

#### **WoRMS- World Register of Marine Species**



## IOC-UNESCO Taxonomic Reference List of Harmful Micro Algae

- a product of the IOC Harmful Algal Bloom Programme and the World Register of Marine Species .

- ✓ provides the most up-to-date and accurate nomenclature
- ✓ a starting point for assessments of toxigenic microalgae



#### The list only includes toxigenic species

i.e. species that may produce specific compounds (toxins) that directly or indirectly may affect human health, as well as the health of natural and cultured marine animals

119 dinoflagellates

47 blue-green algae

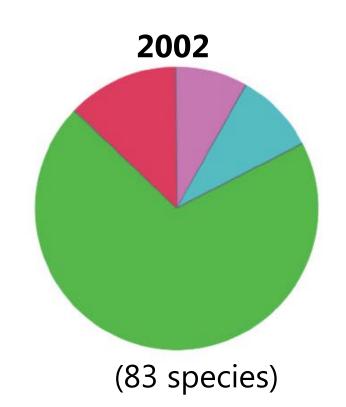
31 diatoms

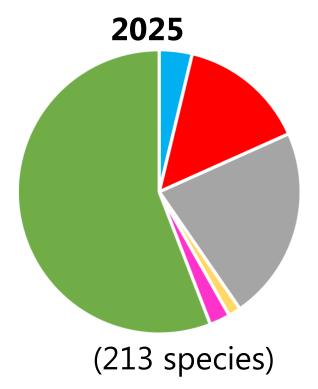
8 haptophytes

**5 raphidophytes** 

3 dictyochophytes

Pelagophytes moved to grey list







ToR 1: modify the list, continuing the inclusion of toxic cyanobacteria,

**ToR 9**: identify **editors** within or external to the Task Team who will be responsible for validating, completing and updating the Reference List,

**ToR 10**: convene **online meetings** with Reference List Editors, TT members and a representative from WoRMS,

- M. Iwataki (Japan), Naked dinoflagellates
- S. Murray (Australia): **Amphidiniales**
- C. Churro (Portugal), Cyanobacteria
- L. Escalera (Spain), Gonyaulacales
- Cecile Bernard (France), Cyanobacteria
- K. Mertens (France), Gonyaulacales
- J. Larsen (Denmark), **Dinophysiales**
- M. Hoppenrath (Germany), Prorocentrales
- R. Salas (Spain), Thoracosphaerales
- Ø. Moestrup (Denmark), Other flagellates
- U. Tillmann (Germany), Amphidomataceae
- A. Zingone (Italy), **Dinophysiales**
- N. Lundholm (Denmark) Chair, **Diatoms**

Leen Vandepitte, Stefanie Dekeyzer-**WorMS** 

## Three online meetings each year



Henrik Enevoldsen- IOC



Home

Literature

Log in

Diatoms

Haptophytes

Dinoflagellates

Raphidophyceans

Dictyochophyceans

Pelagophyceans

Cyanobacteria

Greylist

Harmful non-toxic

# ToR 2: i Greylist techniqu

selected Documentation for toxicity is lacking for the following species:

- Prorocentrum micans Ehrenberg, 1833
- Halamphora coffeaeformis (C.Agardh) Levkov, 2009
- Aureococcus anophagefferens Hargraves & Sieburth, 1988
- Aureoumbra lagunensis D.A.Stockwell, DeYoe, Hargraves & P.W.Johnson, 1997

locality,

**ToR 3**: p lacking



#### **New lists**

### ToR 4: develop lists of

- a) harmful but non-toxic species causing damages or killing of marine fauna and
- b) harmful but non-toxic species producing high biomass blooms, mucilages, foams and discolorations with impacts on human activities in the coastal zone (e.g. tourism, fisheries, recreation, and desalination plants),

## List of non-toxigenic marine microalgal species associated with animal kills or health impairment

Version: 1.1, November 2024

- View the list
- Download the list (Excel format)

This list includes species **not known to produce toxins** that have been associated **with mortality or damage to marine organisms**. The list is meant to complement the IOC list of harmful species that produce toxic substances, with no overlap between the two lists. Therefore known **toxigenic species are not included in this list**, even in case the damage they caused was not due to their known toxins (e.g., they caused anoxia).

**Non-toxigenic species causing harm other than to marine organisms' health**, e.g., to recreational use of the sea, tourism, or other economic activities related to the sea (e.g. seawead cultivation) **are not included** and will be part of another list (in preparation).

The list only includes species responsible for **traceable cases**, i.e., harmful events reported in the literature (based on a non-exhaustive search) or in the IOC-ICES-PICES Harmful Event Database (HAEDAT).

