Communication & outreach

OBIS SG-13







We have a communication strategy! Dive into it here!



Communication and outreach Audiences



Website 11.5M sessions

15M page & screen views

60M event counts (Oct 24-Jul 25)

LinkedIn 3,581 followers (+78.5% from February 2025)

X 2538 followers (+3.4% from February 2025)

Instagram 225 followers (+11.4% from July 2025) **Bluesky** 180 followers (+30.4% from July 2025)

Discourse 35 users (steady)

Mastodon 24 followers (+166.7% from July 2025)





News

How OBIS Data and Model-Based Tools Can Support Marine Protected Areas

1 August 2025

World MPA Day | Marine Protected Areas | MPA Europe



Guardians of the Gulf Coast Mangroves: A diamondback terrapin turtle in the brakish waters of a coastal mangrove. Photo: Nick Conzone / Ocean Image Bank

Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) have proven highly effective in conserving, and in some cases restoring, marine biodiversity. The <u>State of the Ocean Report 2024</u>, using OBIS data, highlighted that over half of all marine species, and 72% of threatened species, have been reported in Marine Protected Areas. With just over 18,000 MPAs worldwide, and most protection concentrated in the 100 largest sites, vast swaths of the Ocean remain unprotected and vulnerable. From a scientific point of view, supporting the implementation of future MPAs is a complex challenge. It involves mobilizing comprehensive data and analysis to produce actionable, reliable foresight so decision-makers can plan effectively for the future of Crean health.

News

The OBIS and GOOS joint efforts to connect marine biodiversity data to global Ocean observation.

22 October 2025

GOOS Global Ocean Observation



Photo: The Ocean Image Bank / Jordan Robins

Understanding and protecting the Ocean requires interconnecting many observation layers across fields and disciplines. At Living Data 2025, OBIS, GOOS, MBON, and GBIF co-hosted a dedicated session exploring how integrating biological, biogeochemical, and physical observations can transform our collective capacity to observe and understand the Ocean.

Combining physical, biogeochemical, and biological observations is essential to understand, monitor, and predict changes in the Ocean. Physical and chemical variables reveal how the Ocean changes, while biological and ecological observations show what these changes concretely mean to marine life. The complex interactions between marine life and its News

From Collaboration to Coordination -Building the OBIS Network For Latin America and the Caribbean

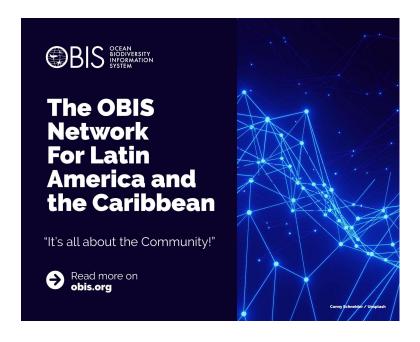
30 June 2025

actionable data community Latin America and the Carribean Policy



Comprising six of the world's megadiverse countries, the Latin America and Caribbean (LAC) region bears an enormous weight regarding biodiversity data. To develop the region's already promising contribution potential, several Spanish-speaking OBIS Nodes have teamed up to create the OBIS Network for Latin America and the Caribbean, a premiere in the OBIS Community. The idea behind the initiative is to create an operational and mobilizable regional alliance to increase collaboration between OBIS LAC Nodes, mutualize resources and skills, enhance capacity development, and amplify the region's voice within the OBIS Community. We spoke with the people powering the initiative to learn more about its purpose, priorities and objectives.





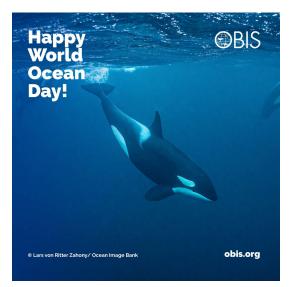


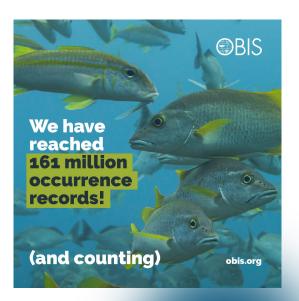






























OBIS Data Superpowers



Make your voice heard through OBIS.





obis.org



OBIS Data Superpowers



Get your daily dose of marine biodiversity data.



obis.org



OBIS Data Superpowers

Add more depth to your species records.

BIS



















Communication and outreach Improvements / what's next?



We need you. ("Talk to me!")

- More stories from the Nodes
- ANTICIPATE!
- Share with me



Communication and outreach Improvements / what's next?



Updated Comms strategy



Stakeholder mapping



Impact report



Node Comms Kit



Node-focused content for outreach



Community portraits



Communication channels reorganization





