18th SESSION IOCARIBE



Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Sub-Commission for the Caribbean and Adjacent Regions

Subcomisión para el Caribe y Regiones Adyacentes

A WARMING OCEAN: IMPACTS AND SOLUTIONS FOR TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

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CLIMATE PREDICTIONS FOR TRINIDAD & TOBAGO FOR 2100



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Coastal Erosion/ Shoreline change





Extreme weather events/ flooding and damage to coastal infrastructure





Change in wetland community



XC

Monitoring for Reef Resilience







coral

Exposure to

Coral Reef Vulnerability

Booby Island Reef has lowest vulnerability because of high resilience/ low exposure

Flying Reef has high vulnerability because of low resilience/ high

caposure		Resilience			
		High	Med -	Med	Low
			High	-	
50				Low	
bleaching	Low	Low	Med-	Med	Med-
			Low	-Low	High
	Med -	Med-	Med-	Med	High
	Low	Low	Low	-High	
	Med -	Med-	Med-	High	High
	High	Low	High		
	High	Med-	High	High	High
		High			





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Ganase et 2023

Mass coral bleaching Tobago 2023 - 2024

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2024 MASS BLEACHING EVENT:

- Record-breaking heat stress Bleach Alert Level 5
- Between 70 80 % bleaching related impacts
- Up to 100 % bleaching impact of mountainous star, boulder brain, and great star corals
- Reporting of bleaching through the MARINE RESILIENCE NETWORK (MRN)

NEXT STEPS:

- Implementing recovery measures through the MRN
- Assessing survival
- Re-assessing target sites for restoration
- Exploring ex-situ coral rearing facilities



Reporting of widespread bleaching

Buccoo MPA 100% mortality of Staghorn

Culloden Reef Bleached, not dead

Angel Reef Fully bleached, not dead

n h ar B

Stony Coral Tissue Loss Disease in the Caribbean

- SCTLD first observed in Florida in 2014
- Highly virulent coral disease
- Exact cause unknown-bacterial assemblage/ virus and bacteria
- Spread to ~ 33 countries in the Caribbean
- ~ 190,000,000 corals lost in The Bahamas since 2019/2020
- Not yet reported in Tobago
- Grenada closest island with disease
- T&T will be the last to get SCTLD
- We can learn from the mistakes of others if we act now





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Restoring and sustaining Tobago's marine ecosystems

Project Goal

To conserve the marine biodiversity of Trinidad and Tobago's coral reefs, seagrasses and mangrove forests through restoration, conservation and stewardship





OBJECTIVE:

TO **RESTORE CORAL POPULATIONS** USING **LARVAL-BASED PROPAGATION** STRATEGIES WITHIN TOBAGO MPAS FOR THE PURPOSE OF EXPEDITING CORAL RECOVERY AND THE PRESERVATION OF REEF

Year 1:

· Building in house capacity

· Finalising partnerships (SECORE)

Year 2:

- · Restoration of NE Tobago site (one spawning event)
- 1 to 2 species

Year 3

- · Restoration of two SW Tobago sites
- 2 to 3 coral species

Year 4

- · Restoration of 1 NE and 2 SW site
- 2 to 3 coral species
- · Critically endangered Acropora species

Year 5:

- · Monitoring and maintenance
- Back up restoration year





Sargassum Forecasting

- Sentinel 2 and 3 Imagery
- Maximum Likelihood
 Analysis
- Trajectory Modelling
- Development of timeframe for forecasting
- Ground-Truthing
- Sensitization Webinar
- Citizen Science Signage on Beaches









Speyside, April 2025

Quantifying Mangrove Blue Carbon



Carbon analyser

3 D structure



Piloting a Blue Carbon Credit System in Trinidad and Tobago



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Objective:

To design a high-quality blue carbon credit scheme which aims to improve the digital mapping, Monitoring, Reporting and Verification of ecosystem services, promotes management and ownership of natural capital, and creates a practical opportunity for livelihood enhancements and revenue generation.

Main Activities

Component 1: Ecological and socio-economic assessments

Component 2: Mangrove Rehabilitation and Management Plan

Component 3: Development of Blue Carbon Credit Scheme

Component 4: Stakeholder Engagement

Other initiatives to address a warming ocean



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 \geq Implementing the Integrated Coastal Zone Management Policy

 \geq PROCARIBE+ - Developing a Marine Spatial Plan for the Gulf of Paria

 \geq Mangrove Restoration Projects

 \geq South Oropuche River Basin Project -aims to increase the resilience of the South Oropouche River Basin's population and ecosystems to flooding, sea level rise and expected increasing water deficit events

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THANK YOU MUCHAS GRACIAS MERCI BEAUCOUP