The species reported to produce fish kills were the most abundant but not the only species found at the time of the event. Therefore, there is no certainty that those species were actually responsible for the animal kill. Exceptions are the repeated cases of mortalities associated with physical damage caused by spines, barbs, mucus or other specific mechanisms.

#### In addition to the 'Read me' and 'Quality Flag' explanation, the file includes two main sheets:

- 1. A list of species not known to produce toxins but reported to have caused damage to marine organisms
- 2. A list of events that support the inclusion of a species in the list in sheet 1. The list of events is not exhaustive, nor tells how frequent the events attributed to one species were. In some cases, multiple events are listed, to provide some indications on the spatial and temporal incidence.

Α	В	С	D	Е	F
	Link to the page		Valid name	Authority	Reported as
149619	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Cerataulina pelagica	(Cleve) Hendey, 1937	
156607	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros concavicornis	Mangin, 1917	
156611	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros convolutus	Castracane, 1886	
465389	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros criophilus	Castracane, 1886	
149219	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros debilis	Cleve, 1894 emend Xu, Y.Li & Lundholm in Xu et al., 2020	Chaetoceros debile
839985	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros gelidus	Chamnansinp, Li, Lundholm & Moestrup, 2013	Chaetoceros socialis
156623	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros tenuissimus	Meunier, 1913	Chaetoceros calcitrans
160524	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros wighamii	Brightwell, 1856	
149109	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Corethron sp.	A.F. Castracane, 1886	
149159	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Coscinodiscus centralis	Ehrenberg, 1844	
148992	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Coscinodiscus concinnus	W.Smith, 1856	
148917	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Coscinodiscus spp.	C.G. Ehrenberg, 1839	
149131	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Eucampia zodiacus	Ehrenberg, 1839	
967041	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Guinardia striata	Hensen, 1911	Rhizosolenia stolterfothii
149039	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Leptocylindrus minimus	Gran, 1915	
573477	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Palmeria hardmaniana	(Greville) Hasle	Hemidiscus hardmanianus
418637	https://www.marinespecies.org/aphia.p	Bacillariophyta	Pseudohimantidium pacificu	Hustedt & Krasske, 1941	
244502	1 11	B 40 1 1 1	B1 . 1 . 1	V 1 400F	

Read me  $\,$  1 - species list  $\,$  2 -event list  $\,$  Quality flags  $\,$  +

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A134	~ (	/											
	Α	В	c ()	D		E	F	G	Н		1		
1		Species	Species (reportelu	ality fla	Resource/or	rganisms affe	Harmful event type	Location	Region	Da	ate	Reference	ce
2 F	Pelagophyceae	Aureococcus anophagefl		1	Oysters and mu	ussels	Growth arrest	Saldanha Bay and La	r Benguela (S	South 998	3 and 1999	Pitcher, G.	& Cal
3 F	Pelagophyceae	Aureococcus anophagefl		1	Suspended biva	alves	Mortality, recruitment failu	Mid Atlantic coast (L	North East	Atlant	6/7/1985	Bricelj, V. N	VI. & I
4 F	Pelagophyceae	Aureoumbra lagunensis		1	Invertebrates a	and ecosystem	Mass mortality	Laguna Madre, Texas	s Gulf of Mex	vico		Stockwell, I	D. A.,
5 F	Pelagophyceae	Aureoumbra lagunensis		1	Fish and bivalve	es	Mass mortality	Mosquito Lagoon, Fl	'c Florida, Car	ribbeaSun	nmer 2012	Gobler CJ,	Koch
6 F	Pelagophyceae	Aureoumbra lagunensis		1	Fish		Mass mortality	Indian River Lagoon,	Florida, Car	ibbea N	1arch 2016		
7 L	Dinophyta	Blixaea quinquecornis	Protoperidinium quir	1	Small pelagic fis	ish (sardines)	Mass mortality	Al Hodeidah and Kho			•	Alkawri, A.,	•
8 <b>E</b>	Bacillariophyta	Cerataulina pelagica	1		Fish and benthi	ic fauna	Mucilage clogging gills	Northeastern coast of					Taylor,
9 <b>E</b>	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros concavicorr		1	Farmed fish		Mass mortality	Clayoquot Sound, we	e North East	Pacific .	11/1/2019		
10 B	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros concavicorr				Reference		Rem	narks SOL	URCE	HAEDAT	Code	
11 B	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros concavicorr		1997,	1998 and 1999	Pitcher, G. & Calc	der, D. 2000. Harmful algal b	vlooms of the southern	n Bengu Liter	rature	-		
12 L	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros concavicorr	<u> </u>		6/7/1985	Bricelj, V. M. & Lo	onsdale, D. J. 1997. Aureoco	nccus anophagefferens	v: Causes Liter	rature	-		
		Chaetoceros concavicorr	1		<u> </u>	Stockwell, D. A.,	Buskey, E. J. & Whitledge, T.	E. 1993. Studies on co	ondition Liter	rature	-		
		Chaetoceros concavicorr					F, Kang Y, Berry DL, Tang YZ, I	Lasi M, et al. 2013. Ex	pansion Liter	rature	-		
15 B		Chaetoceros concavicorr			March 2016				HAE		US-16-043		
16 B	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros concavicorr	1				reeki, M., & Alsharaby, K. 201				-		
17 B	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros concavicorr	1	er 198.			N. & Walsby, J. 1985. A bloo	nm of the planktonic α					
18 E	Bacillariophyta	Chaetoceros concavicorr			11/1/2019				HAE		CA-19-007		
			1	1	2015				HAE		CA-15-005		
< >	> ≡ Read n	me 1 - species list 2	2 -event list Quality f	fla	March 2010				HAE		CA-10-003		_
		_			2009			low n	nortality HAE		CA-09-004		
					May 2019				HAE		CA-09-003		
					10/14/2006				HAE		CA-06-001		
					2005				HAE		CA-05-001		_
					2004				HAE		CA-04-009		
					2003				HAE	DAT	CA-03-012		
					2002	·							

