Indian Ocean representatives in webinars and workshops with a focus on the Makran region.	On going
Chairs of WG1, WG2, WG-NWIO, and Task Teams to prepare a proposal for UN Ocean Decade with support from IOTIC and the Secretariat for enhancement by the Steering Group. Consider focusing on 1) Near-field tsunami warning and mitigation including: transforming tsunami warning services through new technology (GNSS, smart cables) through to community preparedness and infrastructure; and/or 2) Tsunami monitoring gaps in NWIO. In particular enhancing the observing networks, PTHA development, and data sharing. These activities could be expanded to the entire Indian Ocean basin Continue updating the inundation and evacuation maps based on the experiences gained at the workshop conducted in Muscat recently on the pilot areas and extend that to the full NWIO area, in line with Risk Assessments and tsunami-ready exercise.	Projects that are being implemented in NWIO region will be submitted for Ocean Decade (Call of Action 7)
Working Groups to review the recommendations of the Capacity Assessment of Tsunami Preparedness: Status Report 2024.	To review Being done
Secretariat to develop template for bilateral data exchanges	Under consideration
RWG-NWIO to prepare its report to ICG/IOTWMS, including update on progress and recommendations to ICG/IOTWMS-XIV, for review and	In progress, next slide

consideration at the next Steering Group meeting prior to ICG/IOTWMS-XIV

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The WG-NWIO recommendations 14th Session of the ICG/IOTWMS.

Commission

- **Recommendation:** Progress bi-lateral data sharing between North-West Indian Ocean countries (e.g., India and Oman).
- **Recommendation:** North-West Indian countries to work together on a regional Paleotsunami study proposal for funding and in contribution to the UN Ocean Decade Tsunami Programme.
- **Recommendation:** Continue updating the inundation and evacuation maps based on the experiences gained at the Muscat training workshops (21-25 April 2024) in the pilot areas and extend to the full North-West Indian Ocean area, in line with risk assessments and UNESCO-IOC Tsunami Ready Recognition Programme. **Knowledge transfer**
- **Recommendation:** Determine the optimal instrument networks for tsunami monitoring in the North-West Indian Ocean region including for non-seismic and complex source tsunamis.
- **Recommendation:** Arrange for bi-lateral exchange of on-job training between National Tsunami Warning Centre representatives.

Challenges



- Identifying all potential sources of tsunami in Makran Subduction Zone
- Assess and mitigate local tsunami threat , based on the ongoing UNESCAP Project
- Maintaining effective national tsunami warning chains for rare events such as tsunami, strengthen local and community level activities
- Integrating national tsunami warning chains with other multi-hazard frameworks
- Timeliness of tsunami warnings for near-field tsunami events, ongoing should follow now the 2nd phase.
- Need to further research the seismicity of the region and how to include features such as splay faulting in the PTHA, an example has been shown on this by a PhD student with good results
- To include Non-seismic and complex tsunami sources in the PTHA?, as mentioned in the above items, or consider as an induvial local sources.
- Optimal network design for Data Sharing , this is a very important item that a solution need to be found.
- Strengthening of observation network with advanced technologies (GNSS/SMART Cables/OBS etc.)
- Strengthening tsunami awareness and preparedness, especially for near-field threat this is a vitally important subject for the Makran region.
- The tsunami ready for NWIO should is an integrated part of the working group. We should cooperate WG-3, and the work has began in the pilot area.
- By national team, continue updating the inundation and evacuation maps based on the experiences gain at the workshop conducted in Muscat recently on the pilot areas and extend that to the full NWIO area, inline with Risk Assessments.

Way Forward & New Opportunities

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- Paleo-tsunami project is ongoing, such projects are needed more in the region, keeping in view the complex seismicity of Makran
- An additional offshore seismic data acquisition should be re-activated to improve our understanding of the required simulation modeling parameters.
- By nations continue updating the inundation and evacuation maps based on the experiences gained at the workshop conducted in Muscat recently on the pilot areas and extend that to the full NWIO area, in line with Risk Assessments and tsunami-ready exercise.
- Utilize National Tsunami Working Groups established by UNESCAP Project to further coordinate, maintain, and develop national tsunami warning chains.
- SOP for Non-seismic and Complex Source Tsunamis
- Utilize national and next IOWAVE exercises to test and enhance national tsunami warning chains mainly in the Pilot area.
- Tsunami Ready implementation a more effective cooperation with WG-3 will follow beginning at the pilot area.
- The results of the UNESCAP Projects should be strongly implemented, and knowledge transfer conducted right after it is final approval, in a regional as well as local sense.
- Identify new projects on the Non-Seismic and complex sources in regional senses. An application is underway to be worked out between the member states of NWIO, Europe, and Canada.
- Ocean Decade Tsunami Programme