### **Quality flags**

0 - (zero) Unverified: The name of the record has not been checked by any authority and/or cannot be verified because no additional documentation (picture)
1 - Good: The name of the species is correct - determined to the best of the existing knowledge and possibile approaches, i.e., with:
Light Microscopy (LM) when this is sufficient, e.g., Pseudo-nitzschia multistriata, as the only sigmoid species in the genus
LM & acid frustule cleaning for diatoms, e.g., Pseudo-nitzschia galaxiae (unique ultrastructure in the genus, visible in LM in acid-cleaned frustules
LM & dinoflagellate plate staining, e.g., Alexandrium minutum, with unique tabulation and size
Electron Microscopy, e.g., many Alexandrium and Pseudo-nitzschia with unique ultrastructural fetaures
Molecular methods in case of cryptic or pseudocryptic species, which cannot be identified with optical methods (e.g., Pseudo-nitzschia delicatissima)
2 - Probable The species identification is based on available, non.sufficient tools, but is supported by the literature and previous knowledge
Based on other records for the area or complementary information there is a good probability that the identification is correct. This flag includes case
Example: chain forming Alexandrium in the south Pacific identified as A. catenella in LM or in the Mediterranean Sea identified as A. pacificum in
3 - Uncertain The species identification is based on inadequate techniques, not allowing to confirm it
Example: cryptic Pseudo-nitzschia delicatissima and P. pseudodelicatissima identified in LM, and even in TEM





### Taxonomic Reference List of Harmful Micro Algae

#### **Dissemination**

ToR 5: each year issue a summary in Harmful Algae News detailing the taxonomic changes to the Reference List,

## Harmful Algae News AN IOC NEWSLETTER ON TOXIC ALGAE AND ALGAL BLOOMS

AN IOC NEWSLETTER ON TOXIC ALGAE AND ALGAL BLOOMS

No. 77 – December 2024 · https://hab.ioc-unesco.org/



## New toxic species – and what about their names?

**News from the IOC-UNESCO Task Team on Algal Taxonomy** 

The IOC-UNESCO Taxonomic Reference List of Harmful Micro Algae (available via the *HAB Index*) is an actively maintained and comprehensive list of all microalgae known to produce toxins.

- It may serve as a starting point for assessing toxigenic microalgae.
- ◆ It provides up-to-date and accurate

to reflect that several species have been confirmed to be toxigenic (Table 1).

#### Additions to the list

(in red: recently described species, in black: species not recently described but newly identified as toxic):



#### Content

#### Feature article

New toxic species – and what about their names?
Nina Lundholm and the
Taxonomy TaskTeam ......

### High Biomass HABs, anoxia and mucilage

Akashiwo sanguinea blooms, anoxia and mass mortalities in Peru during El Niño 2023-2024 ..... 1

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#### **Dissemination**

**ToR 8**: suggest themes for round-table discussions and other activities at the **International Conference on Harmful Algae (ICHA)**; give presentation(s) at each ICHA conference, detailing recent changes in the taxonomy of harmful algal species, and in the information included in the Reference List,

**ToR 6**: invite the scientific community to contribute to keeping the Reference List updated,



#### **Collaboration**

**ToR 7**: Work in coordination with the Task Team on Biotoxins Monitoring, Management and Regulations to intercalibrate and interlink the information on toxigenic species,



#### **Identified challenges:**

Support for having an onsite task team meeting with attendance of Worms

**Next generation of taxonomists** should be trained.

Taxonomic expertise is disappearing in many parts of the world – can we maintain a reasonable number of experts on the different taxonomic groups of toxigenic microalgal species?